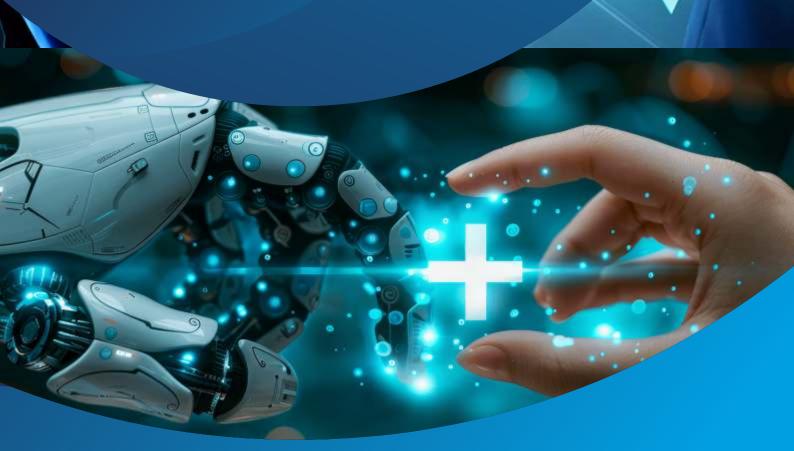


Evolving with Care. Excelling with Unity.



**Quality CARE India Limited** 



## **QUALITY CARE INDIA LIMITED**

33<sup>rd</sup> (THIRTY THIRD) ANNUAL REPORT - 2024-25

### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Varun Shadilal Khanna - Executive Director & Group Managing Director

Dr. Hari Prasad Kovelamudi - Group Chairperson & Non-Executive Director

Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa - Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms. Ekta Bahl - Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Ganesh Mani – Non-Executive Director

Ms. Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Vishal Bali - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Mahadevan Narayanamoni - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Aniket Damle - Non-Executive Director

Mr. Tejas Naphade – Non-Executive Director

Mr. Himanshu Dodeja - Non-Executive Director

#### **KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

Mr. Varun Shadilal Khanna - Group Managing Director

Mr. Vishal Maheshwari - Chief Financial Officer

Mrs. Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran - Company Secretary



#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **Audit Committee**

Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa (Non-Executive Independent Director) - Chairperson
Ms. Ekta Bahl (Non-Executive Independent Director) - Member
Mr. Tejas Naphade (Non-Executive Director) - Member

#### **Nomination and Remuneration Committee**

Mr. Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram (Non-Executive Director) - Chairperson
Ms. Ekta Bahl (Non-Executive Independent Director) - Member
Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa (Non-Executive Independent Director) - Member
Mr. Vishal Bali (Non-Executive Director) - Member

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility Committee**

Ms. Ekta Bahl (Non-Executive Independent Director) - Chairperson
Mr. Aniket Damle (Non-Executive Director) - Member
Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa (Non-Executive Independent Director) - Member

#### Clinical & Quality Group Committee (Clini-Q)

Dr. Hari Prasad Kovelamudi (Group Chairperson) – Committee Chairperson
Dr. M.I. Sahadulla (KIMSHEALTH Chairperson & Managing Director) – Committee ViceChairperson

Mr. Varun Khanna (Group Managing Director) - Member

#### **Investment Committee**

Vishal Maheshwari (GCFO) - Chairperson
Varun Khanna (Group Managing Director) – Member
Ganesh Mani (Investor nominee – BCP ASIA II Topco Pte. Ltd.) – Member
Ayshwarya Vikram (Investor nominee – BCP ASIA II Topco Pte. Ltd.) – Member
Mahadevan Narayanamoni (Investor nominee - Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited) – Member

#### **Environmental Social and Governance Committee**

Rajeev Chourey - Head of ESG/Sustainability CARE hospitals
Reshmi Aysha - Head of ESG/Sustainability KIMSHEALTH
Sajedul Islam - Head of ESG/Sustainability Evercare Bangladesh
Ritu Kumar - Investor nominee - Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited
Ayshwarya Vikram - Investor nominee - BCP ASIA II Topco Pte. Ltd.
Ekta Bahl - Independent Director



#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

6-3-248/2, Road No.1 Banjara Hills Hyderabad – 500 034

#### **CORPORATE OFFICE**

CARE Corporate Office 1st Floor, Kohinoor building, Road No 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad -500034 Telangana

#### STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Unit -2B, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Octave Block, Block E1, Parcel-4, Salarpuria Sattva Knowledge City, Raidurg, Hyderabad – 500 081 Telangana

#### **INTERNAL AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young LLP 18, iLabs Centre, Madhapur, Hyderabad – 500 081 Telangana

#### **COST AUDITORS**

M/s. Nageswara Rao & Co
Cost Accountants
H.No.30-1569/2, Plot No.35, Anantanagar Colony
Neredmet, Secunderabad.

#### **SECRETARIAL AUDITORS**

**RVR & ASSOCIATES** 

Company Secretaries

D. No #1-10-18/G1, Lakshmi Sree Park View Apartments,
Opp. Municipal Park, Ashok Nagar,
Hyderabad- 500020, Telangana

#### **BANKERS**

Union Bank of India, Banjara Hills Branch, Hyderabad Axis Bank Limited, Corporate Banking branch, Hyderabad The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, Hyderabad



#### **OUALITY CARE INDIA LIMITED**

**Regd. Office**: 6-3-248/2, Road No.1, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad-500 034; **CIN**: U85110TG1992PLC014728; **Email**:Info@carehospitals.com,

Website: www.carehospitals.com; contact no.: 040-30418888, 040-68306565, 040-68106565

#### NOTICE

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the **Thirty Third (33<sup>rd</sup>)** Annual General Meeting of the members of **QUALITY CARE INDIA LIMITED** (the Company) will be held on Wednesday, the 17<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2025 at 02.00 P.M. through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio-Visual means (OAVM) facility at the Board Room, Corporate Office, 1st Floor, Kohinoor building, Road No 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad - 500034 Telangana to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited Financial Statements i.e., Balance Sheet, the statement of Profit & Loss (including the Consolidated Financial Statements) and the Cash Flow Statement of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 and the reports of the Auditors and Board of Directors thereon.
- 2. To reappoint Mr. Himanshu Dodeja (DIN: 07624809) as a director, who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers his candidature for re-appointment.
- **3.** To reappoint Mr. Aniket Damle (DIN: 08538557) as a director, who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers his candidature for re-appointment.
- 4. To appoint M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants (FRN:008072S) as statutory auditors of the company for a period of five years and to authorize the board to fix their remuneration by passing the following resolution:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution with or without modification as an Ordinary Resolution –

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of Section 139 and 142 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification (s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells - Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 008072S) be and are hereby appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of five years starting from Financial Year 2025-26 and that they shall hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held for Financial Year 2029-30 on such remuneration as may be mutually agreed upon by the Board of Directors and the Auditors plus applicable taxes and out of pocket expenses, if any.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** Board of Directors, be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary, proper, expedient, required or incidental thereto, in this regard including but not limited to filing of requisite application/forms/ reports, etc. with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs or with such other authorities as may be required for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution."



#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

#### 5. To Ratify the Remuneration Payable to Cost Auditors:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), Cost Auditors, M/s. Nageswara Rao & Co, Cost Accountants having Firm Registration No: 000332 appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company as Cost Auditors, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the Financial year ending 31 March 2026, who shall be paid a remuneration of Rs. 1,60,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Sixty Thousand Only) Per Annum plus applicable taxes and out of pocket expenses at actual.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** Board of Directors, be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary, proper, expedient, required or incidental thereto, in this regard including but not limited to filing of requisite application/forms/ reports, etc. with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs or with such other authorities as may be required for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution."

## 6. To revise & ratify the Remuneration payable to Cost Auditors for FY 2024-25

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution with or without modification(s) as an Ordinary Resolution –

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force), as recommended by the Audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors in their meeting dated August 05, 2025, the consent of the members be and is hereby accorded for revision and ratification of remuneration of Rs. 1,60,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Sixty Thousand only) Payable to the Cost Auditors, M/s. Nageswara Rao & Co, Cost Accountants having Firm Registration No: 000332, for conducting the audit of the cost records of the Company for the Financial year ending March 31, 2025.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** Board of Directors, be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary, proper, expedient, required or incidental thereto, in this regard including but not limited to filing of requisite application/forms/ reports, etc. with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs or with such other authorities as may be required for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution."

For and on behalf of the Board of QUALITY CARE INDIA LIMITED

Place: Hyderabad, India

Date: 05.08.2025

Varun Shadilal Khanna Group Managing Director

DIN: 03584124 Email: varun.khanna@carehospitals.com



#### Notes:

- 1. The explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") relating to Special Business to be transacted at Annual General Meeting is annexed hereto.
- 2. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its General circular No. 14/2020 dated 08.04.2020, 17/2020 dated 13.04.2020, 22/2020 dated 15.06.2020, 33/2020 dated 28.09.2020 and 39/2020 dated 31.12.2020 and 10/2021 dated 23.06.2021, read with circulars No. 21/2021 dated 8.12.2021, General circular no. 2/2022 dated 05.05.2022 and General circular no. 10/2022 dated 28.12.2022 and General circular No. 09/2023 dated 25.09.2023 and General Circular number 09/2024 dated 19.09.2024 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through VC / OAVM, without the physical presence of the Members till 30th September, 2025. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and MCA Circulars and relevant circulars and other applicable provisions, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM. The proceedings of the Annual General Meeting will be deemed to be conducted at the registered office of the Company at #6-3-248/2, Road No.1, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad 500034.
- 3. The VC/OAVM facility for members to join the meeting, shall be kept open 30 minutes before the start of the AGM and shall be closed on expiry of 30 minutes after the conclusion of the AGM. Members can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM by following the instructions mentioned in this notice.
- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.
- 6. Members desiring to seek any information/clarifications on the Financial Statements are requested to write to the Company at least seven (7) days before the Annual General Meeting to enable the management to keep the information ready.
- 7. Institutional / Corporate Shareholders (i.e. other than individuals / HUF, NRI, etc.) are entitled to appoint authorized representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate there at and cast their votes. Institutional / Corporate Shareholders are requested to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of its certified true copy of Board or governing body Resolution/Authorization/Power of Attorney etc., alongwith the specimen signature of the authorized representative who is authorized to attend the AGM on its behalf and to vote pursuant to Section 113 of the Act. The said Resolution/Authorization shall be sent to the Company by email through its registered email address to cs.office@carehospitals.com
- 8. Members holding shares in physical/dematerialized mode, who have not registered/updated their email addresses with the Company are requested to register/update their email addresses



by writing to the Company along with their details and folio number at cs.office@carehospitals.com

9. Members whose email ids are already registered with the Company or with Registrar and Share transfer agent will receive the Zoom Link (for video conferencing) for attending the Annual General Meeting which is also given below; Members are requested to attend the meeting through the given link and In case any member has not received the link via email then they are requested to send a mail from their E-mail account and write to cs.office@carehospitals.com.

#### **Zoom Link:**

**Topic**: QCIL Annual General Meeting 2025 **Time**: September 17, 2025 - 02:00 P.M.

#### Join Zoom Meeting

https://us02web.zoom.us/j/85750428711?pwd=OWaNoAt3yqsts0okps63b9YM6lkCiU.1

Meeting ID: 857 5042 8711

Passcode: 714737

Find your local number: <a href="https://us02web.zoom.us/u/kbkIlFONUG">https://us02web.zoom.us/u/kbkIlFONUG</a>

#### **Instructions:**

a) Type the exact link given above in the web address bar and enter

Or

- b) i) open Google Chrome/Mozilla Firefox/Internet Explorer
  - ii) Go to join.zoom.us and type

Meeting ID: 857 5042 8711

Passcode: 714737

iii) Click Join

In case of any technical difficulties write to - <u>udaykumar.bellapu@carehospitals.com</u>; or <u>cs.office@carehospitals.com</u>;

- 10. In keeping with Ministry of Corporate Affairs' Green initiative measures, the Company hereby requests members who have not registered their email addresses so far, to register their email addresses for receiving all communication including annual report, notices, circulars, etc. from the Company electronically by writing to cs.office@carehospitals.com.
- 11. The statutory registers including register of directors and key managerial personnel and their shareholding, the register of contracts or arrangements in which directors are interested maintained under the Companies Act, 2013 and all other documents referred to in the notice will be available for inspection in electronic mode. Members who wish to inspect the register are requested to write to the company by sending e-mail to cs.office@carehospitals.com



- 12. All shareholders attending the AGM will have the option to post their comments/queries through a dedicated chat box, which will be made available.
- 13. The Annual Report of the Company including the Notice convening the AGM circulated to the members of the Company will be available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.carehospitals.com/annual-reports">https://www.carehospitals.com/annual-reports</a>
- 14. Since the AGM will be held through VC/OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.



#### **EXPLANATORY STATEMENT**

(Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act 2013)

#### Item No. 5

The Board has approved the re-appointment of the Cost Auditors, M/s. Nageswara Rao & Co. at a remuneration of Rs. 1,60,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Sixty Thousand Only) per annum plus applicable taxes and out of pocket expenses at actuals, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year ending 31 March, 2026.

In accordance with the provisions of the Section 148 of the Companies Act 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors has to be ratified by the shareholders of the Company. Accordingly, consent of the Members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the financial year ending 31 March, 2026.

None of the Directors / Key Managerial Personnel / their relatives is, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

Your Board recommends the resolution set forth in the item no. 5 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

#### Item no. 6:

The Board and shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held in September 2024, had approved the re-appointment of the Cost Auditors, M/s. Nageswara Rao & Co. at a remuneration of Rs. 1,25,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Twenty-Five Thousand Only) per annum plus applicable taxes and out of pocket expenses at actuals, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year ending 31 March 2025.

In accordance with the provisions of the Section 148 of the Companies Act 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration of INR 1,25,000/- payable to the Cost Auditors was ratified by the shareholders of the Company at the previous AGM. Accordingly, based on the recommendation of Audit committee and approval of the Board, consent of the Members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution for revision and ratification of the remuneration of INR 1,60,000/- payable to the Cost Auditors for the financial year ending 31 March 2025.

None of the Directors/Key Managerial Personnel/their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

Your Board recommends the resolution set forth in the item no. 6 of the Notice for approval of the Members.

For and on behalf of the Board QUALITY CARE INDIA LIMITED

Place: Hyderabad, India

Date: 05.08.2025

Varun Shadilal Khanna Group Managing Director

DIN: 03584124

Email: varun.khanna@carehospitals.com



## **BOARD'S REPORT**

To The Members,

On behalf of Board, We take pleasure in presenting the  $33^{rd}$  (Thirty Third) Annual Report on the business and operations of your Company along with the standalone and consolidated summary financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2025.

#### 1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS: [Rule 8(5)(i) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

(Rs. In millions)

	QCIL (CARE	E Consol)		
Particulars				
2 001 00 0000000 0	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Net Sales /Income from:				
Business Operations	12,198.05	11,363.35	39,627.33	21,205.31
Other Income	430.06	95.37	775.74	293.87
Total Income	12,628.11	11,458.72	40,403.07	21,499.18
Less: Expenditure	11,568.18	10,294.41	32,566.31	18,051.88
EBITDA	1,059.93	1,164.31	7,836.76	3,447.30
Less: Finance costs	865.75	630.16	1,268.61	828.69
Less Depreciation	752.33	658.39	2,442.59	1,206.23
Less: Impairment	-	-	31.40	
Profit/(Loss) before	(558.15)	(124.24)	4,094.16	1,412.38
exceptional items and tax				
Exceptional items	-	-	-	
Profit/(Loss) before share	(558.15)	(124.24)	4,094.16	1,412.3
of loss of a Joint venture				
Share of loss of a Joint	-	-	-	
Venture				
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(558.15)	(124.24)	4,094.16	1,412.3
Less: Current Income Tax	-	27.79	1,487.37	418.79
Less: Income tax relating to earlier periods	(4.81)	(80.44)	11.17	(73.44
Less: Deferred Tax Expense	(421.35)	892.74	(522.80)	878.62
/(Benefit)				
Profit/(loss) for the year	(131.99)	(964.33)	3,118.42	188.4
Other Comprehensive				
income:				
1. Items that will not be				
reclassified subsequently to				
profit or loss				
<ul> <li>a. Gain/(loss) on remeasurement of post-employment benefit obligations</li> </ul>	(19.93)	(8.61)	(78.49)	(28.01



7.37	21.62	2.17	5.02	2. Income tax relating to
				items that will not be
				reclassified to profit or loss
-	41.75	-	-	3. Reversal of tax on fair
				value of equity instruments
				earlier recognized in OCI
360.14	(347.51)	-	-	4. Items that will be
				reclassified subsequently to
				profit or loss
				a) Exchange differences on translation of foreign
				operations
527.91	2,755.79	(970.77)	(146.90)	Total Comprehensive
321.71	2,733.77	(570.77)	(110.50)	Income/(Loss) for the year
				Profit for the year
				attributable to:
(140.83)	2,166.02			Owners of the parent
329.24	952.41	-	_	Non-controlling interests
				Other comprehensive loss
				attributable to:
200.29	(217.13)			Owners of the parent
139.21	(145.5)	-	_	Non-controlling interests
				Total comprehensive
				income attributable to:
59.46	1,948.88			Owners of the parent
468.45	806.92	***	_	Non-controlling interests
(0.63)	5.69	(4.32)	(0.35)	Earnings per share Basic
		(4.32)	(0.35)	Earnings per share Diluted

#### 2. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS & STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

During the year under review, the income from operations of the Company increased to INR 12,198.05 Mn. compared to INR 11,363.35 Mn. in the previous year. The loss after tax for the year declined was INR 131.99 Mn. compared to the loss after tax of INR 964.33 in the previous year.

During the year under review, the consolidated revenue from operations of the Company increased to INR 39,627.33 Mn. compared to INR 21,205.31 Mn. in the previous year. Net profit after tax for the group increased to INR 3,118.42 Mn. compared to INR 188.41 Mn. in the previous year.

# 3. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS [Rule 8(5)(ii) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

During the Financial year under review, there was no change in the nature of business of the Company.



- 4. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO WHICH THIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT [Section 134 (3) (1)]
  - a. During the year under review, the following events have taken place
    - The Company made a further investment in Condis India Healthcare Private Limited on June 07, 2024, by acquiring a stake of 0.96% aggregating the total stake to 90.33%.
    - The Company made a further investment in KIMS Healthcare Management Limited (KHML) (a subsidiary of Condis India Healthcare Private Limited in which the Company holds a 90.33% stake) on June 07, 2024, by acquiring a stake of 0.42% aggregating the total stake to 23.67%. Consequently, the Company now holds an effective stake of 79.26% in KHML, which comprises both direct shareholding and indirect shareholding through Condis.
    - The Board in its meeting held on 30.05.2024 approved the issuance of 28,56,90,414 equity shares of INR 10 each aggregating to INR 285,69,04,140 in the ratio of 1:3 (i.e. for every 1 fully paid equity shares of INR 10 each 3 fully paid bonus equity shares of INR 10 each are to be issued and allotted) by way of Bonus Issue to the existing shareholders and the same was approved by the shareholders vide Special Resolution passed at their Extra-Ordinary General meeting held on June 14, 2024.
    - The authorized share capital of the Company was raised from INR 135,50,00,000/(Indian Rupees One Hundred and Thirty-Five Crores and Fifty Lakh Only) consisting of INR 132,00,00,000/- (Indian Rupees One Hundred and Thirty Two Crore Only) divided into 13,20,00,000 (Thirteen Crore Twenty Lakh) Equity Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each and INR 3,50,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Three Crore Fifty Lakh only) divided into 35,00,000 (Thirty Five Lakh) Preference Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten Only) each to INR 435,50,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Four Hundred and Thirty-Five Crores and Fifty Lakh Only) consisting of INR 432,00,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Four Hundred and Thirty Two Crores Only) divided into 43,20,00,000 (Forty Three Crore Twenty Lakh) Equity Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each and INR 3,50,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Three Crore Fifty Lakh only) divided into 35,00,000 (Thirty Five Lakh) Preference Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten Only) each and subsequently altered clause V of the Memorandum of Association vide Special resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General meeting held on 14.06.2024
    - The Company approved the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' ("Plan") ") and to create, offer, issue and allot share-based options to eligible employees under the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' ("Plan") for eligible employees of Quality Care India Limited and for eligible employees of Subsidiary (ies) of the Company and the maximum number of options to be granted to eligible employees shall not exceed 1,33,32,200 (One Crore Thirty Three Lakhs Thirty Two Thousand and Two Hundred only) employee stock options,



corresponding to 1,33,32,200 (One Crore Thirty Three Lakhs Thirty Two Thousand and Two Hundred only) equity shares of the Company. The same was approved vide Special resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General meeting held on 14.06.2024

- Allotment of 28,56,90,414 equity shares of INR 10 each aggregating to INR 285,69,04,140 in the ratio of 1:3 (i.e. for every 1 fully paid equity shares of INR 10 each 3 fully paid bonus equity shares of INR 10 each are to be issued and allotted) by way of Bonus Issue to the existing shareholders vide circular resolution passed by the Board on 02.07.2024.
- The company has constituted the following committees of the Board
  - a) Investment committee
  - b) Clinical & Quality Group Committee (Clini-Q)
  - c) Environmental Social and Governance Committee
- The Board in its meeting held on November 29, 2024, approved subject to the receipt of: (i) sanction by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Telangana Bench or such other competent authority having jurisdiction over the Company ("NCLT"), as may be applicable; (ii) shareholders and / the creditors of the Company, as may be directed by NCLT; (iii) BSE Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (together the "Stock Exchanges"); (iv) Securities and Exchange Board of India; (v) Competition Commission of India, and any other regulatory approvals, consents, permissions, sanctions, exemptions, as may be required under applicable laws, regulations, guidelines, the draft scheme of amalgamation involving the Company and Aster DM Healthcare Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors ("Scheme") providing inter alia for the following:
  - a) Amalgamation by way of merger by absorption of the Company with and into Aster DM Healthcare Limited in accordance with Section 230 to 232 of the Act, Section 2(1B) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 ("IT Act") and other applicable laws;
  - b) Issue and allotment of the Consideration Shares (as defined in the Scheme) by Aster DM Healthcare Limited to all the Eligible Shareholders (as defined in the Scheme) at the Share Exchange Ratio (as defined in the Scheme);
  - c) Transfer of the authorized share capital of the Company to Aster DM Healthcare Limited;
  - d) Dissolution of the Company without being wound up
- The Board further approved the following Share Exchange Ratio (defined below) in respect of the proposed merger-
  - "Share Exchange Ratio" means for every 1,000 (one thousand) Transferor Company Shares (as defined in the Scheme), 977 (nine hundred seventy seven) Transferee Company Shares (as defined in the Scheme) to be issued to the shareholders of the Transferor Company (as defined in the Scheme) as of the Record



Date (as defined in the Scheme), as determined by the Valuation Reports (as defined in the Scheme) and the Fairness Opinions (as defined in the Scheme)

• The Company has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary (WOS), named "Culinary Cure Foods Private Limited" by investing a sum of INR 2,00,00,000/- for 20,00,000 equity shares of INR 10/- each.

#### 5. DIVIDEND [Section 134 (3) (k)]

The Board of Directors of your Company has not recommended any dividend for the Equity shareholders for the financial year 2024-25. The current year profits are ploughed back for expansion plans of the Company.

## 6. TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

The provisions of Section 125(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 does not apply as there was no dividend declared and paid in the previous Financial Year 2023-24.

#### 7. TRANSFER TO RESERVES [Section 134 (3) (j)]

The details of the amount transferred to the reserves and surplus is detailed in Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2025 and Note No 4.13(b) of the financial statements enclosed herewith.

# 8. DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY/JOINT VENTURES/ASSOCIATE COMPANIES [Rule 8(5)(iv) of Companies Accounts) Rules, 2014]

The Company has Nine (9) subsidiaries and One (1) Joint venture company as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 the details of which are given below-

S. No.	Name of the Company	% of shareholding held by QCIL	Subsidiary/ Associate/Joint venture
1.	Ganga Care Hospital Limited	74.13	Subsidiary
2.	Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited	56.33	Subsidiary
3.	Convenient Hospitals Limited	100	Subsidiary
4.	United CIIGMA Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	100	Subsidiary
5.	Quality Care Jharsuguda Private Limited	100	Subsidiary
6.	Condis India Healthcare Private Limited	89.37	Subsidiary
7.	Chemistry Intermediate Holdings Limited	100	Subsidiary
8.	KIMS Healthcare Management Limited	23.25	Subsidiary
9.	Culinary Cure Foods Private Limited	100	Subsidiary
10.	Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited	50	Joint Venture

There has been no material change in the nature of the business of the subsidiaries.

During the year under review, the Company made a further investment in Condis India Healthcare Private Limited on June 07, 2024, by acquiring a stake of 0.96% aggregating the total stake to 90.33%.



During the year under review, the Company made a further investment in KIMS Healthcare Management Limited (KHML) (a subsidiary of Condis India Healthcare Private Limited in which the Company holds a 90.33% stake) on June 07, 2024, by acquiring a stake of 0.42% aggregating the total stake to 23.67%. Consequently, the Company now holds an effective stake of 79.26% in KHML, which comprises both direct shareholding and indirect shareholding through Condis.

During the year under review, the Company has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary (WOS), named "Culinary Cure Foods Private Limited" by investing a sum of INR 2,00,00,000/- for 20,00,000 equity shares of INR 10/- each

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 (3) of the Companies Act 2013, a statement containing the salient features of the subsidiaries and associates companies in Form No. AOC-1 is attached to the financial statements of the Company as **Annexure-I** 

#### 9. DETAILS RELATING TO DEPOSITS [Rule 8(5) (v) of Companies Accounts) Rules, 2014]

The Company has not accepted/renewed any deposits during the financial year 2024-25. Details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the act –

- a. Accepted during the year; NIL
- b. Remained unpaid or unclaimed as at the end of the year; NIL
- c. Whether there has been any default in repayment of deposits or payment of interest thereon during the year and if so, number of such cases and the total amount involved- None
- i. At the beginning of the year; NA
- ii. Maximum during the year; NA
- iii. At the end of the year; NA

There are no deposits which are not in compliance with the requirements of Chapter V of the Act;

#### 10. SHARE CAPITAL

The Authorised Share Capital as on 31st March 2025 was INR 435,50,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Four Hundred and Thirty-Five Crores and Fifty Lakh Only) consisting of INR 432,00,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Four Hundred and Thirty Two Crores Only) divided into 43,20,00,000 (Forty Three Crore Twenty Lakh) Equity Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each and INR 3,50,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Three Crore Fifty Lakh only) divided into 35,00,000 (Thirty Five Lakh) Preference Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten Only) each.

During the year under review, the Company has not issued shares with differential voting rights.

During the year under review, the company has undertaken the following transactions.

Buy Back of Securities	Sweat Equity	Bonus Shares	<b>Employees Stock Option</b>
	Shares	allotted	granted
Nil	Nil	28,56,90,414	84,37,550

During the year under review, the following events have taken place –

• Issuance of Bonus shares - The Board in its meeting held on 30.05.2024 approved the issuance of 28,56,90,414 equity shares of INR 10 each aggregating to INR 285,69,04,140 in the ratio of 1:3 (i.e. for every 1 fully paid equity shares of INR 10 each 3 fully paid bonus equity shares of INR 10 each are to be issued and allotted) by way of Bonus Issue to the existing shareholders and the same was approved by the



shareholders vide Special Resolution passed at their Extra-Ordinary General meeting held on June 14, 2024.

- Increase in Authorized share capital The authorized share capital of the Company was raised from INR 135,50,00,000/- (Indian Rupees One Hundred and Thirty-Five Crores and Fifty Lakh Only) consisting of INR 132,00,00,000/- (Indian Rupees One Hundred and Thirty Two Crore Only) divided into 13,20,00,000 (Thirteen Crore Twenty Lakh) Equity Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each and INR 3,50,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Three Crore Fifty Lakh only) divided into 35,00,000 (Thirty Five Lakh) Preference Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten Only) each to INR 435,50,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Four Hundred and Thirty-Five Crores and Fifty Lakh Only) consisting of INR 432,00,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Four Hundred and Thirty Two Crores Only) divided into 43,20,00,000 (Forty Three Crore Twenty Lakh) Equity Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten only) each and INR 3,50,00,000/- (Indian Rupees Three Crore Fifty Lakh only) divided into 35,00,000 (Thirty Five Lakh) Preference Shares of INR 10/- (Indian Rupees Ten Only) each and subsequently altered clause V of the Memorandum of Association vide Special resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General meeting held on 14.06.2024
- Approval of ESOP Plan The Company approved the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' ("Plan") ") and to create, offer, issue and allot share-based options to eligible employees under the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' ("Plan") for eligible employees of Quality Care India Limited and for eligible employees of Subsidiary (ies) of the Company and the maximum number of options to be granted to eligible employees shall not exceed 1,33,32,200 (One Crore Thirty Three Lakhs Thirty Two Thousand and Two Hundred only) employee stock options, corresponding to 1,33,32,200 (One Crore Thirty Three Lakhs Thirty Two Thousand and Two Hundred only) equity shares of the Company. The same was approved vide Special resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General meeting held on 14.06.2024
- Allotment of Bonus shares Allotment of 28,56,90,414 equity shares of INR 10 each aggregating to INR 285,69,04,140 in the ratio of 1:3 (i.e. for every 1 fully paid equity shares of INR 10 each 3 fully paid bonus equity shares of INR 10 each are to be issued and allotted) by way of Bonus Issue to the existing shareholders vide circular resolution passed by the Board on 02.07.2024.
- **Grants of ESOP's** During the year under review, 84,37,550 ESOP's were granted to eligible employees pursuant to the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' ("Plan").

#### 11. DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT [Section 134(3) (c) and 134(5)]:

In accordance with the provisions of 134(3)(c) and Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, the Board of Directors, to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirms that -



- i. In the preparation of the annual accounts for the Financial year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025, the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures
- ii. They have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profits of the Company for that period;
- iii. They have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act and for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv. They have prepared the annual accounts on a "Going Concern" basis;
- v. They have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively;
- vi. They have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

## 12. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL [Rule 8(5)(iii) of Companies Accounts) Rules, 2014]:

#### **DIRECTORS:**

In accordance with the provisions of Articles of Association Mr. Himanshu Dodeja (DIN: 07624809) and Mr. Aniket Damle (DIN: 08538557), Directors are liable to retire by rotation and being eligible offers themselves for reappointment.

# During the year under review, the following changes have taken place on the Board of the Company –

- i. During the FY 2023-24, and in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 & 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, Dr. Hari Prasad Kovelamudi (DIN: 02559343) was appointed as Non-Executive Additional Director & Chairperson of the Board with effect from 04.04.2024 and on subsequent approval from the members of the Company at their Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 12.03.2024, he was appointed as Director of the Company.
- ii. During the FY 2023-24, and in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Varun Shadilal Khanna (DIN: 03584124) was appointed as Additional Director & Managing Director of the Company for a period of 5 years effective from 10.04.2024 to 10.04.2029. His appointment as Managing Director was ratified by the members at their Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 12.03.2024.
- iii. During the year under review, the tenure of Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa (DIN: 00056826) as Non-Executive Independent Director was completed on June 20, 2024, and hence his office as Independent Director had got vacated, subsequent to the approval of Shareholders at their extra-ordinary general meeting held on July 19, 2024, he was re-appointed as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company for a period of 3 years from July 23, 2024 up to July 22, 2027.



- iv. During the year under review, Ms. Ekta Bahl (DIN: 01437166), who was appointed as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company by the members for a term up to December 16, 2024, being eligible, was re-appointed for a second term subsequent to the approval of Shareholders at their extra-ordinary general meeting held on February 13, 2025, as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company, with effect from December 17, 2024 up to December 16, 2027.
- v. During the year under review, Mr. Jasdeep Singh (DIN: 02705303) resigned as a Director of the Company with effect from March 31, 2025.

#### **KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL's (KMP's):**

During the year under review and in accordance with the provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, the following changes in the Key Managerial personnel's have taken place-

- i. Appointment of Mr. Varun Shadilal Khanna (DIN: 03584124) as Managing Director of the Company for a period of 5 years effective from 10.04.2024 to 10.04.2029.
- ii. Appointment of Mr. Deepak Khanna as Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from 30.05.2024.
- iii. Resignation of Mr. Deepak Khanna as Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from 27.11.2024
- iv. Appointment of Mr. Vishal Maheshwari as Chief Financial Officer of the Company with effect from 27.11.2024
- v. Resignation of Mr. Jasdeep Singh as Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 31.03.2025.

The performance of KMP is evaluated annually by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC).

The details pertaining to the Board Committees viz Composition, meeting dates and the Policy (if any) are covered separately in the Corporate Governance Report attached to this report as **Annexure V**.

#### 13. NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS: [Section 134(3)(b)]:

A total of Nine (9) Board Meetings were held during the Financial Year 2024-25. The details of the said meetings of the Board are placed in the Corporate Governance report, which is forming part of this report.

# 14. STATEMENT ON DECLARATION GIVEN BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS UNDER SECTION 149(6) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 [Section 134 (3) (d) & 149(6)]

Your Company has received declarations from all independent directors of the Company confirming that they meet with the criteria of independence as prescribed under sub-section 6 of section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013. The independent Directors have duly complied with the code for Independent Directors prescribed in Schedule IV to the Act.



In the opinion of the Board, all Independent Directors possess requisite qualifications, experience, expertise and hold high standards of integrity required to discharge their duties with an objective independent judgment and without any external influence.

15. STATEMENT REGARDING OPINION OF THE BOARD WITH REGARD TO INTEGRITY, EXPERTISE AND EXPERIENCE (INCLUDING THE PROFICIENCY) OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS APPOINTED DURING THE YEAR. [Rule 8(5)(iiia) of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014].

The Company has 2 Independent Directors, Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa and Ms. Ekta Bahl and in the opinion of the Board, both of them possess requisite expertise, integrity and experience (including proficiency).

16. COMPANY'S POLICY ON DIRECTOR'S APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION INCLUDING CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING QUALIFICATIONS, POSITIVE ATTRIBUTES, INDEPENDENCE OF A DIRECTOR AND OTHER MATTERS UNDER SECTION 178 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 [Section 134(3)(e) and 178 (3)]

Your Company has a duly constituted Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) which is a sub-committee of the Board. Your company has put in place the relevant framework and a Nomination & Remuneration Policy as required under section 178 of the Companies Act 2013. The NRC policy is given in the Corporate Governance report which is annexed to this report.

17. MECHANISM FOR EVALUATION OF BOARD [Rule 8(4) of Companies Accounts) Rules, 2014]:

In terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules issued there under, formal Annual Performance process has been carried out for evaluating the performance of the Board as a whole, the Committees of the Board, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors, Managing Directors and Chairperson of the Board.

The Nomination of Remuneration Committee ("NRC") have laid down the manner in which formal annual evaluation of the performance of the Board, it's committees and individual directors is required to be made.

#### **Board Evaluation Criteria**

Feedback was sought based on the evaluation criteria approved by the NRC for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors. The criteria for performance evaluation include the following:

- The Board Structure, composition of the Board, Board meeting schedule, agenda and collaterals, Board meeting practices and overall effectiveness of the Board.
- **Board committees** Composition, their role and responsibilities, information flow and effectiveness of the meetings, recommendations to the Board, effectiveness of committee chairpersons, etc.
- **Individual Director** Attendance at the meetings, preparedness for discussion, quality of contribution, Leadership initiatives and adherence to ethical standards.
- The Chairman & MD Leadership of the Board, promoting effective participation of all Board members in the decision-making process, etc.



• Independent Directors – Independence from the Company, exercising independent judgement, interpersonal relations with other directors and management, Objective evaluation of Board's performance, rendering independent, unbiased opinion.

The Board and the NRC regularly reviews the progress on the above-mentioned criteria. The evaluation report was also discussed at the meeting of the Board of Directors, committees and the Independent Directors.

The Directors were satisfied with the Company's standard of governance, its transparency, meeting practices and overall Board effectiveness.

# 18. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY, STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 135[Rule 8(1) of Companies (CSR Policy) Rules, 2014 read with Rule 9 of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014:

The Company was required to spend CSR amount in FY 2024-25 and the Company is committed to taking up Corporate Social Responsibility activities. The Company constituted Corporate Social Responsibility Committee as required under the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Corporate Social Responsibility Report including brief details of CSR Policy is enclosed to this Board report as **Annexure III.** 

## 19. PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE AND GUARANTEES GIVEN AND SECURITIES PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 186[Section 134(3)(g)]:

Particulars of loans given, investments made, guarantees given and securities provided along with the purpose for which the loan or guarantee or security is proposed to be utilized by the recipient are provided in the standalone financial statements. Please refer to the standalone financials.

# 20. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS MADE WITH RELATED PARTIES PURSUANT TO SECTION 188 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2013 [Section 134(3)(h)].:

During the year under review, the company entered only into related party transactions which were in the ordinary course of business

The particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Act, as prescribed in Form AOC-2 of the rules prescribed under Chapter IX relating to The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is enclosed to this report as **Annexure II**.

# 21. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES RULES 5(2) AND 5(3) OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

The provisions as envisaged under Section 197(2) read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is not applicable to your Company. Hence the disclosure with reference to the particulars of employee is not attached to this report.

#### 22. COPY OF ANNUAL RETURN [Section 134(3)(a)]

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Act, the Annual Return of the Company in Form MGT-7 for FY 2024-25, is available on the Company's website at



https://www.carehospitals.com/annual-reports

#### 23. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY [Section 134(3)(n)]

The Company has adequate internal financial control system in place which operates effectively. Risks are re-viewed from time to time and controls are put in place with specific responsibility of the concerned officer of the company. According to the Directors of your Company, elements of risks that threaten the existence of your Company are very minimal.

### 24. 'QUALITY CARE INDIA LIMITED EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLAN' ("PLAN") ")

During the year under review, the Company has approved the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' ("Plan") ") and to create, offer, issue and allot share-based options to eligible employees under the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' ("Plan") for eligible employees of Quality Care India Limited and for eligible employees of Subsidiary (ies) of the Company and the maximum number of options to be granted to eligible employees shall not exceed 1,33,32,200 (One Crore Thirty Three Lakhs Thirty Two Thousand and Two Hundred only) employee stock options, corresponding to 1,33,32,200 (One Crore Thirty Three Lakhs Thirty Two Thousand and Two Hundred only) equity shares of the Company. The same was approved vide Special resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General meeting held on 14.06.2024.

Disclosures as per rule 12(9) of (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 of Companies Act,2013 are as follows:

S. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Options granted	84,37,550
2.	Options vested	0
3.	Options exercised	0
4.	The total number of shares arising as a result of exercise of option	0
5.	Options lapsed (Resigned employees)	2,88,580
6.	The exercise price	NA
7.	Variation of terms of options	NA
8.	Money realized by exercise of options	NA
9.	total number of options in force	81,48,970
10.	employee wise details of options granted to:  • key managerial personnel • any other employee who receives a grant of options in any one year of option amounting to five percent or more of options granted during that year • identified employees who were granted option, during any one	61,01,900 -No-
	year, equal to or exceeding one percent of the issued capital	-No-



(excluding outstanding warrants and conversions) of the company at	
the time of grant	

## 25. EXPLANATIONS OR COMMENTS BY THE BOARD ON EVERY QUALIFICATION, RESERVATION OR ADVERSE REMARK OR DISCLAIMER MADE. [Section 134(3)(F)]:

#### 25.1. STATUTORY AUDITORS

Members at their Twenty Eighth Annual General Meeting held on 24<sup>th</sup> September, 2020 appointed M/s. Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP (FRN: 012754N/N500016), as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 years till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2025.

The Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, after due deliberation and discussion, have decided not to recommend the re-appointment of M/s. Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP as Statutory Auditors. Instead, they have recommended the appointment of M/s. Deloitte Haskins & Sells - Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 008072S) as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 financial years starting from FY 2025-26 to FY 2029-30 until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2030.

The above proposal forms part of the Notice of the AGM for your approval.

#### REPLY TO COMMENTS IN AUDITORS' REPORT

As required to be stated under section 134 (3)(f) of the Act, there are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks made by the Auditors in their independent auditor's report. The auditors' report and notes to accounts forming part of financial statements are self-explanatory and do not call for further explanation.

The Report given by the Auditors on the financial statements of the Company is part of the Annual Report

#### 25.2. SECRETARIAL AUDIT

The Board has appointed M/s RVR & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries for conducting the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial year 2024-25 in accordance with the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks in the Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year 2024-25. The Secretarial Auditor's report is annexed as **Annexure IV** and is a part of this report.

#### 25.3. COST AUDIT

Pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, Company has appointed M/s. Nageswara Rao & Co, Cost Accountants as the Cost auditors for the Company for conducting the cost audit for the Financial Year 2024-25.



The remuneration of the Cost Auditor as recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors is required to be ratified subsequently by the Shareholders. Hence the resolution at Item no. 4 of the Notice of the Annual General Meeting (AGM) is recommended by the Board for members approval.

# DISCLOSURE, AS TO WHETHER MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS [RULE 8(5)(ix) of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014].

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148(1) of the Act, read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the Company has maintained cost records.

#### 25.4. INTERNAL AUDIT [RULE 13 of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014].

The internal audit function is adequately resourced commensurate with the operations of the Company. The provisions of section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 13 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 regarding appointment of internal auditor are applicable to the Company and as per the provisions the Board has appointed M/s. EY LLP, Chartered Accountants as Internal Auditors of the Company for conducting the internal audit for the financial year 2024-25.

#### 26. DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FRAUDS REPORTED BY AUDITORS UNDER SUB-SECTION (12) OF SECTION 143 OTHER THAN THOSE WHICH ARE REPORTABLE TO THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT [Section 134(3)(ca)];

During the year under review, the statutory auditors have not reported any instances of fraud by its officers or employees against the Company to the Audit Committee, the details of which would need to be mentioned in the Board's report as required under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

# 27. ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS [Rule (5)(viii) of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014]

The Company has well established policies and procedures for internal financial controls commensurate with its size and operations to safeguard and ensure prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets. All the transactions are properly authorized, recorded and reported to the Management. The Company is following generally accepted accounting principles and Ind Accounting Standards for properly maintaining the books of accounts and reporting financial statements.

The Company continues to ensure proper and adequate systems and procedures commensurate with its size and nature of its business.

## 28. VIGIL MECHANISM [Rule 7 of Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rule, 2014]

Pursuant to section 177 (9) of Companies Act, 2013, the company formulated Whistle Blower Policy.

The Whistle Blower Policy/ Vigil Mechanism provides a mechanism for the director/employee to report violations without fear of victimisation of any unethical behaviour, suspected or actual fraud



etc. which are detrimental to the organisation's interest. The mechanism protects whistle blower from any kind of discrimination, harassment, victimisation or any other unfair employment practice.

The Directors and employees in appropriate or exceptional cases will have direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee

#### 29. SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Company has complied with the applicable secretarial standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Board Meetings and General Meetings respectively.

30. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE [Rule 8(5)(vii) of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014]

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

31. THE DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 DURING THE YEAR ALONGWITH THEIR STATUS AS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR [Rule 8(5)(xi) of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014].

There are no pending cases against the company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

32. INFORMATION REQUIRED UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION & REDRESSA) ACT, 2013 AND THE RULES MADE THEREUNDER [Rule 8(5)(x) of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014].

The Company has adopted a policy with the name "Policy on Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment". The policy is applicable to all the employees of the organization, which includes corporate office, Units etc.

An Internal Committee has also been set up to redress complaints received on sexual harassment as required under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013.

Pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder the information required to be disclosed under the provisions of the said Act are as follows:

S. No	Particulars	
(a)	number of complaints received during FY 2024-25	07
(b)	number of complaints disposed of during the FY 2024-25	07



(c)	number of cases pending for more than ninety days	0

## 33. MATERNITY BENEFIT [Rule 8(5)(xiii) of Companies (Account) Rules, 2014]

The Company affirms that it has duly complied with all provisions of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, and has extended all statutory benefits to eligible women employees during the year.

34. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO [Section 134(3)(m)] with Rule 8(3)(A),(B)&(C) of Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014].

The particulars relating to Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo are as follows:

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:				
1. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy.	The company is making efforts to conserve energy through periodic monitoring and analysis of energy consumption.			
	The Company has taken appropriate steps to reduce the consumption through timely maintenance/installation/upgradation of all the energy consuming areas/equipment.			
2. The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy	The company has successfully implemented several energy conservation measures and is also working on renewable energy options like			
	Solar Energy, where, an approximate of 1.7 million units is being generated via solar farms and retrofit annually. Additionally, 270 kW of Solar PV is in progress.			
3. The Capital investment on energy conservation equipment's	Heat Pumps, where the conservation initiatives has resulted in migration from traditional hot water generators using diesel fuel / conventional Geysers to Heat pump technology thus saving fossil fuel and hot water generation cost.			
	Energy Efficient Air Conditioning Solutions like chillers, pumps and other associated measures have been implemented to optimize the energy savings and improve the patient service along with the ambience.			
	LED Lights, all hospitals units have upgraded to LED lightings from conventional lighting systems.			



	Water Conservation & Management, as part of our water conservation efforts we have upgraded and refurbished the STP & RO systems across the group. A company wide digital water monitoring system are being deployed.
	Building Management System, IoT based building management system is being deployed.
	The above measures have contributed to a carbon reduction due to renewables 4042 Ton Co2 eq.
	All efforts have been taken in order to maintain the equipment in optimum working condition to increase the life span and to decrease the energy consumption without compromising the safety and comfort of patients and customers.
	The company has received several accolades across its various units like
	ECBC – Bronze Award, Green OT – Platinum Certification, Regional Sustainability Award Digital NABH Accreditation – Silver Level. Fastest Decarbonising Chain of Hospitals CAHO sustainability Award Sustainability Initiative of Year Award Surya Con Award Quality & Sustainability Award
B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:	
The Efforts made towards technology absorption     The Benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product	The company continuously makes efforts towards sourcing medical & other equipment from vendors who adopt the latest state of art technology in their products/services.
development or import substitution 3. Details of technology imported during the past 3 years	This endeavor ensures that the company always benefits in terms of cost reduction and improving efficiencies.
4. The expenditure incurred on Research and Development	Further no technology was imported by the Company during the year under review.
C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNIN	GS AND OUT GO
Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows	INR 31,34,108.45/-
Foreign Exchange outgo in terms of actual outflows	INR 5,04,64,383.42/-



#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:**

Your Directors take this opportunity to thank the customers, shareholders, suppliers, bankers, business partners/associates, financial institutions and Central and State Governments for their consistent support and encouragement to the Company. The Board places on record its deep appreciation to all employees for their hard work, dedication and commitment. The enthusiasm and unstinting efforts of the employees have enabled the Company to remain an industry leader.

For and on behalf of the Board of Quality Care India Limited

Varun Shadilal Khanna Managing Director DIN: 03584124

Date: 05.08.2025 Place: Hyderabad, India Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram Director DIN: 08153649

Aphroany

Date: 05.08.2025 Place: Mumbai, India



#### ANNEXURE I

#### Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

#### Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Rs.)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Details						
1.	Name of the subsidiary	Ganga Care Hospital Limited	Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited	Convenient Hospitals Limited	United CHGMA Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	Quality Care Jharsuguda Private Limited	Heartcare Institute and Research Centre (Indore) Pvt. Ltd.	
2.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	01/04/2024 To 31/03/2025	01/04/2024 To 31/03/2025	01/04/2024 To 31/03/2025	01/04/2024 To 31/03/2025	01/04/2024 To 31/03/2025	01/04/2024 To 31/03/2025	
3.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	INR (Mn)	INR (Mn)	INR (Mn)	INR (Mn)	INR (Mn)	INR (Mn)	
4.	Share capital	118.63	14.98	94.49	513.67	0.10	125.10	
5.	Reserves & surplus	500.44	2,045.46	1,228.12	1,533.99	(0.11)	286.38	
6.	Total assets	785.38	2,704.96	1,626.71	3,048.98	0.04	478.04	
7.	Total Liabilities	785.38	2,704.96	1,626.71	3,048.98	0.04	478.04	
8.	Investments	6.92	0	231.10	486.26	0	0	
9.	Turnover	538.87	3,134.06	1,991.37	1,440.63	0	84.12	
10.	Profit before taxation	80.14	885.68	379.82	39.61	0	11.18	
11.	Provision for taxation	20.72	243.13	105.71	32.07	0	(0.38)	
12.	Profit after taxation	59.42	642.55	274.11	7.54	0	11.56	
13.	Proposed Dividend	0	0	0	0	0	0	
14.	% of shareholding	74.13	56.33	100	76	100	100	



Sl. No.	Particulars				Details		
1.	Name of the subsidiary	CIIGMA Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	United CIIGMA Hospitals Healthcare Private Limited	Condis India Healthcare Private Limited	KIMS Health Care Management Limited (KHML)	Chemistry Intermediate Holdings Limited	STS Holdings Limited
2.	Reporting period	01/04/2024	01/04/2024	01/04/2024	01/04/2024	01/04/2024	01/04/2024
	for the subsidiary	То	То	To	Т	Τ.	700
	concerned, if different from the	10	10	10	То	То	То
	holding company's	31/03/2025	31/03/2025	31/03/2025	31/03/2025	31/03/2025	31/03/2025
3.	reporting period Reporting	INR (Mn)	INR (Mn)	INR (Mn)	INR (Mn)	USD	BDT
٥,	currency and	II (IVIII)	II (IVIII)	IIVIC (IVIII)	IIVIC (IVIII)	บรม	BDI
	Exchange rate as					85.52 (RBI	
	on the last date of					rate as of 25	
	the relevant					Mar 25)	
	Financial year in						
	the case of						
	foreign						
	subsidiaries						
4.	Share capital	10.00	133.60	74.50	1038.92	128,063,405	1,599,849,570
5.	Reserves & surplus	10.29	(188.71)	2787.88	10765.78	(48,031,671)	5,496,623,915
6.	Total assets	40.81	526.40	188.32	10,260.04	95,777,658	18,307,669,069
7.	Total Liabilities	40.81	526.40	110.54	1,864.12	15,745,924	3,688,083,477
8.	Investments	0	0	2784.60	3,408.78	76,748,300	5,992,808,810
9.	Turnover	45.45	14.40	55.92	9,587.86	Nil	8,989,906,878
10.	Profit/(loss) before taxation	(3.18)	(38.12)	-33.84	2,607.45	(13,311,980)	1,822,727,945
11.	Provision for taxation	(0.81)	(4.07)	0	594.57	Nil	636,215,703
12.	Profit/(loss) after taxation	(2.37)	(34.05)	-33.84	2,012.88	(13,311,980)	1,186,512,242
13.	Proposed Dividends	0	0	NIL	NIL	N/A	6.25%
14.	% of shareholding	76	76	90.33%	*79.26%	100	100

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations Quality Care Jharsuguda Private Limited
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year **None.**

In the previous year, the Company has disinvested its 76% stake in Galaxy Care Multispeciality Hospital Private Limited and it is no longer a subsidiary of the Company w.e.f. April 27, 2023.

<sup>\*</sup>The shareholding % of 79.26 in KHML is inclusive of the direct and indirect shareholding through condis on a fully diluted basis.



#### Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

Name of associates/Joint Ventures	Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited (Joint Venture)				
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31-March-2025				
2. Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	5000				
Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	50,000				
Extend of Holding%	50%				
3. Description of how there is significant influence	Control over composition of Board				
Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	Operations of the company not yet started				
5. Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Not Applicable				
6. Profit/Loss for the year	Not Applicable				
i. Considered in Consolidation					
ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	NIL				

- 1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations.- Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited
- 2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year.- None

Note: This Form is to be certified in the same manner in which the Balance Sheet is to be certified

For and on behalf of the Board of Quality Care India Limited

Varun Shadilal Khanna Managing Director

DIN: 03584124

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram

Director

DIN: 08153649

Date: 05.08.2025 Place: Hyderabad, India Date: 05.08.2025 Place: Mumbai, India



#### **ANNEXURE II**

#### Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto

### 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

There are no contracts or arrangements or transactions which were not on arm's length basis

## 2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

S. No	Description	Details of the Contracts					
	RPT no.	(1)	(2)				
i	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationships	Name: Chemistry Intermediate Holdings Limited (CIHL) Relationship: Wholly owned subsidiary	Name: United CIIGMA Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited (UCIMSPL) Relationship: Subsidiary Company				
ii	Nature of contracts/arrangem ents/transactions	Availing of Services (Payment of IQEQ invoices against administrative and company secretarial services availed by CIHL for FY 2024-25)	Sale of goods Supply of pharmacy materials				
iii	Duration of the contracts / arrangements/trans actions	FY 2024-25	One-time transaction				
iv	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	As per Service Agreement dated 12 February 2024 between Chemistry Intermediate Holdings Limited ("CIHL") and IQ EQ Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd ("IQEQ" or "you") (the "Service Agreement") pursuant to which CIHL appointed IQEQ for the provision of certain administrative and company secretarial services.  QCIL has paid a fee of USD 12,400 to IQEQ for FY 2024-25 pursuant to the Service Agreement.  FY 2024-25 USD 12,400 INR 10,85,372/-	UCIMSPL has purchased pharmacy materials from QCIL worth INR 9,081/-				



V	Date(s) of approval	March 12, 2025 (vide circular	Covered under omnibus approval
	by the Board, if any	resolution)	granted by the Board at their meeting
			held on July 23, 2024.
vi	Amount paid as	Nil	Nil
	advances, if any		

For and on behalf of the Board of Quality Care India Limited

Varun Shadtlal Khanna Managing Director

DIN: 03584124

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram

Director DIN: 08153649

Date: 05.08.2025 Place: Hyderabad, India Date: 05.08.2025 Place: Mumbai, India



#### ANNEXURE III

## ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES TO BE INCLUDED IN THE BOARD'S REPORT FOR FINANCIALYEAR 2024-25

1. **Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:** Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is the Company's commitment to its stakeholders to conduct business in an economically, socially and environmentally sustainable manner that is transparent and ethical.

The Company is committed to undertake CSR activities in accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant Rules.

The Company believes that corporate development has to be inclusive and every corporate has to be responsible for the development of a just and humane society that can build a national enterprise. The Company commits itself to contribute to the society in ways possible for the organization

#### **AIMS & OBJECTIVES**

- To develop a long-term vision and strategy for Company's CSR objectives (Long term and otherwise)
- Establish relevance of potential CSR activities to Company's core business and create an overview of activities to be undertaken, in line with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Company shall promote projects that are:
  - (a) Sustainable and create an impact both long term and otherwise;
  - (b) Have specific and measurable goals in alignment with Company's philosophy;
  - (c) Address the most deserving cause or beneficiaries.
- To establish process and mechanism for the implementation and monitoring of the CSR activities for Company.

#### 2. Composition of CSR Committee:

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation Nature of Directorship		Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Ms. Ekta Bahl	Chairperson/Non- Executive Independent Director	1	1
2	Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa	Member/Non- Executive Independent Director	1	1



3	Mr. Aniket Damle	Member/Non-	1	1
		Executive Director		

- 3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the company. <a href="https://www.carehospitals.com/policies">https://www.carehospitals.com/policies</a>
- 4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report). **Not applicable**
- 5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any -

Sl. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in Rs.)	Amount required to be set- off for the financial year, if any (in Rs.)		
1	FY 2023-24	13,806.56	13,806.56		
2					
3					
	TOTAL	13,806.56	13,806.56		

- 6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5) Rs. 88,62,89,672-
- 7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5) Rs. 1,77,25,793/-
  - (b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years. Nil
  - (c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any Rs. 13,806.56/-
  - (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c) Rs. 1,77,11,987/-
- 8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)									
Spent for the Financial Year (in Rs.)		nt transferred to Account as per	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per secon proviso to section 135(5).							
	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.					
Rs. 1,77,15,000/-	NA	NA	Nil	Nil	Nil					

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year: Nil



(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		(11)
SI. No		Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	area	the		duratio n.	allocate d for the project (in Rs.).	t spent in the current financi al Year (in Rs.).	d to Unspent CSR Account	Mode of Implementati on - Direct (Yes/No).	Impl Imp Imp	Through lementing Agency
1,												
2.												
3.												
	Total											

## (c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/ No).	Location of	the project.	Amount spent for the project (in Rs.).	Mode of implement ation - Direct	Mode of Through imp	implementation - plementing agency.
			(Yes/No)	Name.	CSR registration number.				
1.	Jagathi Foundation – AP & TS Flood Relief	(xii) disaster management, including relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction activities	Yes	Andhra Pradesh & Telangana	Vizag and Khammam	25,00,000	No	Jagathi Foundation	CSR00001289
2.	Telangana Sikh Society – Setting up of women development hub.	(ii) promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects.		Telangana	Hyderabad	40,00,000	No	Telangana Sikh Society	CSR00024103



	Jagathi Foundation a)"Project Tejaswini" – Menstrual hygiene related awareness b) Creating awareness regarding breast cancer	(i) promoting health care including preventive health care' and sanitation	Yes	Telangana, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra & Chhattisgarh	Hyderabad, Indore, Nagpur, Raipur, Aurangabad	18,00,000	No	Jagathi Foundation	CSR00001289
	Def Enabled Foundation Skill Development and Training Centre for Deaf	(ii) promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects.		Telangana	Hyderabad	27,15,000	No	Deaf Enabled Foundation	CSR00003268
5.	Driving digital health adoption among Smaller Healthcare Providers	(ii) promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation	Yes	Telangana, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra & Chhattisgarh	Hyderabad, Indore, Nagpur, Raipur, Aurangabad	3,00,000	No	Healthcare Federation of India	CSR00009454
6.	Assetz Social Responsibility Association Promoting education and awareness on health & hygiene and critical health issues	(i) promoting health care including preventive health care" and sanitation	Yes	Telangana, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra & Chhattisgarh	Hyderabad, Indore, Nagpur, Raipur, Aurangabad	60,00,000	No	Assetz Social Responsibility Association	
7.	Donation to Mr. Shraiy Suri for treatment of Baby Shireen Suri	(i) promoting health care including preventive health care" and sanitation	No	New Delhi	New Delhi	4,00,000	Yes	NA	NA



- (d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads- Nil
- (e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable Not applicable
- (f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e) 1,77,15,000
- (g) Excess amount for set off, if any Rs. 3,013/-

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	Rs. 1,77,25,793/-
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	Rs. 1,77,15,000/-*
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	Rs. 3,013/-
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years	Rs. 3,013/-

<sup>\*</sup>Note – An amount of Rs. 13,806.56/- (excess spent in FY 2023-24) has been set off from the total liability of Rs. 1,77,25,793 /- for FY 2024-25. Thereafter the liability after setting off excess from FY 2023-24 was Rs. 1,77,11,987/- and the Company has spent Rs. 1,77,15,000/- for FY 2024-25 resulting in excess amount of Rs. 3,013/- being spent.

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: Nil

Sl. No	Preceding Financial	Amount transferred to	Amount spent in the	specifie	t transferred d under Sched 135(6), if	to any fund lule VII as per	Amount remaining to
	Year.	Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	Financial Year (in	Nam e of the Fun d	Amount (in Rs).	Date of transfer.	be spent in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.)
1.							
2.							
3.							

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for **ongoing projects** of the preceding financial year(s): Nil

(1)	(2)	(3	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----



Sl. No.	Project ID.	Name of the Project.	Financial Year in which the project was commenced	Project duratio n.	Total amoun t allocate d for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs).	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Completed /Ongoing.
	TOTAL		36					

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year - NA

### (asset-wise details).

- (a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s).
- (b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset.
- (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.
- (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).
- 11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5). -NA

Varun Shadilal Khanna

Managing Director

(DIN: 03584124)

Ekta Bahl

(Chairperson CSR Committee)

(DIN: 01437166)





### Form No. MR-3

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2025

To,
The Members,
Quality Care India Limited
Hyderabad

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s Quality Care India Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by M/s Quality Care India Limited and relied on the information, explanations provided by the management and its officers for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder; Not Applicable.
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, and External Commercial Borrowings
- (v) The Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') viz.:-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; Not Applicable

- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992/ SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; Not Applicable
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; Not Applicable
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non- Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable.
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; Not Applicable
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; Not Applicable and
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
   Not Applicable
- (vi) (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 Not Applicable.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchange Not Applicable.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

### We further report that

- The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There are changes in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.
  - a. Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board/ Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent as per the provisions of the Act, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
  - b. During the period under review, resolutions were carried out through majority. As confirmed by the Management, there were no dissenting views expressed by any of the members on any business transacted at the meeting held during the period under review.
  - c. Based on the information, documents provided and the representations made by the Company, its officers during our audit process and also on review of the compliance of provisions of the applicable Acts, in our opinion, there are adequate systems and processes

- exists in the Company to commensurate with the size and operations of the Company, to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.
- d. The compliance by the Company with the applicable financial laws like direct and indirect tax laws and maintenance of financial records and books of accounts has not been reviewed by us since the same have been subject to review by statutory auditors and other professionals.

We further report that during the audit period, the Company had the following events which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above-mentioned laws, rules, regulations and guidelines:

### A. Other major events:

- The Company has Altered Clause V i.e., Capital Clause of Memorandum of Association (MOA) in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, vide special resolution dated 14<sup>th</sup> June, 2024. The authorized share capital of the Company was increased to INR 435,50,00,000/- (Four Hundred and Thirty-Five Crores and Fifty Lakh Only)
- 2. The Board in its meeting held on 30.05.2024 approved the issuance of 28,56,90,414 equity shares of INR 10 each by way of Bonus Issue to the existing shareholders aggregating to INR 285,69,04,140 in the ratio of 1:3 (i.e. for every 1 fully paid equity shares of INR 10 each 3 fully paid bonus equity shares of INR 10 each) and the same was approved by the shareholders vide Special Resolution passed at their Extra-Ordinary General meeting held on June 14, 2024.
- 3. The Company approved the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' ("Plan") ") vide Special resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General meeting held on 14.06.2024 and has allotted share-based options under the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' ("Plan") to eligible employees of Quality Care India Limited and its Subsidiary (ies).
- 4. The Board in its meeting held on November 29, 2024, approved the draft scheme of amalgamation involving the Company and Aster DM Healthcare Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors ("Scheme").
- 5. It is noted that subject to the provisions of Section 2(87) read with Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Company has made investment in more than 2 layers of subsidiaries. However, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a Scheme of Amalgamation of Condis India Healthcare Private Limited (Intermediary Holding Company) with the Company. The Company filed an application with National Company Law Tribunal, Kochi Bench on 19.12. 24. The scheme is currently pending for approval and upon sanction by the NCLT, the Scheme of Amalgamation will be effective from 01 April 2024.

6. There has been no change in the shareholding pattern of the Company post the allotments made during the year. The shareholding pattern of major shareholders as on March 31, 2025, is as listed below:

S.No	Name of the Shareholder	No. of shares held in the Company	Shareholding %
1	BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte Limited	273663300	71.84
2	Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited	91221100	23.95
3.	OTHERS	16036152	4.21

- 7. Appointment of Mr. Varun Shadilal Khanna (DIN: 03584124) as Managing Director of the Company for a period of 5 years effective from 10.04.2024 to 10.04.2029.
- 8. Appointment of Mr. Deepak Khanna, Chief Financial Officer with effect from 30.05.2024.
- 9. Resignation of Mr. Deepak Khanna, Chief Financial Officer with effect from 27.11.2024.
- 10. Appointment of Mr. Vishal Maheshwari, Chief Financial Officer with effect from 27.11.2024.
- 11. Resignation of Mr. Jasdeep Singh as Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 31.03.2025.
- 12. Reappointment of Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa (DIN: 00056826) as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company for a period of 3 years from July 23, 2024 to July 22,2027.
- 13. Reappointment of Ms. Ekta Bahl (DIN: 01437166), as Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company with effect from December 17, 2024 up to December 16, 2027,

D. Soumaye

For RVR & Associates Company Secretaries PR. No. P2015TL082000

\* Soumy

Associate Partner

FCS No.-11754 CP No.: 13199

PR. No. 3175/2023

UDIN: F011754G000943025

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure' and forms an integral part of this report.

Date: 5th August, 2025

Place: Hyderabad

'Annexure'

To,
The Members,
Quality Care India Limited
Hyderabad

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter:

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial records is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express as opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of applicable laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, Rules, Regulations, secretarial standards issued by ICSI is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
- 7. We further report that, based on the information provided by the Company, its officers, authorized representatives during the conduct of the audit and also on the review of quarterly compliance report by the respective departmental heads/ Company Secretary/ Managing Director taken on record by the Board of the Company, in our opinion adequate systems and process and control mechanism exist in the Company to monitor compliance with applicable general laws like labour laws & Environment Laws and Data protection policy.
- 8. We further report that the compliance by the Company of applicable fiscal laws like Direct & Indirect tax laws have not been reviewed in this audit since the same has been subject to review by the statutory financial audit and other designated professionals.
- 9. All the documents, records and other information were verified and checked partly by physical inspection and partly by electronic means and as provided by the management.
- 10. We further report that during the audit report there were no specific events/actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulation, guidelines, standards, etc.
- 11. We further report that, the Company has identified the following Industry specified laws which are applicable to them:
  - (a) The Drug and Cosmetic Act, 1945 and Rules.
  - (b) The Drug and Magic Remedies Act, 1954.
  - (c) Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985.
  - (d) The Hazardous Waste (Management & Handling) Rules 1989 under the Environment Protection Act, 1986.
  - (e) The Pharmacy Act, 1948.

- (f) Bio-Medical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 1998.
- (g) Food Safety and Standards Act, 2016 and rules.
- 12. We further report that, the Company has identified the following general laws which are applicable to them:
  - 1. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948.
  - II. The Payment of Wages Act, 1936.
- III. The Employees' Provident Funds & Misc. Provisions Act 1952 and E.P.F Scheme 1952.
- IV. The Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 and Employees' State Insurance (General) Regulations 1950.
- V. The Payment of Gratuity Act 1972 and The A.P. Payment of Gratuity Rules, 1972.
- VI. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970.
- VII. The Employment Exchanges (Compulsory Notification of vacancies) Act, 1959.
- VIII. The National Festival and Other Holidays Act, 1974.
- IX. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.
- X. The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965.
- XI. The Shops & Establishment Act, 1988.
- XII. The Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1987.
- XIII. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976.
- XIV. The Child Labour (Regulation & Prohibition) Act, 1986.
- XV. The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.
- XVI. The Workmen Compensation Act.
- XVII. The Employee Compensation Act, 1923.
- XVIII. The Motor Vehicle Act, 1988.

For RVR & Associates Company Secretaries PR. No. P2015TL082000

Date: 5<sup>th</sup> August, 2025 Place: Hyderabad

D.Soumya
Associate Partner

FCS No.-11754 CP No.: 13199

PR. No. 3175/2023

UDIN: F011754G000943025



### Annexure V to Director's Report - 2025

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### Company's Philosophy on Corporate Governance

Corporate governance refers to the set of systems, principles and processes by which a company is governed. They provide the guidelines as to how the company can be directed or controlled such that it can fulfil its goals and objectives in a manner that adds to the value of the company and is also beneficial for all stakeholders in the long term. Stakeholders in this case would include everyone ranging from the board of directors, management, shareholders to customers, employees and society. The management of the company hence assumes the role of a trustee for all the others.

### **Board of Directors Composition**

The Company has an optimum combination of executive and non-executive directors. The Board comprises of One Executive Director, Two Non-Executive Independent director and Eight Non-Executive Directors. The composition of the Board is as follows:

Name of the Director	Director Identificatio n Number (DIN)	Category of Directorship	Whether attended the AGM on 30/09/2024
Dr. Varun Shadilal Khanna*	03584124	Executive Director – Managing Director	Yes
Mr. Hari Prasad Kovelamudi**	02559343	Non-Executive Director	Yes
Mr. Jasdeep Singh#	02705303	Executive Director	Yes
Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa	00056826	Independent Non-Executive Director	Yes
Ms. Ekta Bahl	01437166	Independent Non-Executive Director	Yes
Mr. Ganesh Mani	08385423	Non-Executive Director	No
Ms. Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram	08153649	Non-Executive Director	No
Mr. Tejas Naphade	10219144	Non-Executive Director	No
Mr. Himanshu Dodeja	07624809	Non-Executive Director	No
Mr. Aniket Damle	08538557	Non-Executive Director	No
Mr. Vishal Bali	01457380	Non-Executive Director	No
Mr. Mahadevan Narayanamoni	07128788	Non-Executive Director	No

<sup>\*</sup>Appointed w.e.f. April 10, 2024

#Resigned w.e.f. March 31, 2025

<sup>\*\*</sup>Appointed w.e.f. April 04, 2024



### **Board Meetings**

The Board Meetings are conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013, the rules made thereunder and Secretarial Standard for Meeting of Board of Directors issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. The attendances of the Directors in the said Board Meetings are as follows:

	A	ttendance of	f Directors a	t the Board		eld during t	he financial	year 2024-25	5	
S. No.	Director's name	30-05-24	13-06-24	23-07-24	04-09-24	27-11-24	29-11-24	05-12-24	20-01-25	26-03- 25
1	Kewal Kundanlal Handa	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)
2	Vishal Bali	YES (VC)	LOA	YES (VC)	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	LOA	YES (VC)
3	Mahadevan Narayanamoni	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)
4	Ekta Bahl	YES	YES (VC)	YES	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES	YES (VC)	YES
5	Jasdeep Singh <sup>3</sup>	YES	LOA	YES	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES	LOA	YES
6	Ganesh Mani	LOA	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	LOA
7	Ayshwarya Vikram	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)
8	Tejas Naphade	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	LOA	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	LOA	YES (VC)	YES (VC)
9	Aniket Damle	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	LOA	LOA	YES (VC)
10	Himanshu Dodeja	LOA	LOA	LOA	LOA	LOA	LOA	YES (VC)	LOA	LOA
11	Dr. Hari Prasad Kovelamudi <sup>1</sup>	YES	YES (VC)	YES	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES	YES	YES
12	Varun Shadilal Khanna <sup>2</sup>	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES (VC)	YES	YES	YES

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Appointed w.e.f. 04/04/2024

(VC-video conferencing; LOA - Leave of absence; NA- Not applicable)

### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has constituted the following committees:

### 1. AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The Audit Committee of the Company has been constituted in line with the provisions of section 177 of the Companies Act 2013.

The terms of reference of the Committee are as follows and the Audit committee charter is annexed as Annexure -1:

a. To recommend the appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors (including internal auditors) of the Company.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Appointed w.e.f. 10/04/2024

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Resigned w.e.f. 31/03/2025



- b. To review and monitor auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of the audit process.
- c. To review the non-audit services, if any, being provided by the statutory auditors to the company or its related entities.
- d. To review the financial statements and auditor's report before their submission to the Board and may also discuss any related issues with the internal and statutory auditors and the management of the Company.
- e. To approve transactions or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties.
- f. To scrutinize the loans and investments by the Company, if any.
- g. To review and oversee the Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary.
- h. To recommend the appointment, scope and terms of appointment of the valuers of the Company
- i. To oversee the Company's financial reporting, internal and external audit requirements, evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.
- j. To monitor the Company's compliance with external laws and regulations, and internal policies including its code of ethics.
- k. To monitor end use of funds raised through Public offers and related matters.
- 1. To oversee the efficient functioning of the internal audit department and review its reports. The Committee will additionally monitor the progress made in rectification of irregularities and changes in processes wherever deficiencies have come to notice.

The Audit Committee charter of the company is enclosed as **Annexure AC 1**.

# Changes in composition of the Committee during the year under review and the attendance details are as follows:

S. No.	Name	Designation	Remarks
1	Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa	Chairperson - Independent Non-Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 21.06.2019 till 20.06.2024. Re-appointed w.e.f. 23.07.2024
2	Ms. Ekta Bahl	Member - Independent Non- Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 17.12.2019
3	Mr. Tejas Naphade	Member - Non-Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 09.11.2023

# Present composition of the audit committee after recent re-constitution of the committee during the year under review:

S. No	Name	Designation	Remarks
1	Mr. Kewal Kundanlal	Chairperson - Independent	Re-Appointed w.e.f. 23.07.2024
	Handa	Non-Executive Director	
2	Ms. Ekta Bahl	Member - Independent Non-	Appointed w.e.f. 17.12.2019
		Executive Director	



3	Mr. Tejas Naphade	Member - Non-Executive	Appointed w.e.f. 09.11.2023
		Director	

Attendance of members at the audit committee meetings held during the financial year 2024-25								
Audit Committee	23-07-2024	04-09-2024	27-11-2024	29-11-2024	12-02-2025			
Kewal Kundanlal Handa	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)			
Ekta Bahl	YES	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES			
Tejas Naphade	LOA	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)			

(LOA = Leave of absence) (VC = video conference)

### 2. NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The Company has a Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

The terms of reference of the committee are as follows:

The Committee shall:

- Formulate criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and Independence of Director and recommend to the Board on the remuneration policies and practices for the Directors, Key Managerial personnel, senior management of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") in general; and
- ii. Identify persons who are qualified to be Director, Key Managerial personnel or senior management personnel and make recommendations to the Board for their appointment and removal for the purpose of composition of the board and board Committees and to ensure that the board of directors consists of individuals who are equipped to fulfill the role of director of the Company.
- iii. specify the manner for effective evaluation of performance of Board, its committees and individual directors

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee Charter of the company is enclosed as Annexure NRC 2.

# <u>Changes in composition of the Committee during the year under review and the attendance</u> details are as follows:

Name of the Director	Category of Directorship	Remarks		
Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa	Member - Independent Non-Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 21.06.2019 till 20.06.2024. Re-appointed w.e.f. 23.07.2024		
Mr. Vishal Bali	Member - Non-Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 21.06.2019		
Ms. Ekta Bahl	Chairperson - Independent Non- Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 17.12.2019  Re-designated from Chairperson to member w.e.f. 09.11.2023		
Ms. Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram	Chairperson - Non-Executive Director	Appointed as Chairperson w.e.f. 09.11.2023		



### Present composition of the NRC committee is as follows:

S. No	Name	Designation	Remarks
1	Ms. Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram	Chairperson - Non-Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 09.11.2023
2	Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa	Member - Independent Non- Executive Director	Re-Appointed w.e.f. 23.07.2024
3	Mr. Vishal Bali	Member - Non-Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 21.06.2019
4	Ms. Ekta Bahl	Member - Independent Non- Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 17.12.2019

Attendance of members at the Nomination & Remuneration committee meetings held during the financial						
	year 2024-25					
NRC Committee 30-05-2024 13-06-2024 29-07-2024 04-09-2024 27-11-2024 26-0						
Ekta Bahl	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES	YES (VC)	YES
Kewal Kundanlal Handa	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)
Vishal Bali	YES (VC)	LOA	YES (VC)	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)
Ayshwarya Vikram#	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES	YES (VC)	YES (VC)

(LOA = leave of absence) (VC = video conference)

### 3. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE:

The Company has a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee pursuant to the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act 2013. The Committee functions according to the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company which is available on the website of the Company.

Web address: https://www.carehospitals.com/policies

# Changes in composition of the Committee during the year under review and the attendance details are as follows:

Name of the Member	Category of Directorship	Remarks
Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa	Chairperson- Independent Non- Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 21.06.2019 till 20.06.2024.
		Re-designated from Chairperson to Member w.e.f. 09.11.2023  Re-appointed w.e.f. 23.07.2024
Mr. Arunprakash	Member - Non-Executive	Resigned w.e.f. 09.11.2023
Srinivasarao Korati	Director	
Ms. Ekta Bahl	Member - Independent Non- Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 23.03.2020 Re-designated from Member to Chairperson w.e.f. 09.11.2023



Mr. Aniket Damle	Member - Non-Executive	Appointed w.e.f. 09.11.2023
	Director	

### Present composition of the CSR committee is as follows:

Name of the Member	Category of Directorship	Remarks		
Ms. Ekta Bahl	Chairperson - Independent Non- Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 23.03.2020		
	Executive Birector	Re-designated from Member to		
		Chairperson w.e.f. 09.11.2023		
Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa	Member - Independent Non- Executive Director	Re-appointed w.e.f. 23.07.2024		
		Re-designated from Chairperson		
		to Member w.e.f. 09.11.2023		
Mr. Aniket Damle	Member - Non-Executive Director	Appointed w.e.f. 09.11.2023		

Attend	ance of members at the CSR committee meeting	held during the financial year 2024-25
S. No.	Members	05-12-2024
1	Ms. Ekta Bahl	YES (VC)
2	Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa	YES
3	Mr. Aniket Damle	YES (VC)

(VC = video conference)

### 4. CLINI-Q COMMITTEE

During the year under review, the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on May 30, 2024 approved the formation of Clini-Q committee.

The terms of reference of the committee include:

**Scope** - Oversee CARE Hospitals, KIMSHEALTH, Evercare Bangladesh and any other hospital chains under the Company (whether setup or acquired)

### Purpose -

- a) Drive the group's efforts to achieve the vision of:
  - Achieving clinical excellence
  - Enhancing clinical outcomes
  - Focusing on patient centricity
- b) The Clinical and Quality Committee (the "Committee") shall represent and assist the Board by guiding on setting strategic goals, policies, and objectives related to quality improvement and patient safety through performance metrics, clinical outcomes data, and quality improvement initiatives across various departments and facilities with key focus areas on the following:
  - Clinical Gaps



- Development of Clinical Program
- Clinical Coordination within and between QCIL Hospitals
- Clinical Outcomes review, reporting and enhancement
- Nursing Quality Review

### Present composition of the Clini-Q committee is as follows:

S. No	Name	Designation	Remarks
1	Dr. K. Hari Prasad	Committee Chairperson (Group	Appointed w.e.f. May 30, 2024
		Chairperson)	
2	Dr. M I Sahadulla,	Committee Vice-Chairperson	Appointed w.e.f. May 30, 2024
		(KIMS Chairperson & MD)	
3	Varun Khanna	Member (Group Managing	Appointed w.e.f. May 30, 2024
		Director)	

Attendance of members at the Clini-Q committee meetings held during the financial year 2024-25			
Clini-Q Committee	20-08-2024	28-11-2024	24-03-2025
Dr. K. Hari Prasad	YES	YES	YES
Dr. M I Sahadulla,	YES (VC)	YES (VC)	YES (VC)
Varun Khanna	LOA	LOA	YES (VC)

### 5. INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

During the year under review, the Board of Directors of the Company vide a circular resolution passed on September 25, 2024, approved the formation of Investment committee.

The terms of reference of the committee include:

### Purpose -

- a) Drive the group's efforts to ensure:
  - Financial prudence
  - Efficiency in capital allocation
  - Optimizing capex procured
- **b)** The Investment Committee (the "Committee") shall represent and assist the Board by guiding and monitoring capital outlay policies, decisions and actions

**Scope -** Oversee CARE Hospitals, KIMSHEALTH, Evercare Bangladesh and any other hospital chains under the Company (whether setup or acquired)

Present composition of the Investment committee is as follows:

S. No	Name	Designation	Remarks
1	Vishal Maheshwari	Chairperson (Group Chief Financial Officer)	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024
2	Varun Khanna	Member (Group Managing Director)	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024
3	Ganesh Mani	Member (Investor nominee – BCP Asia Topco IV Pte. Ltd.)	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024
4	Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram	Member (Investor nominee – BCP Asia Topco IV Pte. Ltd.)	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024



	5	Mahadevan Narayanamoni	Centella	(Investor Mauritius	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024
L			Limited)		

Attendance of members at the Investment committee meetings held during the financial year 2024-25			
Investment Committee	05/02/2025		
Vishal Maheshwari	YES		
Varun Khanna	YES (VC)		
Ganesh Mani	YES (VC)		
Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram	YES (VC)		
Mahadevan Narayanamoni	YES (VC)		

### 6. ENVIRONMENTAL SOCIAL & GOVERNANCE (ESG) COMMITTEE

During the year under review, the Board of Directors of the Company vide a circular resolution passed on September 25, 2024, approved the formation of Environmental Social & Governance committee.

The terms of reference of the committee include:

**Purpose** - To support the Boards in overseeing, supporting and challenging actions being taken by management to run the Group as a sustainable business, capable of generating long term value for its stakeholders.

The ESG committee will support the Boards in overseeing the process of developing and implementing the Group's ESG practices in accordance with best practice as advocated by the shareholders and with the Environmental and Social Action Plan specific to the Group.

### Scope -

### a) Strategic:

- Ensure the execution of, and continuously maintain the Group's ESG Materiality Assessment which identifies and considers the company's ESG risks and opportunities.
- Provide strategic guidance in relation to Environmental, Health and Safety (EHS) and ESG
  initiatives and/or issues which affect the Company's business, including those as identified by the
  ESG Materiality Assessment
- Recommend, review and/or assist management teams in forming, updating or comprehending EHS and ESG policies, standards and/ or action plans
- Recommend to the Boards and management strategic direction and initiatives to achieve its purpose
- Encourage the Group to participate in external reporting or ESG ratings, as appropriate

### b) Monitoring:

- Prepare, debate and consider Management Information which monitor's progress against the Group's ESG and EHS policies, standards and/or action plans
- Ensure compliance with applicable legislation and Good International Industry Practice (GIIP)
- Monitor and review the implementation of Environmental and Social Action Plans
- Oversee any investigations relating to breached of ESG laws, regulations and standards



• Arrange regular effectiveness assessments of its own performance including Terms of Reference reviews, recommending any changes to the Boards.

### Present composition of the ESG committee is as follows:

S. No	Name	Designation	Remarks	
1	Rajeev Chourey	Head of ESG/Sustainability	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024	
		CARE hospitals		
2	Reshmi Aysha	Head of ESG/Sustainability	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024	
		KIMSHEALTH		
3	Sajedul Islam	Head of ESG/Sustainability	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024	
		Evercare Bangladesh		
4	Ritu Kumar	TPG nominee	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024	
5	Ayshwarya Vikram	Blackstone Nominee	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024	
6	Ekta Bahl	Independent Directir	Appointed w.e.f. September 25, 2024	

Attendance of members at the ESG committee meetings held during the financial year 2024-25			
ESG Committee	22/01/2025		
Rajeev Chourey	YES		
Reshmi Aysha	YES (VC)		
Sajedul Islam	YES (VC)		
Ritu Kumar	YES (VC)		
Ayshwarya Vikram	YES (VC)		
Ekta Bahl	YES (VC)		

### INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR'S MEETING:

The details of the meeting of Independent Directors of the Company held during the year under review are:

Attendance of members at the Independent Directors meeting held during the financial year 2024-25					
S. No.	Members	04/09/2024			
1	Mr. Kewal Kundanlal Handa	YES (VC)			
2	Ms. Ekta Bahl	YES			

(VC = video conference)

### **GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:**

The details of previous three years Annual General Meetings are as follows:

Year	Date And Time	Whether Special resolutions passed
2023-24	30th September, 2024 @ 03:00 PM	No
2022-23	26 <sup>th</sup> September, 2023 @ 12:30 Noon	Yes
2021-22	28th September, 2022 @ 1:00 PM	No



The Annual General Meeting for FY 2021-22, FY 2022-23 and FY 2023-24 was held through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio-Visual means (OAVM) facility at the Board Room, Corporate Office, 1st Floor, Kohinoor building, Road No 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad -500034 Telangana

### **POSTAL BALLOT:**

There was no business required to be transacted through postal Ballot during the financial year 2024-25

### **Annual General Meeting:**

AGM Date, time and venue

: 17 September, 2025 at 02:00 PM through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio-Visual means (OAVM) facility at Board Room, Corporate Office, 1st Floor, Kohinoor building, Road No 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad -500034 Telangana

Financial Calendar

: 1st April to 31st March

International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) -

- 1) Equity Shares INE108N01016
- 2) 0.001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares INE108N03012
- 3) 0.001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares INE108N03020

### SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

### **Address for Correspondence**

All shareholders' correspondence should be forwarded to M/s. Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Private Limited, the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company or to the Compliance officer/Investor relation officer at the addresses mentioned below:

### Registrar and Share Transfer Agent

### Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Private Limited

# 12-10-167, Bharat Nagar,

Hyderabad-500 018

Tel: +91-40-23818475/76

Fax: +91-40-23868024 Email: info@vccipl.com

### Compliance officer/Investor relation officer

Mrs. Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran Company Secretary

### **Company Secretary Department**

H.NO.8-2-120 / 86 / 10, 10A, 11, 11A, 11B, 11C, & 11D 1st Floor, GVK Kohinoor Building (New Star Maa Building)



Road No. 2, Banjara Hills,

Hyderabad - 500034

Opp. Park Hyatt hotel, near: L V Prasad Eye hospital

Phone: 040-68106565 Fax: 040-39116019

Email: cs.office@carehospitals.com

### Change of address:

Members holding equity shares in physical form are requested to notify the change of address, if any, to the company's Registrar and Transfer agent, at the address mentioned above.

### **Share Transfer System:**

All share transfers can be effected only in dematerialisation form. All shareholders are requested to immediately initiate the process for converting physically held shares into Dematerialisation form.

### **Investor Safeguards:**

In order to serve you better and enable you to avoid risks while dealing in securities. You are requested to follow the general safeguards as detailed hereunder:

### Update your address:

To receive all communication promptly, please update your address registered with the Company.

### Consolidate your multiple folios:

Members are requested to consolidate their shareholding held under multiple folios to save them from the burden of receiving multiple communications.

### **Register Nomination:**

To help your successors get the share transmitted in their favour, please register your nomination. Member(s) desirous of availing this facility may submit nomination in Form 2B (Enclosed) Member(s) holding shares in dematerialized form are requested to register their nominations directly with their respective DPs.

### **Prevention of Frauds:**

We urge you to exercise due diligence and notify us of any change in address / stay in abroad or demise of any shareholder as soon as possible. Do not leave your demat account dormant for long. Periodic statement of holding should be obtained from the concerned DP and holding should be verified.

### **Confidentiality of Security Deposits:**

Members are requested not to disclose their Folio No. DP ID / Client ID or to handover signed blank transfer deeds / delivery instruction slip to any unknown person.

### **Green Initiative:**

Pursuant to Circular No. 17/2011 dated 21st April, 2011 and Circular No. 18/2011 dated 29th April, 2011, Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has launched "Green Initiative in Corporate Governance" whereby the



companies are allowed to send notices, documents and other communication to the shareholders in electronic mode.

Your Company encourages its shareholders to support the "Green Initiative" by registering their email addresses and intimate changes in the email address from time to time.

For and on behalf of the Board of Quality Care India Limited

Varun-Shadilal Khanna Managing Director DIN: 03584124 Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram Director DIN: 08153649

Date: 05.08.2025 Place: Hyderabad, India Date: 05.08.2025 Place: Mumbai, India



# Annexure AC-1 QUALITY CARE INDIA LIMITED

### **CHARTER**

### AUDIT COMMITTEE OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### I. Authority and Purpose

- A. The Board of Directors ("Board") of Quality Care India Limited or its Subsidiaries or Associates Company (the "Company") constituted an Audit Committee ("Committee") to assist the Board in fulfilling its statutory and fiduciary responsibility:
  - To recommend the appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors (including internal auditors) of the Company.
  - To review and monitor auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of the audit process.
  - To review the non-audit services, if any, being provided by the statutory auditors to the company or its related entities.
  - To review the financial statements and auditor's report before their submission to the Board and may also discuss any related issues with the internal and statutory auditors and the management of the Company.
  - To approve transactions or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties.
  - To scrutinize the loans and investments by the Company, if any.
  - To review and oversee the Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary.
  - To recommend the appointment, scope and terms of appointment of the valuers of the Company
  - To oversee the Company's financial reporting, internal and external audit requirements, evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.
  - To monitor the Company's compliance with external laws and regulations, and internal policies including its code of ethics.
  - To monitor end use of funds raised through Public offers and related matters.
  - To oversee the efficient functioning of the internal audit department and review its reports. The Committee will additionally monitor the progress made in rectification of irregularities and changes in processes wherever deficiencies have come to notice.

As such, the Committee exercises the authorities and powers delegated to it and the powers imposed by law, regulations and/or regulatory authorities within the jurisdiction.

- B. Members of the Committee should be conversant with the various responsibilities placed upon them by Section 177 of the Act and rules made there under and as amended from time to time. The relevant extracts of Section 177 of the Act are included in **Appendix 1**.
- C. The Committee shall comply with the various provisions, regulations or guidelines as may be applicable and amended from time to time. Further, the Committee shall review and update this Charter once in the financial year, to give effect to such amendments and recommend the revised Charter to the Board for its approval.
- D. This amended Charter shall substitute and supersede all previous Charters of the Committee.



### II. Constitution of the Committee

- A. Size of the Committee: The Committee shall consist of at least three (3) members ("Members") and shall only comprise Directors from the Board. At all times, majority shall be of the Independent Directors.
- B. Appointment and removal of Members: The Members will be appointed by the Board and will continue until their successors are duly appointed by the Board. The majority of members of the Audit Committee including its Chairperson shall be persons with ability to read and understand financial statements.
  - In the event of any amendment to the Companies Act and rules made there under, the composition of the Committee will be amended accordingly to ensure compliance with the amendments.
- C. *Election of a Chairperson*: The Members shall elect a Chairperson of the Committee ("Chairperson") from among themselves from time to time, by a majority vote. The Board shall formally appoint the Chairperson of the Committee.
- D. Appointment of a Committee Secretary: The Company Secretary shall act as the Secretary of the Committee ("Committee Secretary") but shall not be a Member. The Committee Secretary shall be responsible to provide support to the Committee members in his/her role and to ensure proper execution of the required processes.
- E. *Invitees to the Committee*: Subject to the approval by the Chairperson, the Committee may invite members of the management as it considers necessary to be present at the Meetings of the Committee but such executives shall have no voting rights.
- F. Key Managerial Personnel: The Key Managerial Personnel shall have a right to be heard at the Meetings but shall have no voting rights, when the Committee considers the auditor's report.
- G. Qualification of the Members and the Chairperson: All Members shall be financially literate and at least one Member shall have accounting or related financial management expertise. The Chairperson shall be an independent non-executive director of the Board and shall be a person with a strong financial analysis background.
- H. Independence: The Committee should be constituted to ensure its independence and objectivity.

### III. Role of the Committee

- A. The responsibilities of the Committee is to carry out the purpose laid down in Section I of this Charter. These responsibilities should serve as a guide with the understanding that the Committee may carry out additional functions and adopt additional or different policies and procedures as may be appropriate in light of changing business, legislative, regulatory, legal or other conditions.
- B. To act as a Compliance Committee to discuss the level of compliance in the Company and any associated risks and to monitor and report to the Board on any significant compliance breaches.
- C. The Committee shall also have such further powers as may be delegated to it by the Board from time to time, in relation to the purpose of the Committee as outlined in Section I of this Charter.
- D. The responsibilities of the Committee, as prescribed under the Act and rules made there under, and other delegations as prescribed by the Board of Directors.



### IV. Powers of the Committee

- A. The recommendations of the Committee, on any matter relating to financial management, including the audit report, shall be reported to the Board.
- B. In performance of its responsibilities and obligations described in Section I and Section III, the powers of the Committee shall include the following:
  - i. The right to ask a member of the management of the Company who is responsible for an area commented upon on reports presented to the Committee, to be present when the Committee reviews such report.
  - ii. Investigate any matter in relation to its roles and responsibilities, to items specified in Section 177(4) or referred to it by the Board.
  - iii. Seek information from any employee of the Company.
  - iv. Have full access to information contained in the records of the Company and obtain outside legal or other professional advice if necessary.
  - v. Call for the comments of the auditors about internal control systems, the scope of audit, including the observations of the auditors and about their review of the financial statements before their submission to the Board and may also discuss any related issues with the internal and statutory auditors and the management of the company.
  - vi. Have oversight on the procedures and processes established to attend to issues relating to maintenance of books of account, administration procedures, transactions and other matters having a bearing on the financial position of the insurer, whether raised by the auditors or by any other person.
  - C. The Committee shall accord omnibus approval to the related party transactions, which are in ordinary course of business and are at arm's length basis, as detail in the Related Party Policy of the Company.

### V. Proceedings of the Committee Meetings

- A. *Frequency of Meetings*: The Committee shall meet at least two times every year. The Committee may meet as often as it deems necessary or appropriate in its judgment, in person or audio visual, and at such times and places as the Committee determines.
- B. *Quorum*: The quorum for a Meeting shall be either two (2) Members or one third (1/3rd) of the Members whichever is greater. The quorum shall comprise of at least two (2) Members, with one (1) Member representing the JV Partner, present in person or through video conferencing or by other audio visual means.
- C. Notice: All notices to be issued by the Committee will be in accordance with the Act.
- D. *Voting*: Each Member shall have one (1) vote and all matters submitted to the Committee for approval shall require approval of a majority of the Members present and voting. Non-Members shall have no voting rights.
- E. *Non-Members*: Subject to the approval by the Chairperson, the Committee may invite non-Members to the Meetings to attend and to participate at the Meetings, but such non-Members shall have no voting rights.
- F. Invitees: The Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and shall be permanent invitees to the Meetings of the Committee but shall have no voting rights. Any of the key managerial



personnel of the Company shall have a right to be heard in the meetings of the Audit Committee but shall not have the right to vote.

- G. Statutory Auditors: The statutory auditors of the Company shall attend and participate in the Committee Meetings convened for the purpose of approving annual (audited) financial statements, but shall have no voting rights. The statutory auditors shall have access to the Board through the Committee.
- H. *Executive Session*: The Committee has the right to hold private sessions with the management, the Directors or the external and internal auditors, as required by applicable law, regulation, and in such other circumstances as the Committee may deem appropriate.
- I. Circulation of agenda, supporting papers and resolutions: The agenda papers along with requisite supporting documents and resolution shall be sent to all Members at least seven (7) days before the Meetings. A resolution proposed to be passed by circulation should be sent, together with necessary papers, to all the Members.
- J. *Minutes*: In accordance with the Board protocols, the minutes of the Committee Meetings shall be completed within fifteen (15) days of such Meeting and shall be circulated to all Members and other relevant personnel as deemed necessary by the Committee.
- K. *Necessary support*: The Company's Secretary shall provide the necessary support and assistance for conducting the Committee Meetings.
- L. Reporting to the Board: The Chairperson shall present to the Board an update on the Committee Meetings.
- M. Annual General Meeting: The Chairperson of the Committee shall attend the Annual General Meetings of the Company to provide any clarifications on audit-related matters.

### VI. Disclosure

- A. The Committee will disclose in the Company's Director Report whether or not, with respect to the concerned fiscal year:
  - i. The management has reviewed the audited financial statements with the Committee, including a discussion of the appropriateness of the accounting principles as applied and significant judgments affecting the Company's financial statements.
  - ii. The independent auditors have discussed with the Committee their judgment of the appropriateness of those principles as applied and judgments referred to the above, under the circumstances.
  - iii. The Members have discussed among themselves without the management or the independent auditors being present, the information disclosed to the Committee.
  - iv. There are any material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the Director's report.
  - v. The internal financial controls are adequate.
- B. To the extent required by the law, the Committee shall ensure that the following items are disclosed in the annual report:
  - i. Number of Meetings held in a financial year.



- ii. The composition of the mandated committees, setting out the name, qualification, field of specialization, status of directorship held.
- iii. Number of Meetings attended by the Directors and Members.
- iv. Details of the remuneration paid, if any, to Independent Directors.
- v. Where the Board has not accepted any recommendation of the Audit Committee, the same shall be disclosed in the annual report along with the reasons thereof.



### **Appendix 1: Extracts from Companies Act 2013**

### 177. Audit Committee

- 1. The Board of Directors of every listed Company and such other class or classes of companies, as may be prescribed, shall constitute an Audit Committee.
- 2. The Audit Committee shall consist of a minimum of three Directors with Independent Directors forming a majority: Provided that majority of Members of Audit Committee including its Chairperson shall be persons with ability to read and understand, the financial statement.
- 3. Every Audit Committee of a Company existing immediately before the commencement of this Act shall, within one year of such commencement, be reconstituted in accordance with sub-section (2).
- 4. Every Audit Committee shall act in accordance with the terms of reference specified in writing by the Board which shall, *inter alia*, include,
  - i. the recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
  - ii. review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
  - iii. examination of the financial statement and the auditors' report thereon;
  - iv. approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
  - v. scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
  - vi. valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
  - vii. evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
  - viii. monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters.
- 5. The Audit Committee may call for the comments of the auditors about internal control systems, the scope of audit, including the observations of the auditors and review of financial statement before their submission to the Board and may also discuss any related issues with the internal and statutory auditors and the management of the Company.
- 6. The Audit Committee shall have authority to investigate into any matter in relation to the items specified in sub-section (4) or referred to it by the Board and for this purpose shall have power to obtain professional advice from external sources and have full access to information contained in the records of the Company.
- 7. The auditors of a Company and the key managerial personnel shall have a right to be heard in the Meetings of the Audit Committee when it considers the auditor's report but shall not have the right to vote
- 8. The Board's report under sub-section (3) of section 134 shall disclose the composition of an Audit Committee and where the Board had not accepted any recommendation of the Audit Committee, the same shall be disclosed in such report along with the reasons therefore.
- 9. Every listed Company or such class or classes of companies, as may be prescribed, shall establish a vigil mechanism for Directors and employees to report genuine concerns in such manner as may be prescribed.
- 10. The vigil mechanism under sub-section (9) shall provide for adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who use such mechanism and make provision for direct access to the chairperson of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional cases. Provided that the details of establishment of such mechanism shall be disclosed by the Company on its website, if any, and in the Board's report.



### **Annexure NRC-2**

### QUALITY CARE INDIA LIMITED Nomination & Remuneration Committee Charter

### **Quality Care India Limited**

("the Company")

### NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE CHARTER

("the Committee")

### TERMS OF REFERENCE

### 1. CONSTITUTION

The Committee is constituted as a Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the board in terms of the section 178 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, the rules made there under (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with the relevant articles of the Articles of Association of the Company.

### 2. PURPOSE

The purpose of the Committee is to provide an independent and objective body that will:

- (a) Formulate criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and Independence of Director and recommend to the Board on the remuneration policies and practices for the Directors, Key Managerial personnel, senior management of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") in general; and
- (b) identify persons who are qualified to be Director, Key Managerial personnel or senior management personnel and make recommendations to the Board for their appointment and removal for the purpose of composition of the board and board Committees and to ensure that the board of directors consists of individuals who are equipped to fulfil the role of director of the Company.
- (c) specify the manner for effective evaluation of performance of Board, its committees and individual directors

### 3. MEMBERSHIP/QUORUM

- 3.1 The Committee shall be constituted by the board from among the non-executive directors, provided it shall consist of three or more non-executive director out of whom at least half of the members of Independent Directors. The members as a whole must have sufficient qualifications and experience to fulfil their duties. The Chairperson of the Company (whether executive or non-executive may be the member of the Committee. However, he shall not be Chairperson for this committee.
- 3.2 Notwithstanding the above, the board shall have the power at any time to reconstitute the Committee including removing any members from the Committee and to fill any vacancies so created
- 3.3 The board shall, from time to time, review and revise the composition of the Committee, taking into account the need for an adequate combination of skills and knowledge.

### **QUALITY CARE INDIA LIMITED**

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- 3.4 Provision shall be made for an induction programme and suitable training for all members of the committee.
- 3.5 The company secretary or a person approved by the Chairperson shall act as secretary to the Committee.

### 4. MEETINGS

#### 4.1 Attendance

- A quorum of the meeting of the Committee shall be higher of two (2) Members or one-third (1/3) of the Members of the Committee.
- The chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, chief operating officer, chief medical officer and head of human resources or other members of senior management as may be required shall be in attendance at meetings of the Committee (as invitees) and shall have unrestricted access to the chairperson or any other member of the Committee as is required in relation to any matter falling within the remit of the Committee. Other board members may also attend at the invitation of the Committee. Such Invitees shall have no voting rights.
- In the absence of the Chairperson of the Committee and/or an appointed deputy, the remaining members present shall elect among themselves a Chairperson of the meeting subject to the other clauses of this terms of reference
- Suitably qualified persons may be co-opted onto the Committee when necessary to render such specialist services as may be necessary to assist the Committee in its deliberations on any matter but shall have no voting rights.
- No invited attendee shall have a vote at the meetings of the Committee.

### 4.2 Frequency of meetings

• Meetings of the Committee shall be held as frequently as the Committee, in consultation with the company secretary, considers appropriate, but it shall normally meet not less than twice (2) a year. Sufficient time should be allowed to enable the Committee to undertake a full discussion as may be required and a sufficient interval should be allowed between Committee meetings and board meetings to allow for the Committee to undertake such work as is necessary in preparation for each board meeting. Further meetings may be called by the board or any member thereof, including all members of the Committee.

### 5. PROCEEDINGS

- 5.1 The Committee must establish an annual work plan for each year to ensure that all relevant matters are covered by the agendas of the meetings planned for the year. The annual plan must ensure proper coverage of the matters laid out in these terms of reference: the more critical matters will need to be attended to each year while other matters may be dealt with on a rotation basis over a three-year period. The number, timing and length of meetings, and the agendas are to be determined in accordance with the annual plan.
- 5.2 A detailed agenda, together with supporting documentation, must be circulated, at least seven days (7) prior to each meeting to the members of the board and other invitees and the committee shall observe applicable Secretarial Standards i.e. SS-1 in relation to all its meetings.

### **QUALITY CARE INDIA LIMITED**

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- 5.3 The secretary of the Committee shall take minutes of all meetings, which minutes shall be circulated as follows:
  - Within 10 business days of the meeting generally, but not later than 15 days to the executive and chairperson of the Committee;
  - once approved by the Committee to the subsequent meeting of the board of directors of the company.

The minutes shall record the issues, the salient features pertaining to the issues and the decisions of the Committee.

- 5.4 The secretary of the Committee shall ascertain, at the beginning of each meeting, the existence of any conflicts of interest and minute them accordingly.
- 5.5 The chairperson of the Committee shall report on the Committee's proceedings and findings to the next meeting of the board.

### 6. REMUNERATION

- Non-executive members of the Committee shall be paid a sitting fee and other remuneration as may be permitted under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder including remuneration with respect to the committee meetings attended by them.
- 6.2 The above fees shall be subject to review by the board from time to time.

### 7. RESPONSIBILITIES

### 7.1 Human Resources related matters

The duties of the Committee shall be to work on behalf of the board and be responsible to it for recommendations in respect of human resources matters:

- Laying down criteria for appointments of Directors, MD/CEO/ED/WTD/KMP and Senior Management and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal as per requirements of the Companies Act 2013
- Evaluating performances of the Directors and other personnel as per requirements of the Companies Act 2013
- Formulate criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence etc of the Directors and other personnel.
- Recommend to the Board a policy/ Terms of Reference, relating to remuneration packages and any other compensation payment for the Directors, MD/CEO/ED/WTD/KMP/SM 1 and other employees
- ensure alignment of the remuneration and human resources strategies and policies with the Group's business strategy and the desired culture;
- determine the Group's general policy on executive and senior management remuneration;
- consider and recommend for approval by the board the remuneration of the chief executive, executive directors, KMP and Senior Management;
- consider and recommend for approval by the board the setting of KPA's for performance bonus purposes for executive directors and the ratification thereof of other senior employees;
- consider and recommend to the board the achievements of the above KPA's and the approval of payment of performance bonuses of senior management;
- determine any grants to executive directors and other senior employees made pursuant to the Group's management share option scheme;



- regularly review incentive schemes to ensure continued contribution to shareholder value and that these are administered in terms of the rules;
- consider the appropriateness of early vesting of share-based schemes at the end of employment;
- ensure the adequacy of retirement and health care funding for executives and senior management;
- ensure adequate succession plans for the executive and senior management; and
- ensure compliance to all statutory and best practice requirements regarding labour and industrial relations management.

Note: Job grades provided for reference:

CEO: Grade F2

Executive Directors: Grade F1 (COO, CFO & CMO)
Senior Management: Grade E1 (All Group Managers)

### 7.2 Board and nomination related matters

### This is not allowed under section 178

The Committee shall have the following responsibilities:

- make recommendations to the board on the appointment of the chief executive officer, new
  executives and non-executive directors, including making recommendations on the composition of
  the board generally and the balance between executive and non-executive directors appointed to
  the board;
- regularly review the board structure, size and composition and make recommendations to the board with regards to any adjustments that are deemed necessary;
- identify and nominate candidates for the approval of the board to fill board vacancies as and when they arise, as well as put in place plans for succession for the board, in particular for the chief executive and CFO;
- recommend directors that are retiring by rotation, for re-election;
- consider recommendations by management in relation to non-executive director remuneration for final recommendation by the board to shareholders;
- oversee the development of a formal induction programme for directors;
- ensure that inexperienced directors are developed through a mentorship programme;
- oversee the development and implementation of continuing professional development programmes for directors;
- ensure that directors receive regular briefings on changes to in risks, laws and the environment in which the company operates; and
- consider the performance of the directors and take steps necessary to remove directors who do not make an appropriate contribution.

### 8. GOVERNANCE

- 8.1 The Committee is authorised by the board to investigate any activity within its terms of reference. It is authorised to seek any information it requires from any employee of the group and all employees are directed to co-operate with any request made by the Committee. Such requests will be channelled through the Company's chief executive officer.
- 8.2 The Committee is authorised by the board to, at the company's expense, obtain outside legal, accounting or other independent professional advice as it considers necessary to carry out its duties and to secure the attendance of outsiders with relevant experience and expertise if it considers this necessary.



8.3 The Committee has reasonable access to the company's records, facilities and any other resources necessary to discharge its duties and responsibilities.

### 9. DISCLOSURE

The Committee shall ensure that the following is disclosed in the annual report to the extent required by law:

- Number of meetings held in a financial year
- The composition of the Committee, setting out the name, status of directorship held.
- Number of meetings attended by the directors and Members
- Details of the remuneration paid, if any, to Independent directors

### **Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP**

**Independent Auditor's Report** 

To the Members of Quality Care India Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

### **Opinion**

- 1. We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Quality Care India Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity, the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, total comprehensive loss (comprising of loss and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

### **Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

- 4. We draw attention to the following:
  - (a) Note 4.43(v) to the standalone financial statements, which describes the Company having layers of subsidiaries beyond the limit prescribed under Section 2(87) of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on Number of Layers) Rules, 2017 and the remedial steps being taken by the management.
  - (b) Note 4.47 to the standalone financial statements, which describes the proposed amalgamation of the Company (the Transferor Company) with Aster DM Healthcare Limited (the Transferee Company).

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

AN 012754N/N500016 & Hyderabad \* arm

Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP, Unit - 2B, 8th Floor, Octave Block, Block E1, Parcel - 4, Salarpuria Sattva Knowledge City, Raidurg, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500081 T: +91 (40) 44246740

Registered office and Head office: 11-A, Vishnu Digamber Marg, Sucheta Bhawan, New Delhi - 110002

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Quality Cave India Limited Report on Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

### Other Information

5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the standalone financial statements

- 6. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 7. In preparing the standalone financial statements, Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 8. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements

9. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Quality Care India Limited Report on Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

- 10. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether
    due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
    evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
    a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
    may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
    control.
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
    that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible
    for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with
    reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 11. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 12. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

13. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.



### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Quality Care India Limited Report on Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

- 14. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except that the backup of certain books of account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode has not been maintained on a daily basis on servers physically located in India during the year and the matters stated in paragraph 14(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended) ("the Rules").
  - (c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on April 1, 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - (f) With respect to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, reference is made to our remarks in paragraph 14(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 14(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
  - (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
  - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 4.37(a) to the standalone financial statements.
    - ii. The Company was not required to recognise a provision as at March 31, 2025 under the applicable law or Indian Accounting Standards, as it does not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contract. The Company did not have any derivative contracts as at March 31, 2025.
    - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year.
    - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note 4.43(vii)(a) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company



#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Quality Care India Limited Report on Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the Note 4.43(vii)(b) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. Based on our examination, the Company has used multiple accounting software and is in the process of establishing necessary controls and maintaining documentation regarding audit trail. Consequently, we are unable to comment on the audit trail feature of the aforesaid software. Accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the audit trail feature had operated throughout the year or was tampered with or whether the audit trail of the prior year has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention does not arise.
- 15. The Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number:012754N/N500016

Srikanth Pola Partner

Membership Number: 220916 UDIN: 25220916BMOQGO7310

Place: Hyderabad Date : August 05, 2025

Referred to in paragraph 14(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the standalone financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

#### Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

 We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of Quality Care India Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to standalone financial statements.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the



Referred to in paragraph 14(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the standalone financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to standalone financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls system with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number:012754N/N500016

Srikanth Pola

Partner

Membership Number: 220916 UDIN: 25220916BMOQGO7310

Place: Hyderabad Date: August 05, 2025

Referred to in paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the standalone financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and furnished by the Company, and the books of account and records examined by us during the course of our audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
  - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment are physically verified by the Management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of 3 years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
  - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in Note 4.1 (a) to the standalone financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
  - (d) The Company has chosen cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and Intaugible Assets. Consequently, the question of our commenting on whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer, or specifying the amount of change, if the change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or Intangible Assets does not arise.
  - (e) No proceedings have been initiated on (or) are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in the standalone financial statements does not arise.
  - ii. (a) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year and, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by Management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.
    - (b) During the year, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The Company has filed quarterly returns or statements with such banks, which are in agreement with the unaudited books of account. Also, refer Note 4.43(ii) to the standalone financial statements.



Referred to in paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the standalone financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

iii. (a) The Company has made investments in three companies, granted unsecured loan to one party, and has not granted secured loans/advances in nature of loans or stood guarantee, or provided security to any parties. The aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loan is as per the table given below:

Particulars	Loan (Rupees in millions)
Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year	20
- Others	
(Loan to Director)	
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of the above case	20
- Others	
(Loan to Director)	

Also, refer Note 4.12 to the standalone financial statements.

- (b) In respect of the aforesaid investments and loan, the terms and conditions under which such loans were grauted and investments were made are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) In respect of the aforesaid loan, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated. Further, there is no principal and payment of interest which has fallen due during the year. Therefore, the question of us commenting on the regularity of repayment of principal and payment of interest does not arise.
- (d) In respect of the aforesaid loan, there is no amount which is overdue for more than ninety days.
- (e) There were no loans which have fallen due during the year and were renewed/extended. Further, no fresh loans were granted to same parties to settle the existing overdue loans/advances in nature of loan.
- (f) The loan granted during the year, including to related party had stipulated the scheduled repayment of principal and payment of interest and the same were not repayable on demand.
- In our opinion, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the iv. Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the loan and investments made. The Company has not stood guarantee or provided security to any parties covered in Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits referred in Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under.
- Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to vi. maintain cost records as specified under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its products and services. We have broadly reviewed the same and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.



Referred to in paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the standalone financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

- vii. (a) In our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, professional tax and other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
  - (b) There are no statutory dues of sales tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, and professional tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute. The particulars of other statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) as at March 31, 2025 which have not been deposited on account of a dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount of demand without netting off amount paid under protest (Rupees in millions)	Amount paid under protest (Rupees in millions)*	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Income Tax Act,	Income tax	22.91	8	AY 2013-14	ITAT, Hyderabad
Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Goods and services tax	0.39	SAN C	FY 2019-20	Assistant Commissioner (ST), Visakhapatnam- I Division
Andhra Pradesh	Luxury Tax	95-44	27.99	FY 2004-05, FY 2005-06, FY 2014-15, FY 2015-16	Hon'ble High Court, Telangana
uxury Tax Act, Luxury Tax 987		21.78	21.78	FY 2006-07 to FY 2013-14	Appellate Tribunal, Hyderabad
		4.57	1.47	July 2010 to April 2011	CESTAT, Visakhapatnam
			*	FY 2014-15 to June 2017	Additional commissioner of customs,
The Finance Act,1994	Service Tax	27.47	1.25	FY October 2012 to March 2017	Central Exercise & Service tax, Hyderabad
		28.01	-	FY 2009 - 10 to FY 2013-14	CESTAT, Hyderabad
Minimum Wages Act, 1948	Minimum Wages	3.19	0.53	FY 2001-02	Hon'ble High Court, Telangana
Expenditure Tax Act, 1987	Expenditure tax	7.83	3.57	FY 1990-91 to FY 1993-94	CBDT, Hyderabad
Employee State Insurance Act, 1948	Employee State Insurance	1.26	0.42	FY 1990-91 to FY 1996-97	Hon'ble High Court, Telangana



Referred to in paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the standalone financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

Provident Fund and Miscellaneous provisions Act, 1952	Employee Provident Fund	8.77	3.51	October 2008 - August 2009	Hon'ble High Court, Telangana
The Employee Provident Fund and		9 50	2 51		Hon'ble High Court.

<sup>\*</sup>out of the total amount paid under protest Rs. 1.86 million was charged to standalone statement of profit and loss in the earlier years.

- There are no transactions previously unrecorded in the books of account that have been viii. surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest to any lender during the year.
  - On the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - In our opinion, the term loans have been applied for the purposes for which they were obtained. (Also, refer Note 4.45(ii) to the standalone financial statements)
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been utilised for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - (c) On an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or joint venture. Further, the company did not have any associate companies during the year.
  - According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or joint venture. Further, the company did not have any associate companies during the year.
  - x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
    - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
    - (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules,



Referred to in paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the standalone financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

- 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, the Company has received whistle-blower complaints during the year, which have been considered by us for any bearing on our audit and reporting under this clause.
- As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the xii. reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the xiii. provisions of Sections 177 and 188 of the Act. The details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) The reports of the Internal Auditor for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- In our opinion, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of XV. Section 192 of the Act under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) In our opinion, the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CICs, which are part of the Group. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year or in the immediately preceding xvii. financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when



Referred to in paragraph 13 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the standalone financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- xx. As at balance sheet date, the Company does not have any amount remaining unspent under Section 135(5) of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.
- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number:012754N/N500016

Srikanth Pola Partner

Membership Number: 220916 UDIN: 25220916BMOQGO7310

Place: Hyderabad Date: August 05, 2025 (All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	A	s at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
ASSETS			
A. Non-current assets		714100	
(a) Property, plant and equipment	4.1 (a)	7,141.03	6,855.99
(b) Right-of-use assets	4.1 (b)	1,800.62	1,111.40
(c) Capital work-in-progress	4.2	323.34	47.16
(d) Goodwill	4.3	283.85	283.85
(e) Other intangible assets	4.3	43.51	53.38
(f) Investments	4.4	41,277.37	40,900.46
(g) Financial assets			
(i) Loans	4.12	20.00	
(ii) Other financial assets	4.5 (a)	160.30	196.38
(h) Non-current tax assets (net)	4.7	668.29	523.82
(i) Other non-current assets	4.8 (a)	163.61	137.37
Total non-current assets (A)		51,881.92	50,109.81
B. Current assets			
(a) Inventories	4.9	218.99	202,47
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	4.10	1,991.69	1,890.81
<ul><li>(ii) Cash and cash equivalents</li></ul>	4.11 (a)	101.92	247.85
<ul><li>(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above</li></ul>	ve 4.11 (b)	20,86	16.81
(iv) Loans	4.12	0.22	9
<ul><li>(v) Other financial assets</li></ul>	4.5 (b)	30.37	18.40
(c) Other current assets	4.8 (b)	105.26	67.88
Total current assets (B)		2,469.31	2,444.22
Total assets (A+B)		54,351.23	52,554.03
QUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
A. Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	4.13 (a)	3,809.21	952.30
(b) Other equity	(u)	5,007,21	702.00
(i) Reserves and surplus	4.13 (b)	37,217.69	40,060.58
Total equity (A)	4.13 (0)	41,026.90	41,012.88
labilities		41,020.50	41,012.00
3. Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	4.14	2,366.47	1,805.52
(ii) Lease liabilities	4.38	1,924.94	1,135.49
(iii) Other financial liabilities	4.18 (a)	10.51	4,786.62
(b) Employee benefit obligations	4.15	166.00	139.34
(c) Deferred tax Liabilities (net)	4.6	303.08	729.45
Total non-current liabilities (B)	4.0	4,771.00	8,596.42
. Current Liabilities	,	4,771.00	0,370.42
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	4.14	1,491,92	200.00
(ii) Lease liabilities		,	398.88
	4.38	156.15	237.64
` '	4.17		
(iii) Trade payables			
(iii) Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of	f micro and small enterprises	177.18	19.02
(iii) Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of (b) total outstanding dues of	ther than (iii) (a) above	1,202.81	1,563.72
(iii) Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of (b) total outstanding dues of (iv) Other financial liabilities	ther than (iii) (a) above 4.18 (b)	1,202.81 5,317.09	1,563.72 443.08
(iii) Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of (b) total outstanding dues of (iv) Other financial liabilities (b) Employee benefit obligations	ther than (iii) (a) above 4.18 (b) 4.16	1,202.81	1,563.72
(iii) Trade payables  (a) total outstanding dues of  (b) total outstanding dues of  (iv) Other financial liabilities  (b) Employee benefit obligations  (c) Other current liabilities	ther than (iii) (a) above 4.18 (b)	1,202.81 5,317.09	1,563.72 443.08
(iii) Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of (b) total outstanding dues of (iv) Other financial liabilities (b) Employee benefit obligations	ther than (iii) (a) above 4.18 (b) 4.16	1,202.81 5,317.09 94.58	1,563.72 443.08 81.79
(iii) Trade payables  (a) total outstanding dues of  (b) total outstanding dues of  (iv) Other financial liabilities  (b) Employee benefit obligations  (c) Other current liabilities	ther than (iii) (a) above 4.18 (b) 4.16	1,202.81 5,317.09 94.58 113.60	1,563.72 443.08 81.79 200.60

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

This is the Standalone Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm's Registration No: 012754N/N500016

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of **Quality Care India Limited**CIN: U85110TG1992PLC014728

Srikanth Pola

Partner Membership No: 220916

Varun Shadilal Khanna Managing Director DIN: 03584124

Place: Hyderabad

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram

Director DIN: 08153649 Place: Mumbai

Chief Financial Officer PAN: AAVPM0561F Place: Hyderabad

Lipuarium Chandramoulieswaran

Company Secretary Membership No.: 41863 Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Date: 05 August 2025

Place: Hyderabad Date: 05 August 2025

#### Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
I Revenue from operations	4.20	12,198.05	11,363.35
II Other income	4.21	430.06	95.37
III Total income (I+II)		12,628.11	11,458.72
IV Expenses			
(i) Purchases of medical consumables and pharmacy items		2,974.79	2,660.72
(ii) Changes in inventories of medical consumables and pharmacy items	4.22	(19.69)	(25.91)
(iii) Employee benefits expense	4.23	2,277.30	2,037.67
(iv) Other expenses	4.24	6,335.78	5,621.93
Total expenses (IV)		11,568.18	10,294.41
V Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) (III-IV)		1,059.93	1,164.31
(i) Finance costs	4.25	865.75	630.16
(ii) Depreciation and amortisation expense	4.26	752.33	658.39
VI Profit/(Loss) before tax		(558.15)	(124.24)
VII Income Tax expense/(credit):			
(i) Current tax expense	4.27		27.79
(ii) Income tax relating to earlier periods	4.27	(4.81)	(80.44)
(iii) Deferred tax expense/(credit)	4.27	(421.35)	892.74
Total tax expense/(credit)		(426.16)	840.09
VIII Profit/(Loss) for the year (VI-VII)	Į.	(131.99)	(964.33)
IX Other comprehensive income:			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss			
(a) Remeasurement of post-employment benefit obligations		(19.93)	(8.61)
(ii) Income tax relating to these items		5.02	2.17
Other Comprehensive income for the year, net of tax (IX)		(14.91)	(6.44)
X Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year (VIII+IX)	3	(146.90)	(970.77)
Earnings/(loss) per equity share (Nominal value of equity share ₹10 (31 March 2024 : ₹10))			
Basic Earnings/(loss) per equity share (in ₹)	4.28	(0.35)	(4.32)
Diluted Earnings/(loss) per equity share (in ₹)		(0.35)	(4.32)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

This is the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm's Registration No: 012754N/N500016

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

**Quality Care India Limited** 

CIN: U85110TG1992PLC014728

Srikanth Pola

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Partner

Membership No: 220916

Varun Shadilal Khanna

Managing Director DIN: 03584124

Place: Hyderabad

Vishal Maheshwari

Chief Financial Officer PAN: AAVPM0561F

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram

Director DIN: 08153649

Place: Mumbai

Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran

Company Secretary Membership No.: 41863

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

#### **Standalone Statement of Cash Flows**

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year	ar ended
rarticulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(558.15)	(124.24)
Adjustments:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	752.33	658.39
Expected credit loss	234.08	20.70
Bad debts written off - now recovered	(63.63)	9.20
Loss on sale of Property, plant and equipment and written off	0.16	60.96
Loss on sale of investment in subsidiaries	*	1.26
Share based compensation expense	147.50	
Liability pursuant to share purchase agreement no longer required written back	(326.56)	
Interest income	(29.02)	(70.79)
Finance costs	865.75	630.16
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	1,022.46	1,176.44
(Increase) in inventories	(16.52)	(37.25)
(Increase) in trade receivables	(271.33)	(542.41)
(Increase)/decrease in loans	(20.22)	0.61
(Increase) in other assets	(44.31)	(5.08)
Decrease in other financial assets	1.32	6.39
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	(202.75)	509.44
Increase in provisions	19.52	15.87
Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabilities	10.10	(53.02)
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	(87.00)	134.57
Cash generated from operations	411.27	1,205.56
Income tax paid, net	(139.66)	(31.56)
Net cash inflow from operating activities (A)	271.61	1,174.00
Cash flow from investing activities		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(1,079.37)	(1,501.06)
Proceeds from sale of Property, plant and equipment		73.48
Purchase of mutual funds	367	(1,043.17)
Sale of mutual funds	( <b>3</b> )	1,468.06
Interest received on fixed deposits	1.58	2.22
Interest received on income tax refund	19.33	60.96
Payment for acquisition of subsidiaries	(363.49)	(28,020.56)
Proceeds from sale of investment in subsidiaries	5.70	100.00
Investment in fixed deposits	(4.05)	(3.28)
Proceeds from maturity of fixed deposits	29.32	15.00
Net cash outflow from investing activities (B)	(1,396.68)	(28,848.35)





#### **Standalone Statement of Cash Flows**

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

D421	For the yea	For the year ended	
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings	1,049.87	944.39	
Repayments of borrowings	(399.72)	(921.30)	
Proceeds from issue of Equity shares	346	28,284.12	
Transaction costs incurred adjusted towards other equity	140	(222.11)	
Interest paid	(294.55)	(152.27)	
Payment of lease liabilities	(380.30)	(339.95)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities (C)	(24.70)	27,592.88	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(A + B + C)	(1,149.77)	(81.47)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	247.85	329.32	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (note 1)	(901.92)	247.85	

	For the year ended		
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Note 1:			
Cash and cash equivalents as per above comprise of the following			
- Included in cash and cash equivalents (refer note 4.11(a) & 4.14)			
Cash on hand	13.32	8.04	
Balances with banks in current accounts	88.32	239.14	
Deposits with original maturity less than 3 months	0.28	0.67	
Cash credit facilities from bank	(1,003.84)		
Balances as per Statement of Cash Flows	(901.92)	247.85	

This is the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm's Registration No: 012754N/N500016

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

Quality Care India Limited CIN: U85110TG1992PLC014728

Srikanth Pola

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Partner

Membership No: 220916

Varun Shadilal Khanna

Managing Director DIN: 03584124

Place: Hyderabad

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram

Director

DIN: 08153649 Place : Mumbai

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Vishal Maheshwari

Chief Financial Officer PAN: AAVPM0561F

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran

Company Secretary Membership No.: 41863

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

#### Standalone Statement of changes in Equity

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

#### A. Share Capital

Equity share capital

Particulars	Notes	Number of shares	Amount
Balance as at 1 April 2023		4,14,96,894	414.97
Changes in equity share capital	4.13 (a)	5,37,33,244	537.33
Balance as at 31 March 2024		9,52,30,138	952.30
Changes in equity share capital	4.13 (a)	28,56,90,414	2,856.91
Balance as at 31 March 2025		38,09,20,552	3,809.21

, A1 - NO	Attributable to owners of Quality Care India Limited					
	Reserves and surplus					
Particulars	Securities premium	Capital reserve	Share options outstanding account	Equity component of CCPS	Retained earnings	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2023	4,457.24	11.31	122	434.24	2,012.74	6,915.53
Profit/(Loss) for the year	58		SE:		(964.33)	(964.33)
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax	E3	E .	19	2	(6.44)	(6.44)
Transaction costs incurred adjusted towards other equity	*:		(*)		(222.11)	(222.11)
Conversion of 1,45,72,480 Compulsory convertible preference shares (CCPS) into 100,00,540 Equity Shares	6,491.13	2	952	€	5	6,491.13
Fresh issue of equity shares at premium	27,846.80		125	74	5	27,846.80
Balance as at 31 March 2024	38,795.17	11.31	796	434.24	819.86	40,060.58
Profit/(Loss) for the year	2		727		(131.99)	(131.99)
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax	*:		198		(14.91)	(14.91)
Issue of 28,56,90,414 Bonus Shares (refer note 4.13 (a) (vi) )	(2,856.91)	3	571	9		(2,856.91)
Share based compensation expense (refer note 4.4 and 4.42)			160.92		3	160.92
Balance as at 31 March 2025	35,938.26	11.31	160.92	434.24	672.96	37,217.69

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

This is the Standalone Statement of changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm's Registration No: 012754N/N500016

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of **Quality Care India Limited**CIN: U85110TG1992PLC014728

Srikanth Pola

Partner

Membership No: 220916

Varun Shadifal Khanna

Place: Hyderabad

Managing Director DIN: 03584124

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram

Director DIN: 08153649 Place : Mumbai

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Vishal Maheshwari Chief Financial Officer

PAN: AAVPM0561F Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran

Company Secretary Membership No.: 41863 Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

#### 1) Material Accounting Policies:

#### a) Background and basis of preparation:

#### **Background**

Quality Care India Limited ("the Company" or "QCIL") is a public company incorporated in 1992 and domiciled in India. The registered office of the Company is located at #6-3-248/2, Road no. 1, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad - 500034.

The Company is primarily engaged in providing healthcare and related services. The Company has a network of multi-speciality hospitals across various cities in India.

#### Basis of preparation:

#### (i) Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

The standalone financial statements of the Company have been prepared and presented in accordance with all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The standalone financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 5th August 2025.

#### (ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value;
- Defined benefit plan assets measured at fair value.
- Share-based payments

#### (iii) New and amended standards adopted by the Company

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated 9 September 2024 and 28 September 2024 notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2024 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Third Amendment Rules, 2024, respectively, which amended/ notified certain accounting standards (see below), and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024:

- •Insurance contracts Ind AS 117; and
- •Lease Liability in Sale and Leaseback Amendments to Ind AS 116

These amendments did not have any material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

#### (iv) Critical estimates and judgements:

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a high degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial statements.

The area involving critical estimates or judgements are:

- Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets
- Estimation of defined benefit obligations and other long-term benefit plan
- Estimated impairment of financial assets and non-financial assets
- Provision for expected credit loss
- Provisions and contingent liabilities

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other actors are unding expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### b) Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains or losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

#### Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of the assets, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset description	Life of the assets (in years)
Buildings	60
Plant and Machinery used in medical and surgical operations	13
Furniture and fixtures	10
Vehicles	8
Office Equipment	5
Computers (end user devices)	3

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of their useful life or the lease term, unless the entity expects to use the assets beyond the lease term.

The useful lives have been determined based on technical evaluation done by the management's expert which are higher than those specified by Schedule II to the Companies Act; 2013, in order to reflect the actual usage of the asset's. The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset's.

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in statement of profit and loss.

#### Transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.





#### c) Good will and other Intangible Assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on business combination is recorded at excess of the consideration paid over the fair value of the net assets taken-over. Goodwill is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

#### Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, other intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in the Statement of profit and loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The company amortizes other intangible assets with a finite useful life using the straight-line method over the following periods:

Asset description	Life of the
	asset
	(in years)
Software	3 to 5

An item of intangible asset is derecognised when no future economic benefit are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset or upon disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of intangible assets is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of intangible assets measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of intangible assets.

#### d) Revenue recognition

Revenue primarily comprises fees charged under contract for inpatient and/or outpatient hospital services and includes sale of products comprising medical and non-medical items. Hospital services include charges for accommodation, medical professional services, equipment, radiology, laboratory, pharmaceutical goods among others, used in treatments provided to the patients.

Contracts with customers could include promises to transfer multiple services/ products to a customer. The Company assesses the product/ services promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligation in the contract. Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of services rendered, and goods sold is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and schemes offered by the Company as part of the contract including claims. Further, the Company also determines whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. These judgments and estimations are based on various factors including contractual terms and historical experience.

#### Revenue from healthcare services and related activities

Revenue is recognised at the transaction price when each performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when inpatient/ outpatients has actually received the service except for few specific services where the performance obligation is satisfied over a period of time.

Other operating revenue comprises revenue from various ancillary revenue generating activities such as clinical research, income from outsourced facilities and academic/training services which is recognised over memberiod of time, in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements, as and when services are performed.

#### Revenue from sale of pharmacy

In respect of sale of pharmaceutical products, where the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time, revenue is recognised when the control of goods is transferred to the customer.

#### Contract Assets and Liabilities

Revenue recognised by the Company where services are rendered to the customer and for which invoice has not been raised (which we refer as unbilled revenue) are classified as contract assets. Amount collected from the customer and services have not yet been rendered are classified as contract liabilities.

#### e) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for the sale of products or services in the ordinary course of business and reflects Company's unconditional right to consideration (that is, payment is due only on the passage of time). Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price as they do not contain significant financing components. The Company holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance.

For trade receivables, the company applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

#### f) Share based payments

#### Equity settled share options

The Company has granted employee stock options to the eligible employees of the company and its subsidiaries. As per the scheme, on fulfilling of the vesting conditions the Company will issue shares to the eligible employees of the company and its subsidiaries.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model. That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The expense or credit in the statement of profit and loss for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

#### Share appreciation rights

Liabilities for the Company share appreciation rights are recognised as employee benefit expense over the relevant service period based on the estimated number of rights that are expected to vest. The liabilities are presented as employee benefit obligations and remeasured to fair value at each reporting date, with any measurement changes recognised in profit or loss as employee benefit expense. In estimating the fair value, market conditions and non- vesting conditions are taken into account. Where share appreciation rights are forfeited due to a failure by the employee to satisfy the service conditions, the liability is derecognised and expenses previously recognised are reversed.

#### g) Business combination

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the following;

- fair values of the assets transferred
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- equity interests issued by the Company
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement.

The excess of the:

- consideration transferred
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity
- acquisition date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as capital reserve provided there is clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase. In other cases, the bargain purchase gain is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

Contingent consideration is classified as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date when the controlling stake was completed. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate.

#### Common control business combinations

Business combinations arising from transfers of interests in entities that are under the control of the shareholder that controls the Group are accounted for as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements or, if later, at the date that common control was established; for this purpose comparatives are revised. The assets and liabilities acquired are recognised at their carrying amounts. The identity of the reserves is preserved, and they appear in the standalone financial statements of the Group in the same form in which they appeared in the financial statements of the acquired entity. The difference, if any, between the consideration and the amount of share capital of the acquired entity is transferred to capital reserve and is presented separately from other capital reserves.





#### 2) Summary of other accounting policies:

This note provides a list of other accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements to the extent they have not been disclosed in the other notes above. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### a) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest two decimal places of millions as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

#### b) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gain or loss arising on foreign currency borrowings are presented in the statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

#### c) Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and unused losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The company measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the Liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax base of investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates and interest in joint arrangements where the group is an econtrol the timing of the reversal of temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the the seable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and where the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### d) Leases

#### As a lessee:

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the company. Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the company under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the company exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

If a readily observable amortizing loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the company use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs
- restoration costs

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

#### As a lessor:

Lease income from operating leases where the company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the orderlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

#### e) Impairment of assets

Goodwill and other Intangible assets which has indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and cash credit facility availed from banks. Cash credit facility availed from banks are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

#### g) Inventories:

Inventory of medical supplies, drugs and other consumables are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of medical supplies, drugs and other consumables comprises cost of purchases and are determined on the basis of weighted average method. Cost of inventories also include all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### h) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within credit period after recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### i) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction cost incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in statement of profit and loss under other income/expenses as appropriate.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as consequence of the breach.



#### j) Borrowings costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing cost eligible for capitalization.

Other borrowings costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### k) Provisions, Contingent Assets and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably.

The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

The Company does not recognize a contingent asset but discloses its existence in the financial statements if the inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### l) Employee benefits

#### (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

#### (ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. Therefore these obligations are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the government bond yield rates at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligations. Remeasurements as a result of the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

#### (iii) Post-employment obligations

The company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) Defined benefit plans gratuity; and
- (b) Defined contribution plans provident fund.

#### Defined benefit plans - gratuity

The liability or assets recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and change in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognized immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.

#### Defined contribution plans - provident fund

The company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered funds as per local regulations. The company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### (iv) Bonus plans

The company recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. The company recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

#### m) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds

#### n) Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorized and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

#### o) Earnings per share

#### (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- The profit attributable to owners of the company
- By the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year.



Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

#### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- The after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### p) Current or Non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

#### Assets

An asset is classified as current when:

- i) it expects to realise the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle
- ii) it holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) it expects to realise the asset within twelve months after the reporting period or
- iv) the asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in Ind AS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets shall be classified as non-current.

#### Liabilities

An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

- i) it expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle
- ii) it holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) the liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period or
- iv) it does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities shall be classified as non-current.

#### Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### q) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.





#### r) Other financial assets

#### (i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss)
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVOCI.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### (ii) Recognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, being the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sale the financial asset.

#### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, The Company measures a financial asset (excluding trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component) at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

#### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the company classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in statement of profit and loss.
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in statement of profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

#### Equity instruments

Equity investments in subsidiaries and joint venture are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in such entities, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The company subsequently measures all other equity investments which are in scope of Ind AS 109 at fair value. Where the company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised in profit or loss as other income when the company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- the Company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

#### (iv) Dividend and Interest Income recognition

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is disclosed as interest income within other income. Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost and financial assets at FVOCI is calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as part of other income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).



#### s) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities, the disclosure of the contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of these changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### t) Measurement of earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)

As permitted by the Guidance Note on division II – Ind AS Schedule III to the Act, the Company has elected to present earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) as a separate line item on the face of the Statement of profit and loss.

In its measurement of EBITDA, the Company includes other income but does not include depreciation and amortisation expense, impairment losses, finance cost and tax expense.

#### u) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Company's CODM (Chief Operating Decision Maker; which is the Board of Directors of the company) decided to have only one reportable segment as at the March 31, 2025, in accordance with IND AS 108 "Operating Segments".

#### v) Non current asset held for sale

The company classifies non-current assets held for sale if their carrying amounts will be principally recovered through a sale rather than through continuing use of assets and action required to complete such sale indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan to sell will be made or that the decision to sell will be withdrawn. Also, such assets are classified as held for sale only if the management expects to complete the sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and the fair value less cost to sell. Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised.

#### w) Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement is prepared as per the Indirect Method. Cash Flow Statements present the cash flows by operating, financing and investing activities of the Company. Operating cash flows are arrived by adjusting profit or loss before tax for the effects of transactions of a non- cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments, and items of income or expense associated with investing or financing cash flows.





# 4.1 (a) Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Freehold	Buildings	Leasehold	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office	Computer	Vehicles	Total
Gross carrying amount							25 65		
Opening gross carrying amount as at 1 April 2023	370.15	2,348.66	473.19	3.066.79	111.91	109.24	150.49	10.86	6,641.29
	29 10	1,217.24	39 99	1,426 09	20.51	14.55	75.50	3.39	2,826.37
Disposals			,	(628 62)	(36.42)	(28 32)	(27.37)	(7.74)	(728,47)
Closing gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	399.25	3,565,90	513.18	3,864.26	00'96	95.47	198.62	6.51	8,739,19
Additions	. 4	12.44	10 77	672.43	9,33	15 22	34.05	10.30	764.54
Disposals	-04		S14	10	(0.12)	(910)	ij.	89	(0.28)
Closing gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	399.25	3,578,34	523.95	4.536.69	105.21	110.53	232.67	16.81	9.503.45
Accumulated Depreciation									
Opening accumulated depreciation as at 1 April 2023	9	294.65	264.63	1,330,13	74.61	75.26	99.20	5.62	2,144.10
Depreciation charge during the year		53.70	37.50	255 12	7.61	9.21	29 08	1.87	394.09
On disposals		*	•	(560 61)	(34,46)	(26.45)	(27.00)	(6.47)	(624.99)
Closing accumulated depreciation as at 31 March 2024	•	348.35	302.13	1.024.64	47.76	58.02	101.28	1.02	1.883.20
Depreciation charge during the year	nac	67.03	31.45	323 81	7.62	10 22	37.52	1.70	479.35
On disposals	5	9	509	•	(0.03)	(0.10)	ÿ.		(0.13)
Closing accumulated depreciation as at 31 March 2025	34	415,38	333.58	1,348,45	55.35	68.14	138.80	2.72	2,362,42
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	399,25	3,217.55	211.05	2,839.62	48.24	37.45	97.34	5.49	6,855.99
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	399.25	3.162.96	190.37	3,188,24	49,86	42.39	93,87	14.09	7,141.03

Refer note 4, 14 for charge details on Property, plant and equipment.

## 4.1 (b) Right-of-use assets

		Cafegory of Right-of-use assets	it-of-use assets		
Particulars	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Vehicks	Leasehold	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2023	1,239,33	8.85	2.	8.36	1,256.54
Additions	01'66	•			99 10
Deletions			*	*	×
Depreciation charge for the vear	(236.06)	(808)	8	(60 0)	(244 24)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	1,102.37	92.0	120	8.27	1,111,40
Additions	939.93	٠	2.53	100	942 46
Deletions	70	9);	Ð	400	0
Other adjustments	(1.54)	0		000	(1.54)
Depreciation charge for the year	(251.30)	(10.0)	(0.30)	(60 0)	(251.70)
Balance as at 31 March 2025	1.789.46	0.75	2.23	8.18	1,800.62





4.2 Capital work-in-progress										
4.2 (a) Aging of CWIP:				Аше	Amounts in capital work-in-progress for	ork-in-progres	is for			
		As	As on 31 March 2025	025			As	As on 31 March 2024	024	
Particulars	Less than one year		1-2 years 2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	Less than	1-2 years 2-3 years		More than 3 years	Total
(ii) Projects in progress	281 22	42 12	3	160	323 34	46 98	0 18		٠	47.16
(ii) Projects temporarily suspended				2	100		40			•
Total	281.22	42.12			323,34	46.98	0.18		10.5	47,16

4 2 (b) There are no projects in progress or projects temporarily suspended under capital work-in-progress whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to the original plan as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024

# 4.3 Goodwill and Other intangible assets

Particulars	Goodwill	Other intangible assets	Total
Gross carrying amount			
Opening gross carrying amount as at 1 April 2023	283.85	284.49	568.34
Additions		7 20	7.20
Deletions during the year	4	24	4
Closing gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	283.85	291.69	575.54
Additions		11.41	11.41
Deletions during the year		(ā)	٠
Closing gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	283.85	303.10	586,95
Accumulated amortisation			
Opening accumulated amortisation as at 1 April 2023		218,25	218.25
Amortisation charge for the year	90	20.06	20 06
Impairment charge		AT.	
Closing accumulated amortisation as at 31 March 2024	<b>(4</b>	238.31	238.31
Amortisation charge for the year	W.	21.28	21.28
Impairment charge		(4)	(8)
Closing accumulated amortisation as at 31 March 2025	*	259.59	259.59
Closing net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	283.85	53.38	337.23
Closing net carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	283.85	43.51	327.36

Management reviews the carrying value of goodwill annually to determine whether there has been any impairment by allocating the value of goodwill to a Cash Generating Unit (CGU). The Company has identified each bospital unit and Malakpet hospital unit, which benefits from the synergies of the acquisition and which represents the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes

Value in use i.e. the enterprise value of each CGU is augregate of cash flow projections. for five years as approved by Senior Management and beyond five years extrapolated using a long-term growth rate of 5%. Cash flow projections are discounted by a pre-tax discount rate, being the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC), which is 14 01%

The Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the above key assumptions on which recoverable amount is based would not cause the aggregate carrying amount to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of the CGU.





Notes to the standalone financial statements
(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

4.4	Investments
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Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Non-current		
Investment in equity instruments (fully paid up)		
Unquoted		
Investment in subsidiaries - at cost		
844,016 (31 March 2024: 844,016) equity shares in Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited	252.96	252.96
10,000 (31 March 2024: 10,000) equity shares in Quality Care Jharsuguda Private Limited	0.10	0.10
8,794,000 (31 March 2024: 8,794,000) equity shares in Ganga Care Hospital Limited	87.94	87.94
9,448,693 (31 March 2024: 9,448,693) equity shares in Convenient Hospitals Limited	3,945.46	3,945.46
39,040,870 (31 March 2024: 39,040,870) equity shares in United CIIGMA Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	3,594.25	3,594.25
6,729,900 (31 March 2024: 6,658,584) equity shares in Condis India Healthcare Private Limited*	19,366.91	19,166.91
24,591,358 (31 March 2024: 24,150,788) equity shares in KIMS Healthcare Management Limited*#	8,292.72	8,135.81
128,063,405.10 (31 March 2024: 128,063,405.10) equity shares in Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited	5,716.98	5,716.98
20,00,000 (31 March 2024: NIL) equity shares in Culinary Cure Foods Private Limited	20.00	3
Total	41,277.32	40,900.41
Unquoted		
Investment in Joint venture - at cost		
5,000 (31 March 2024: 5,000) equity shares in Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited	0.05	0.05
	0.05	0.05
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	41,277.37	40,900.46

<sup>\*</sup>Includes acquisition-related costs incurred on behalf of the acquiree  $\stackrel{?}{_{\sim}}$  176.69 #Includes share based compensation expense of  $\stackrel{?}{_{\sim}}$  13.42 (31 March 2024: Nil)

#### 4.5 Other financial assets

Other infancial assets		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
(a) Non current		011111111111111111111111111111111111111
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposits	160.16	166.65
Fixed deposits with banks with more than 12 months maturity	0.13	29.45
Interest accrued on fixed deposits with banks	0.01	0.28
Total	160,30	196.38
(b) Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Security deposits	17.93	13.80
Interest accrued on fixed deposits with banks	0.62	0.09
Others	11.82	4.51
Total	30.37	18.40





Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

#### 4.6 Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (net)

The following is the analysis of deferred tax assets, net recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and other comprehensive income

(i) Deferred tax assets/(llabilities) in relation to:	As at 1 April 2024	(Charged)/credited to Statement of Profit and Loss	(Charged)/credited to other comprehensive income	Others	As at 31 March 2025
Property, plant and equipment ("PPE")	(767.89)	(57.44)	:		(825,33)
Borrowings measured at amortised cost	(3.88)	1.89	3	*	(1.99)
Provision for doubtful trade receivables	73.65	56,65	*	3.5	130.30
Provision for bad and doubtful loans	23.00		5.	550	23.00
Provision for employee benefits	87.04	9.51	5.02	-	101.57
On Carry forward business loss	548	104.71	*	æ:	104.71
Expenses allowable on deduction of TDS	27.41	39.25		200	66.66
Right-of-use assets	(388.36)	(240.84)	2	120	(629.20)
Provision for lease liabilities	479.80	247.39	*	98	727.19
Investment in subsidiary	(260.23)	260.23			3.5
On equity component of CCPS	(233.24)	E	2	120	(233.24)
On interest expense of CCPS	233,25				233.25
Total	(729.45)	421.35	5.02		(303.08)

(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:	As at 1 April 2023	(Charged)/credited to Statement of Profit and Loss	(Charged)/credited to other comprehensive income	Others	As at 31 March 2024
Property, plant and equipment ("PPE")	(733.09)	(34.80)		s#	(767.89)
Borrowings measured at amortised cost	(6.23)	2.35	≨	100	(3.88)
Provision for doubtful trade receivables	79.85	(6.20)	*	68a	73.65
Provision for bad and doubtful loans	23.00		2	98	23.00
Provision for employee benefits	83.27	1.60	2.17	(inc	87.04
Loss from specified business*	810.38	(810.38)	*	5.55	
Indexation benefit of land	86.06	(86.06)	€	727	120
Expenses allowable on deduction of TDS	24.66	2.75	8	E.	27.41
MAT credit	74.62	(74.62)			(2)
Right-of-use assets	(436.15)	47.79	2	i Ē	(388.36)
Provision for lease liabilities	517.12	(37.32)	2	363	479.80
Investment in subsidiary	70	37		(260.23)	(260.23)
On equity component of CCPS	(233.24)	127	5	23	(233.24)
On interest expense of CCPS	131.10	102.15	8	E-	233.25
Total	421.35	(892.74)	2.17	(260.23)	(729.45)

#### \*Note:

Due to change in shareholding in the previous year, the deferred tax asset created in the earlier years on the specified business losses are not considered recoverable and the same is reversed in the previous year.

#### 4.7 Non- current tax assets (net)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Advance income tax (net of provision for taxation ₹ 596.51 (31 March 2024 : ₹ 568.72))	668,29	523.82
Total	668.29	523.82





8 Other assets Particulars	As at	As at
raruculars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(a) Non-current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Statutory dues paid under protest	58.66	58.66
Capital advances	87.41	67.94
Prepaid expenses	4.20	3.73
Advances to vendors	6.30	-
Others	7.04	7.04
Total	163.61	137.37
(b) Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Prepaid expenses	54.82	35.59
Advances to vendors	50.22	30,29
Others	0.22	2.00
Total	105.26	67.88
9 Inventories*		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Medical consumables and pharmacy items	195.71	176.02
Other consumables	23.28	26.45
Total	218.99	202.47

\* Refer note 4.14 for details of inventories pledged/hypothecated as security, if any,

#### 4.10 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Trade receivables considered good - billed	2,263.95	1,980.39
Trade receivables considered good - unbilled	100.62	132.07
Total	2,364.57	2,112.46
Less: Expected credit loss*	(372.88)	(221.65)
Total trade receivables including unbilled revenue	1,991.69	1,890.81
Trade receivables	1,893.08	1,761.78
Unbilled revenue	98.61	129.03

\*The movement in the expected credit loss on trade receivables for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 is as follows:

	For the	year ended
	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening balance at beginning of the year	221.65	238.70
Provision made during the year (refer note 4.24)	234.08	20.70
Bad debts written off during the year	(82.85)	(37.75)
Closing balance at end of the year	372.88	221,65

				Outsta	nding for foll	owing periods fi	rom the due date	
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivables ar	d unbilled							
-Considered good	100.62	834.69	601.66	459.21	357.69	10.70		2,364.57
-Expected credit loss rate	2%	10%	10%	20%	35%	100%	5	16%
-Expected credit loss	(2.01)	(84.59)	(60.17)	(91.84)	(123.57)	(10.70)	8	(372.88)
Total	98.61	750.10	541.49	367.37	234.12	/@f		1,991.69

				Outsta	nding for follo	owing periods fr	om the due date	
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivables at	id unbilled							
-Considered good	132.07	581.19	930.42	348.17	117.29	3.32	=	2,112.46
-Expected credit loss rate	2%	8%	9%	16%	29%	100%		10%
-Expected credit loss	(3.04)	(43.98)	(81.85)	(55.05)	(34.41)	(3.32)		(221,65)
Total	129.03	537.21	848.57	293.12	82.88	De:	-8	1,890.81



#### Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

#### 4.11 Cash and bank balances

As at	As at
31 March 2025	31 March 2024
88.32	239.14
13.32	8.04
0.28	0.67
101.92	247,85
20.86	2,72
52	14.09
20.86	16,81
122.78	264.66
	88.32 13.32 0.28 101.92 20.86

\*Balances are restrictive in nature as they are earmarked funds payable to the minority share holders of Care Institute of Medical Sciences Limited, which was amalgamated with the Company with effect from 1 April 2016 in accordance with the terms of the scheme of smalgamation sanctioned by the National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad vide its Order dated 5 May 2017. The company has transferred the amount to Investor education and protection fund on 16 August 2024.

#### 4.12 Loans

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Non-Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Loan to Director	20.00	20
Unsecured, significant increase in credit risk		
Loans to related parties	65.83	65.83
Less: Loss allowance	(65.83)	(65.83
Total	20.00	
Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Other advances	0.22	
Total	0.22	2





Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

# 4.13 (a) Equity share capital

(a) Educit Samue Capturi		
Bd	Asat	As at
r a trouida S	31 March 2025 31 March 2024	31 March 2024
Authorised Share capital		
432,000,000 (31 March 2024: 132,000,000) Equity shares of ₹16 each	4,320.00	1,320.00
3,500,006 (31 March 2024; 3,500,000) Preference shares of ₹10 each	35 00	35.00
Total authorised share capital	4,355.00	1,
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up equity shares		
Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up equity shares*	3,809.21	952.30
Includes (a) Bonus issue during the current year. (b) CCPS conversion, fresh issue of equity shares through private placement during the previous year.		

(i) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning of the year and end of the reporting period

### **Equity Shares**

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	ch 2025	As at 31 March 2024	rch 2024
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
At the beginning of the year	95,230,138	952.30	41,496,894	414 97
Issued during the year	285,690,414	2,856.91	53,733,244	537.33
Balance at the end of the year	380,920,552	3,809.21	95,230,138	952.30

# (ii) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

Directors, it is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. Where dividend is proposed by the Board of receive remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amount. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders

# (iii) Equity shares held by the Holding Company

Particulars		As at 31 March 2025	C707 UD.	As at 31 March 2024	CD 2024
	Nature of Shares	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
BCP Asta II Topco IV Pte. Ltd. Singapore	Equity	273,663,300	2,736 63	68,415,825	684.16
188					

# (iv) Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	rch 2025	As at 31 March 2024	rch 2024
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares % holding Number of shares	% holding
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte, Ltd, Singapore	273,663,300		71.84% 68.415.825	71.84%
	91,221,100	23.95%	22,805,275	23.95%

(v) The Company has not bought back any equity shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the last Balance Sheet date.

extra ordinary general meeting held on 14 June 2024. The said bonus shares rank pari passu in all respects with the existing equity shares of the Company, including dividend. As a result of the shareholders whose names appeared in the Register of Members as on 1 July 2024, being the record date fixed for this purpose, in accordance with approval received from the Members in the bonus issue, the paid-up capital of the Company increased to ₹ 3,809.21 from ₹ 952.30. The paid-up capital on account of bonus issue of ₹ 2,856.91 has been appropriated from securities (vi) On 2 July 2024, the Company had allotted 285,690,414 bonus shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in the proportion of 3 bonus shares for every 1 fully paid up equity share to eligible premium.

Other than as disclosed above, no shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the balance sheet date.



Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

# (vii) Details of equity shareholdings by the Promoter/Promoter Group

The Deland of the control of the con					
Promoter/Promoter Group Name	As at 31 March 2025	t 1 2025	As at 31 March 2024	t 1 2024	% Change during
	Number of Shares	% holding	Number of Shares	% holding	and John
BCP Asia Il Tonco IV Pre. Ltd. Singapore	273,663,300	71.84%	68,415,825 71.84%	71.84%	%00.0
Total	273,663,300	71.84%	68,415,825	68,415,825 71.84%	0.00%

<sup>\* %</sup> change during the year has been computed on the basis of the number of shares at the beginning of the year.

## 4.13 (b) Other equity

		Reser	Reserves and surplus			
Particulars	Securities premium	Capital reserve	Share options outstanding	Share options Equity component outstanding of CCPS	Retained earnings	Total
	A 457 34	11 31	account	724 74	2 012 74	55.516.9
Balance at 1 April 2023	F4:10F#	TOTT		Lave Ct	100 1000	1001100
Profit/(Loss) for the year	The Control	٠	•		(964.33)	(964.33)
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax	40	100	907	,( <b>0</b> ),	(6.44)	(6.44)
Transaction costs incurred adjusted towards	¥A	6%		000	(222 11)	(222 11)
other equity						
Conversion of 1,45,72,480 CCPS into	211017		III		54	6 401 13
100,00,540 Equity Shares	0,491.15	0		15	iii	0,1/1,12
Fresh issue of equity strares at premium	27.846.80	9	1			27,846.80
Balance at 31 March 2024	38,795.17	11.31	•	434.24	819.86	40,060.58
Profit/(Loss) for the year	*	*	ĸ	100	(131,99)	(131.99)
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax	181		*	**	(14.91)	(14.91)
Issue of 28,56,90,414 Bonus Shares	(16 958 6)	<b>%</b>	14	196	y	(2.856.91)
(refer note 4,13 (a) (vi) )	(1,000;=)					
Share based compensation expense	5	0 0	160.021	19	79	76 091
(refer note 4.4 and 4.42)		•	100,72	•	i	77.001
Balance at 31 March 2025	35,938.26	11.31	160.92	434.24	672.96	37,217.69

## Nature and purpose of reserves

## Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of equity shares, It is utilised in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

### Capital reserve

Capital reserves comprises of:

(i) 4.25 towards excess of net assets taken over the consideration paid as part of business combination. This was created in accordance with the composite scheme of amalgamation, sanctioned by the High Court for the States of Telangana and Andhra Pradesh vide its Order dated 18 August 2016, for the amalgamation of Quality Care Hi-tech City Private Limited, wholly owned subsidiary, with the Company during the year ended 31 March 2016.

(ii) 7.06 represents forceited money received against share warrants in the earlier years

# Equity component of compulsory convertible preference shares

The Company had issued 14,572,480 Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (coupon rate of 0.001%) of ₹ 10 each. @₹ 452.30 including a premium of ₹ 442.30 per Compulsorily The nature of this reserve is to record the difference arising on account of conversion of compulsorily convertible preference shares into equity shares. Convertible Preference Share to Touch Healthcare Private Limited, Maunitius which were converted into 10,000,540 equity shares in previous year.

# Share options outstanding account

The fair value of the equity settled share based payment options is recognised in share options outstanding account over the vesting period of such options. The Company transfers the proportionate amounts, outstanding in this account, in relation to options exercised to securities premium on the date of exercise of such options.



#### 4.14 Borrowings

Borrowings	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 Ma	rch 2024
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Secured - at amortised cost				
Term loans from banks				
- HSBC - Term loan (refer note i)	1,142.56	108.50	1,250.63	48.94
- Axis Bank - Term loan (refer note iii)	991.77	201.20	143.10	183.20
Term loans from banks (A)	2,134.33	309.70	1,393.73	232.14
Term loans from financial institutions				
- NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (refer note ii)	232,14	178.38	411.79	166.74
Term loans from financial institutions (B)	232.14	178.38	411.79	166.74
Cash credit facilities from bank (refer note iv) (C)	_	1,003.84		_
Total (A+B+C)	2,366.47	1,491.92	1,805.52	398.88

#### Notes:

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financial activities excluding interest accrued\*\*

	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening balance at beginning of the year	2,204.40	1,460.82
Proceeds from borrowings	2,053.71	944.39
Repayments of borrowings	(399.72)	(200,81)
Closing balance at end of the year	3,858.39	2,204.40

\*\*Borrowings include current and non-current portions of term loans from banks and financial institutions.

Reconciliation of interest accrued on above borrowings

	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Opening balance at beginning of the year	12	545
Interest expenses	294,55	152.27
Interest paid	(294.55)	(152.27)
Closing balance at end of the year	1	390

- i HSBC Bank Term Loan- Secured by first pari passu charge on immovable & movable Property, plant and equipment all present and future asset. Second pari passu charge on stocks & receivables all present and future assets towards overdraft and working capital loan facilities. The loan is repayable in 9 years (including moratorium period of 2 years) carries an interest rate of T bill rate + 1.58% p.a with an average rate of (31 March 2025 : 8.28% to 8.89%) (31 March 2024 : 8.50% to 9.23%)
- ii NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited The loan is secured by first pari passu charge over all movable and immovable property, plant and equipment, present and future of the Company, Second pari passu charge over all present and future current assets of the Company, The loan carries an interest rate of five year NIIF IFL benchmark rate + 0.4% (As on 31 March 2025; 7,30% per annum) (As on 31 March 2024; 7.30%
- iii Axis Bank term loan Secured by first pari passu charge over all movable and immovable property, plant and equipment, present and future of the Company and also hypothecation of entire movable fixed assets both present and future of the Company.

  Second pari passu charge over all present and future current asset of the Company. The said loan is repayable in 5 years and 10 months and carries an interest rate of repo rate + 1.95% p.a. (31 March 2025; 8.45% p.a.) (31 March 2024; 8.45% p.a.) payable at monthly intervals.
- iv Cash credit facility from Axis Bank Unsecured and is repayable on demand. During the year ended March 31, 2025 the rate of interest was 9.20% per annum; (31 March 2024 9.20% per annum)





Quality Care India Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements
(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at	As at
r Stittensis	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity	134.28	112.99
Compensated absences	31.72	26.35
Total	166.00	139.34
.16 Employee benefit obligations - current		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity	70.21	61.25
Compensated absences	24,37	20.54
Total	94.58	81.79
.17 Trade payables		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Trade payable: Micro and small enterprises; (refer note 4.31)	177.18	19,02
Trade payable : others	1,202.19	1,563.10
Trade payable to related parties; (refer note 4.33)	0.62	0.62
	1,379,99	1,582.74

Aging of trade payables as on 31 March 2025:

		Not	Outstanding for following periods from the due date			date	
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables							
Micro enterprises and small enterprises		177.18	-		2	2.4	177.18
Others including related parties	525.71	479,86	107.73	1.03	12.97	75.51	1,202.81
Total	525.71	657.04	107.73	1.03	12.97	75.51	1,379.99

Aging of trade payables as on 31 March 2024:

		Not	Outstanding for following periods from the due date			e date	
Particulars	Unbilled	due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables							
Micro enterprises and small enterprises	4	19.02	- 9		- 4		19.02
Others including related parties	393.44	826.27	97.50	10.55	8.90	227,06	1,563.72
Total	393.44	845.29	97.50	10.55	8.90	227.06	1,582.74





4.18 (a) Other financial liabilities- Non current

As at	As at
31 March 2025	31 March 2024
*	4,775.89
10.51	10.73
10.51	4,786.62
	31 March 2025 10.51

4.18 (b) Other financial liabilities- current

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Capital creditors	11.63	19.42
Employee benefit payables	10.88	65.56
Retention money and deposits	19.41	16.96
Purchase consideration payable*	5,198.04	12
Other payables**	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	341.14
Total	5,317.09	443.08

\* Represents deferred purchase consideration payable to the seller prior to 1 December 2025 for acquiring Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited. The deferred consideration is classified as financial liability and measured at fair value in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS).

\*\*Other paybale include ₹ Nil (31 March 2024: ₹14.09) payable to the minority share holders of Care Institute of Medical Sciences Limited, which was amalgamated with the Company with effect from 1 April 2016 in accordance with the terms of the scheme of amalgamation sanctioned by the National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad vide its Order dated 5 May 2017. The company has transferred the amount to Investor education and protection fund on 16 August 2024.

4.19 Other liabilities

17 Other habilities		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	31 WINTER 2025	31 WINICH 2024
Current		
Statutory dues	113.60	199.85
Unearned revenue (refer note 4.41)	-	0,75
	113.60	200.60





Quality Care India Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements
(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

4.20 Revenue fro	m operations
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Part	ticulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Reve	enue from healthcare services	11,659.99	10,800.18
Reve	enue from outpatient pharmacy	486.82	515.56
Othe	er operating income	51.24	47.61
Tota	al	12,198.05	11,363.35
Reve	enue disaggregation geography wise is as follows:		
Part	iculars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
India		12,198.05	11,363.35
	er than India	12,190.03	11,303,33
Oute	s dan mua	12,198.05	11,363.35
Reco	onciliation of contract price to revenue recognised from healthcare services is as follows:		
	iculars	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Cont	tract Price	12,507.54	11,586.07
Less	: disallowances	(309.49)	(222.72)
Reve	enue from healthcare services	12,198.05	11,363.35
1 Othe	er income		
Part	iculars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
) Inter	rest income		
on fi	inancial assets (bank deposits) measured at amortised cost	1.58	2.22
on in	ncome tax refund	19.33	60.96
on fi	inancial assets carried at amortised cost	8.11	7.61
) Othe	er non-operating income		
	ility pursuant to share purchase agreement no longer required written back	326.56	
	debts written off - now recovered	63.63	E:
	cellaneous income	10.85	12.62
	gain arising on mutual funds designated at FVTPL	0.73	13.22
	arising on Sale of investment	790	(1,26)
Tota	al Company of the Com	430.06	95.37

 Changes in inventories of medical consumables and phat macy terms		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Inventory at the beginning of the year	176.02	150.11
Inventory at the end of the year	195.71	176.02
Total	(19.69)	(25.91)

.43	Employee benefits expense		
	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
	Salaries, wages and bonus*	1,847.96	1,682.99
	Share based compensation expense (refer note 4.42)	147.50	123.58
	Contribution to provident and other funds	97.33	89,35
	Gratuity and compensated absences	58.41	36,11
	Staff welfare expenses	126.10	105.64
	Total	2,277.30	2,037.67

<sup>\*</sup>Net of amount capitalised (refer note 4.29)





Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

4.24	Other	expenses
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Particulars	For the year ended	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Power and fuel	247.66	249.77
Rent	51.24	45,58
Repairs and Maintenance		
- Buildings	48.70	36.01
- Plant and machinery and others	272.36	316.38
Hospital maintenance	83.67	83,00
Housekeeping charges	292.22	266,99
Security charges	115.74	102,08
Insurance	11.70	11.40
Water charges	32,76	28.13
Books and periodicals	7.63	9,93
Rates and taxes	133.48	135,47
Travelling and conveyance	47.10	35,65
Communication expense	38.49	35,52
Marketing and business promotion expense	376.56	306.27
Expected credit loss	234.08	20,70
Printing and stationery	41.95	39.79
Payments to the auditor (refer note (a))	30.50	14.15
Legal and professional charges	580.11	532.74
Catering charges, net	147.37	133,06
Diagnostics expenses	23.13	54.10
Contribution towards Corporate social responsibility (refer note (b))	17.72	17.97
Professional charges to doctors	3,423.67	3,036,28
Loss on sale of Property, plant and equipment net including written off	0.16	60.96
Bank charges	29.97	30.17
Miscellaneous expenditure	47.81	19,83
Total	6,335.78	5,621.93

\*Net of amount capitalised (refer note 4.29)

# Note (a): Details of payments to auditors

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
For statutory audit	14.00	14.00
For special purpose audit	16.00	
For certificate	0.50	0,15
	30.50	14.15
	For the year ended	For the year ended
Note (b): Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)	31 March 2025	31 March 2024

a) Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the year	17.72	17.97
b) Amount of expenditure incurred	17.72	17.97
c) Amount of shortfall for the year	-	-
d) Amount of cumulative shortfall at the end of the year	2 <del>2</del> 2	9
e) Reason for shortfall	Not applicable	Not applicable

	31-Mar-25			31-Mar-24		
f) Amount spent during the year on	In Cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total	In Cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
i) Construction/Acuisition of any asset			Xe:	(#0		
ii) On numoses other than (i) above	17.72	761	17 72	17.07		17.0

ii) On purposes other than (i) above 17.72 17.72 17.97 17.97 17.97 17.97 17.97 17.97 17.97 17.97 17.97 19.97

# 4.25 Finance costs

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Interest on borrowings*	294.55	152,27
Interest on lease liabilities (refer note 4.38)	149.05	135,27
Interest on compulsory convertible preference shares	19	292,32
Interest on deferred consideration payable	422.15	50.30
Total	865.75	630.16
<b>12. 2. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 4. 3.</b>		

\*Net of amount capitalised (refer note 4.29)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	479.35	394.09
Amortisation on other intangible assets	21,28	20.85
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	251,70	29424
Total	752.33	658.39



Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.27 Income tax expense/ (credit)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Income tax expense/(credit) reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Tax expense comprises of:		
Current tax expense	-	27.79
Income tax relating to earlier periods	(4.81)	(80.44)
Deferred tax expense/(credit)	(421.35)	892.74
	(426,16)	840.09

Reconciliation of tax expense/ (credit) and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(558.15)	(124.24)
Tax at the Indian tax rate 34.944% (31 March 2024: 34.944%)	(195.04)	(43.41)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Effect of income not subject to tax under the Income Tax Act, 1961	35	(2.66)
Deferred tax asset on previously recognised tax losses are reversed as not considered recoverable (refer note 4.6)	-	810.38
Reversal of Deferred Tax Liability created on Liability pursuant to share purchase agreement.	(260.23)	2
Liability pursuant to share purchase agreement no longer required written back	(114.11)	8
Interest cost on deferred Consideration	147.51	17.57
Indexation benefit on land	59	86.07
Income tax pertaining to earlier years	(4.81)	(80.44)
Other adjustments	0.52	52.58
Tax expense/(credit)	(426.16)	840.09

4.28 Earnings per equity share (EPES)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(131.99)	(964.33)
Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	95,230,138	41,496,894
Add: Equity shares issued during the year		53,733,244
Add: Issue of Bonus shares	285,690,414	*
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	380,920,552	95,230,138
Weighted average number of equity shares considered in computation of Basic EPES	380,920,552	223,351,752
Basic Earnings/(Loss) per equity share in ₹ (absolute number)	(0.35)	(4.32)
Diluted Earnings/(Loss) per equity share in ₹ (absolute number)	(0.35)	(4.32)

Note: There is no dilution to the basic earnings per share as there are no dilutive potential equity shares.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, pursuant to approval given by its shareholders, the Company has issued 285,690,414 equity shares of ₹10 each as fully paid-up bonus shares in the ratio of 3 bonus shares for every 1 fully paid up equity share. The bonus shares attributable to outstanding equity shares at the beginning of previous period have been considered in computing the weighted average number of equity shares. Accordingly, earnings per share has been adjusted for previous year and presented in accordance with Ind AS 33, Earnings Per Share. Also, refer note 4.13(a)(vi).



### Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

#### 4.29 Incidental expenditure during the construction period

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company has capitalised the following amounts to the Capital work-in-progress (CWIP). Consequently, amounts disclosed under the respective notes are after adjusting amounts capitalised by the Company.

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Opening Balance	2.00	244.41	
Employee benefits expense (refer note 4.23)	1.62	9.45	
Other expenses (refer note 4.24)	-	51,52	
Finance cost (refer note 4.25)	180	78,58	
Capitalized during the year to Property, plant and equipment		(381.96)	
Closing Balance	3.62	2.00	

#### 4.30 Segment Information

Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS 108, operating segments are to be reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The Board of Directors has assessed the identification of reportable segments in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" ("Ind AS 108") and believes that the Company has only one reportable segment namely 'Medical and Health care services'.

### Geographical information

The Company primarly operates within India.

#### Major customers

The Company has no single customer who has contributed more than 10% of the Company's total revenue during the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

## 4.31 Details of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises as per MSMED Act, 2006

The creditors covered by Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("the MSMED Act, 2006") have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. Disclosures in respect of the amounts payable to such parties are given below:

Particulars	As at	As at 31 March 2024
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	177.18	19.02
Interest due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	9.27	3.84
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	584.19	204.00
Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the year	2	2
Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act	3.84	*
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	5.43	3,84
Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act	9.27	3.84

# Notes:

Explanation- The terms 'appointed day', 'buyer', 'enterprise', 'micro enterprise', 'small enterprise' and 'supplier', shall have the same meaning as assigned to them under clauses (b), (d), (e), (h), (m) and (n) respectively of section 2 of "the MSMED Act, 2006."





### Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.32 Employee benefits

#### Defined benefit plan

The Company provides its employees with benefits under a defined benefit plan, referred to as the "Gratuity Plan". The Gratuity Plan entitles an employee, who has rendered at least five years of continuous service, to receive 15 days salary for each year of completed service at the time of retirement/ exit in accordance with Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The plan is managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India. The Company accrues gratuity as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 as applicable as at the Balance Sheet date.

# A Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the status of the gratuity plan and the amounts recognised in the Company's standalone financial statements as at the reporting dates:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Defined benefit obligation	211.27	181.57
Fair value of plan assets	6.78	7.33
Net defined benefit liability	204.49	174.24
Non-current	134.28	112.99
Current	70.21	61.25

### B Reconciliation of net defined benefit liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for net defined benefit liability and its components:

## l) Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	181.57	160,06
Benefit payments from plan assets	(26.95)	(18,87)
Current service cost	25.71	21.82
Interest expense	12,15	11.30
Remeasurement due to actuarial losses/(gains) arising from		
- changes in financial assumptions	1.03	1.03
- experience adjustments	17.76	6.23
Defined benefit obligation at the closing of the year	211.27	181.57

# il) $\underline{\textbf{Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets}}$

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Plan assets at the beginning of the year	7.33	6.76
Contributions	27.01	20,23
Benefits paid	(26.95)	(18,87)
Interest income	0.53	0.56
Remeasurement due to actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	(1.14)	(1.35)
Plan assets at the closing of the year	6.78	7.33
Net defined benefit liability	204.49	174.24

## C Expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Current service cost	25.71	21.82	
Interest on net defined liability / (asset)	11.62	10.74	
Total cost, included in 'employee benefits expense'	37.33	32.56	





## Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.32 Employee benefits (continued)

D Remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income

For the year ended	For the year ended
31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(18.79)	(7.26)
(1.14)	(1.35)
(19.93)	(8.61)
	31 March 2025 (18.79) (1.14)

### E Actuarial assumptions

The following are the principal actuarial assumptions:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Attrition rate	40.00%	40.00%
Discount rate	7.00%	7.23%
Salary escalation rate	5.00%	5.00%
Retirement age	58 years	58 years

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

## F Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation is as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Within 1 Year	70.24	61.32
2 to 5 years	140,66	120.55
6 to 10 years	35.82	31.33
11 years and above	5,59	4.98
	252.31	218.18

### G Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, can affect the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Discount rate (+ 1% movement)	(4.38)	(3.75)
Discount rate (- 1% movement)	4.61	3.95
Salary escalation (+ 1% movement)	5.32	4.58
Salary escalation (- 1% movement)	(5.15)	(4.45)

H The Company expects to contribute ₹ 70.24 ( FY 24: 61.25) as its contribution to gratuity within one year from the year ended 31 March 2025.

# I Defined contribution plan

The Company's contribution towards its provident fund is a defined contribution retirement plan for qualifying employees. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the Government. Details for the expenditure recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss is as below:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss towards		
Provident fund	89.99	84.01





Notes to the standalone financial statements
(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

# 4.33 Related party disclosure

(a) Name of related parties and	nature of relationship
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Nature of relationship	Names
Tolding Company and Ultimate Holding Company	BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte. Ltd. Singapore, Holding Company (w.e.f 27 Oct 2023)
	BCP Asia II Holdco IV Pte. Ltd, Singapore, Ultimate Controlling Party (w.e.f 27 Oct 2023
	BCP Asia II Holding Co Pte. Ltd, Entity exercising joint control on BCP Asia II Holdco IV
	Pte. Ltd (w.e.f 27 Oct 2023)
	BCP VIII Holding Co Pte. Ltd, Entity exercising joint control on BCP Asia II Holdco IV Pt Ltd (w.e.f 27 Oct 2023)
	Touch Healthcare Private Limited, Mauritius, Holding Company (w.e.f 29 Jun 2022 to 26 Oct 2023)
	TPG Capital, L.P, Ultimate Controlling Party (w.e.f 29 Jun 2022 to 26 Oct 2023)
Subsidiaries	Ganga Care Hospital Limited
	Culinary Cure Foods Private Limited
	Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited
	Galaxy Care Multispecialty Hospital Private Limited (upto 27 Apr 2023)
	Convenient Hospitals Limited
	Heart Care Institute and Research Centre (Indore) Pvt Ltd
	United Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited
	Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited
	United Ciigma Hospitals Healthcare Private Limited
	Quality Care Jharsuguda Private Limited
	Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited (w.e.f 14 Feb 2024)
	STS Holdings Limited (w.e.f 14 Feb 2024)
	STS Hospital Chittagong Limited (w.e.f 14 Feb 2024)
	Condis India Healthcare Private Limited (w.e.f 23 Jan 2024)
	KIMS Health care Management Limited (w.e.f 23 Jan 2024)
	KIMS Kollam Multispeciality Hospital India Private Limited (w.e.f 23 Jan 2024)
	KIMS Bellerose Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited (w.e.f 23 Jan 2024)
	KIMS Nagercoil Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited (w.e.f 23 Jan 2024)
	Spiceretreat Hospitality Services Private Limited (w.e.f 23 Jan 2024)
	KIMSHEALTH Executive Leisure Private Limited (w.e. f 23 Jan 2024)
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Jasdeep Singh, Chief Executive Officer (upto 31 Mar 2025)
Management resonant (12171)	Vikas Rastogi, Chief Financial Officer (upto 12 Jan 2024)
	Varun Shadilal Khanna, Managing Director (w.e.f 10 Apr 2024)
	Deepak Khanna, Chief Financial Officer (from 30 May 2024 upto 27 Nov 2024)
	Vishal Maheswari, Chief Financial officer (w.e.f. 27 Nov 2024)
	Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran, Company Secretary
Directors	Vishal Bali (Non-Executive Director)
	Hari Prasad Kovelamudi (Chairman & Non-Executive Director)
	Jasdeep Singh (Executive Director) (upto 31 Mar 2025)
	Ekta Bahl (Independent Non-Executive Director)
	Kewal Kundanlal Handa (Independent Non-Executive Director)
	Mahadevan Narayanamon(Non-Executive Director)
	Himanshu Dodeja (Non-Executive Director)
	Ganesh Mani (Non-Executive Director)
	Ayshwarya Vikram (Non-Executive Director)
	Tejas Naphade (Non-Executive Director)
	Massimiliano Colella (Director) (upto 25 Oct 2023)
	Aniket Damle (Non-Executive Director)
Entities in which Director is interested	AKNA Medical Private Limited
	India Medtronic Private Limited (upto 27 Oct 2023)
	Asia Healthcare Holding Advisory LLP Salus private limited
Parising harden standings to Green	•
Entities having significant influence on the company Sister entity of ultimate holding company	Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited (w.e.f 27 Oct 2023) Evercare Group Management Ltd (upto 18 Jan 2024)
Joint venture	Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited





# Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

## (b) Related party Transactions

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Transactions during the year		
1. Convenient Hospitals Limited		
Sale of Equipment	35	0.64
2. Asia Healthcare Holding Advisory LLP		
Professional and business services	:47	2.2
3. Vikas Rastogi		
Remuneration *	940	21.60
4. Jasdeep Singh		
Remuneration *	33.54	102.92
5. Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran		
Remuneration *	1.94	2.69
6. Evercare Group Management Ltd		
Revenue from professional services		
Sofware user services		2,73
7. Massimiliano Colella		
Professional services (refer note 4.23)	Sq.	19.16
8. Mahadevan Narayamoni		
Professional services (refer note 4.23)	. **	82.60
9. Vishal Bali		02.00
Professional services (refer note 4.23)	4	97.35
10. BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte. Ltd		71,55
Issue of Equity Shares		20,100,00
11. Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited		20,100,00
Issue of Equity Shares	a.	6,700.00
12. Deepak Khanna		0,700.00
Remuneration *	6.72	
13. Varun Shadilal Khanna	0.72	
Remuneration *	98.37	
Loan given	20.00	
14. Vishal Maheshwari	20.00	2
Remuneration *	0.22	
	9.33	
15. Hari Prasad Kovelamudi	11.00	
Remuneration *	11.90	15
16. United Cligma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited		
Sale of Medicines	0.01	
17. Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited		
Expenses paid on behalf of CIHL	1.09	
18. Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited		
Reimbursement of expenses	0.57	S
19. Issue of Bonus shares		
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte. Ltd, Singapore	2,052.47	2
Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited	684.16	
20. Investment in subsidiaries		
Condis India Healthcare Private Limited	200.00	
KIMS Healthcare Management Limited	143.49	
Culinary Cure Foods Private Limited	20.00	
(c ) Balances outstanding from/ to the related parties		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Balances outstanding from/ to the related parties		
1 Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited		
Loans receivable**	65.83	65.83
2. Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited	03.03	33.00
Trade Payable	0.62	0.62
3. Varun Shadilal Khanna	0.02	0.02
Loan receivable	20.00	
4. Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited	20.00	
Receivable from CIHL	1.00	
Receivable ifolit CITL	1.09	(6)

<sup>\*</sup> Key Managerial personnel (KMP) who are under employment of the company are entitled to post employment benefits and other long-term employment benefits as per IND AS 19 - Employee benefits in the financial statements. As these employee benefits are lumpsum amounts provided on the basis of acturial valuation, the same is not included above. The remuneration paid to KMP excludes the share based compensation expense of ₹ 120.91 for the year ended March 31,2025 which are equity-settled.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The balance was fully provided for in the books (refer note 4.12).





### Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

# 4.34 Categories of financial instruments and their fair values

The carrying amount of all financial assets and financial liabilities appearing in the financial statements are reasonable approximation of their fair values.

### Categories of financial instruments

	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
	Amortised cost	Amortised cost	
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	1,991.69	1,890.81	
Cash and cash equivalents	101.92	247.85	
Other bank balances	20.86	16.81	
Loans	0,22	2	
Other financial assets	190.67	214.78	
Total financial assets	2,305,36	2,370,25	

	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
	Amortised cost	Amortised cost
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	3,858.39	2,204.40
Trade payables	1,379,99	1,582.74
Lease liabilities	2,081.09	1,373.13
Other financial liabilities	5,327.60	5,229.70
Total financial liabilities	12,647.07	10,389.97

The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities is included at an amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

#### Fair value hierarchy

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

The fair value hierarchy of financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company is level 3.





#### Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.35 Financial instruments risk management

### Financial Risk Management Framework

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's Board of Directors have an overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprises of borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include investments, loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and bank balances that the Company derives directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed primarily to Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk and Market risk (fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency rates), which may adversely impact the fair value of its financial instruments. The Company assesses the unpredictability of the financial environment and seeks to mitigate potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

#### A. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Credit risk encompasses of both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration of risks. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, investments, balances with banks, loans and other receivables.

Credit risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and creditworthiness of customers on a continuous basis to whom the credit has been granted after obtaining necessary approvals for credit. Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of credit risk principally consist of trade receivables, investments, cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits and other financial assets. None of the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentration of the credit risk.

### Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

None of the Company's cash equivalents, including fixed deposits, were either past due or impaired as at 31 March 2025. Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents, including fixed deposits is limited as the Company generally transacts with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies.

#### Financial assets that are past due but not impaired:

Ind AS requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets are impaired. Expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses. The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

#### B. Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding to meet obligations when due. Management monitors the company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. This is generally carried out at each hospital level in accordance with practice set by the company.

As at 31 March 2025	Up to 1 year	1 to 5 Years	More than 5	Total
			Years	
Borrowings	1,491.92	1,740.56	625.91	3,858.39
Trade payables	1,379.99	751		1,379.99
Lease liabilities	346,94	1,199.48	2,004.74	3,551.16
Other financial liabilities	5,317.09	10,51	- 3	5,327.60
Total	8,535.94	2,950.55	2,630.65	14,117.14

As at 31 March 2024	Up to 1 year	1 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total
Borrowings	398.88	1,157.34	648.18	2,204.40
Trade payables	1,582.74	523		1,582.74
Lease liabilities	358.60	947.13	570.74	1,876.47
Other financial liabilities	443.08	4,786.62		5,229.70
Total	2,783.30	6,891.09	1,218.92	10,893.31

### C. Market risk:

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from adverse changes in market rates and prices. Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments, such as foreign currency denominated receivables and payables and variable interest rates of short-term and long-term borrowings. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and currency risk.





#### Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

#### Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument shall fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's borrowings with floating interest rates.

The exposure of the Company's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Variable rate instruments		
Financial liabilities	3,858.39	2,204,40

#### Sensitivity analysis

For the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024, every 50 basis point decrease in the floating interest rate component applicable to the Company's borrowings would have increased the profit before tax approximately by 19.29 and 11.02 respectively. A 50 basis point increase in floating interest rate would have led to an equal but opposite effect.

#### ii. Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure shall fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense including capital expenditure is denominated in a foreign currency). The exposure of entity to foreign currency risk is very limited on account of limited transactions in foreign currencies.

The company's foreign currency receivables and payables are as

4 1	I March 2024 (in Functional Currency)
-	
- 1	- 13
	2

#### Sensitivity Analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening / (weakening) of the USD against INR would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in foreign currency and affected equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecasts sales and purchases

Particulars		Increase /(decrease) in Profit before tax		rease) in other ts of equity
	Strengthening of foreign currency		Strengthening of foreign currency	weakening of foreign currency
31-03-2025 (5% Change)				
USD	(0.22)	0.22		
31-03-2024 (5% Change)				
USD	**			-

### 4.36 Capital risk management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholders value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payments to the shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep the gearing ratio below 30%. The Company includes within net debt, borrowings (long and short term), less cash and cash equivalents and investments in mutual funds.

	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Borrowings (refer note 4.14)	3,858.39	2,204.40
Lease Liabilities	2,081.09	1,373.13
Less: Cash and cash equivalents and Other bank balances	(122.78)	(264.66)
Net debt (A)	5,816.70	3,312.87
Total equity (B)	41,026.90	41,012.88
Net debt and total equity (A) + (B)	46,843.60	44,325.75
Gearing ratio (%)	12.42%	7.47%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets the financial covenants attached to the borrowings. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the lenders to immediately call back the borrowings. In the current and previous year, debt service coverage ratio was not satisfied and the Company has taken waiver from the lenders.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing the capital during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024,



### Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.37 Contingent liabilities and commitments

## (a) Contingent liabilities

ticulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts		
- Income tax matters	22,91	33.77
- Goods and Services tax matters	0,39	<b>.</b>
- Disputed wages of specific employees under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948	3.19	3.19
- Disputed luxury tax levied on bed charges under the Telangana Tax on Luxuries Act, 1987	117.22	117.22
<ul> <li>Disputed levy of service tax on clinical research, cosmetic surgeries, health care services rendered to specific categories of patients and other services and disputed availment of input credit on certain items under the Finance Act. 1994</li> </ul>	68.15	68.15
- Disputed levy of Employee state insurance provisions on certain employees under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948	1.26	1.26
- Disputed levy of Provident fund provisions on certain employees under the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952	8.77	8.77
- Disputed tax levied on specific building of the Company under the Expenditure Tax Act, 1987	7.83	7.83
Patient legal claims pending with various Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission	231.98	215.50
Other legal claims pending under the various Statutory Acts	408.45	267.49

Based on the facts of the case and legal counsel view, the Company believes no provision is required in the financial statements for the above claims.

#### (b) Commitments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	155.63	72.78
Other Commitments	147.78	140.88

Also refer note 4.18 (b) for deferred consideration payable.

The Company has taken hospital buildings and plant and machinery on lease having a term ranging from 1 year to 15 years. The lease has an escalation clause in the range of 5% to 10% per annum.

The Company also has certain lease of building with lease terms of 12 months or less. The Company applies the 'short term lease' recognition exemption for these

## Carrying amount of lease liabilities and movement during the year

Particulars	h = -4	A1	
. at uculais	As at	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,373.13	1,479.87	
Additions during the year	940.75	97.94	
Deletions during the year	2	523	
Finance cost accrued during the year	149.05	135.27	
Other adjustments	(1.54)	-	
Payment of lease liabilities	(380,30)	(339.95)	
Lease liabilities as at the end of the year	2,081.09	1,373.13	
Current lease liabilities	156.15	237.64	
Non-current lease liabilities	1,924,94	1.135.49	

Following amounts have been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Depreciation on Right-of-use assets	251.70	244.24
Interest on lease liabilities	149.05	135.27
Total amount recognised in the Statement of profit and loss	400.75	379.51

Details of the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis are as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Less than one year	346.94	358.60
One to five years	1,199.48	947.13
More than five years	2,004.74	570.74
Total	3,551.16	1,876,47

The Company does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations

liabilities as and when they fall due.

Rental expense recorded for short-term leases was ₹51,24 for the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹45,58).



#### Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

#### 4.39 Transfer pricing

The Company has entered into commercial transactions with its associated enterprises which are subject to assessment and test of transactions being carried out at an "arm's length price," in accordance with the provisions of chapter X of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

The Company has established a comprehensive system of maintenance and documents as required by the transfer pricing legislation under sections 92-92F of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Management is of the opinion that its transactions with associated enterprises are at arm's length and no material adjustments are expected to arise on the standardone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

#### 4.40 Subsequent events

There are no material events after the reporting period that requires an adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

#### 4.41 Unearned revenue

The following table discloses the movement in the unearned revenue during the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.75	-
Revenue recognised during the year	0.75	-
Unearned revenue during the year	(2)	0.75
Balance at the end of the year		0.75

### Remaining performance obligations

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Unsatisfied or partially satisfied performance obligations are subject to variability due to several factors such as termination, changes in contract scope, re-validation of estimates and economic factors.

#### 4.42 Share based Payment

During the year, the shareholders of the Company approved the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' (ESOP Plan). As per the ESOP Plan, the Company has granted employee stock options to eligible employees of the Group subject to fulfilment of vesting conditions. The vesting conditions are service and/ or The expense recognised for employee services received during the year is shown in the following table:

			For the year ended
		6	

Particulars	31 March 2025
Expense arising from Equity settled Share Based Payment transactions	147.50

Movements during the period

Option exercisable at the beginning of the year	*
Number of options granted during the year	9,711,600
Number of options forfeited / expired during the year	(448,160)
Number of options exercised during the year	*
Number of options expired during the year	
Number of options exercisable at the end of the year	9.263.440
Share price for options exercised during the year	Not applicable
Remaining contractual life	4.3 to 4.4 Years

The Company has estimated fair value of options with service conditions using Black Scholes Model and options with performance condition using Monte Carlo simulation. The following assumptions were used for calculation of fair value of options granted.

Assumption factor	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Dividend Yield (%)	0%
Risk free interest rate (%)	6.6% to 7.2%
Expected life of share option (Years)	5 years
Expected volatility (%)	25.6% to 32.1%
Weighted Average Share price	164

Expected volatility of the underlying of the equity shares of the Company during the expected life of the option is estimated using the historical volatility of the observed market returns of the comparable companies during the period equivalent to the expected life of the option from the grant date.

### Share appreciation rights

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee has approved share appreciation rights (SARs) to certain employees of the Company. These rights were fully vested in the previous year and the cash payment has been recognised as an expense ₹123,58 Mn for the year ended March 31, 2024.





Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

#### 4.43 Regulatory information

# (i) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.

#### (ii) Borrowing secured against current assets

The company has borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. The quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the company with banks and financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.

#### (iii) Wllful defaulter

The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government

### (iv) Relationship with struck off companies

The company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

#### (v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

During the previous year, the Company acquired a majority stake in Condis India Healthcare Private Limited (CIHCPL). As of acquisition date, CIHCPL had subsidiaries upto two layers. However, after the acquisition, the number of layers of subsidiaries of the Company exceed beyond two layers limit prescribed in Section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on Number of Layers) Rules, 2017. As a remedial measure, the Company, through its subsidiaries, has taken necessary steps and approved a scheme of amalgamation of intermediate companies CIHCPL with KIMS Health Care Management Limited in their respective board meetings held on June 26, 2024 and filed with National Company Law Tribunal. Upon the orders sanctioning the scheme and post amalgamation, the number of layers of subsidiaries of the Company is expected to be within the limits prescribed under the Act.

### (vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

### (vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

- (a) The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.





### Notes to the standalone financial statements

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(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

(b) The Company has received funds during the previous year on private placement of equity shares from parties as listed below with the understanding that the company shall further invest the funds in equity shares for the acquisition of 89 37% stake in Condis India Healthcare Private Limited, 23,25% stake in KIMS Health care Management Limited and 100% stake in Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited and to meet related acquisition-related costs.

During the year, the company has acquired additional stake of 0,96% in Condis India Healthcare Private Limited and 0.42% in

KIMS Health care Management Limited.

The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

The company has not received any funds during the year ended 31 March 2025.

The details of date and amount of funds received from funding parties during the year ended 31 March 2024 are as follows:

Name of the funding party	Registered address of the funding party	Relationship with the funding party	Date of funds received	Amount of funds received
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte, Ltd.	77 Robinson Road, #13-00 Robinson 77 Singapore 068896	Holding Company	19/01/2024	18,000.00
Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited	IQ EQ, Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd. 33 Edit Cavell Street, 11324, Port- Louis, Mauritius	Shareholder	19/01/2024	6,000.00
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte, Ltd.	77 Robinson Road, #13-00 Robinson 77 Singapore 068896	Holding Company	07/02/2024	1,500.00
Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited	IQ EQ, Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd. 33 Edit Cavell Street, 11324, Port- Louis, Mauritius	Shareholder	07/02/2024	500,00
M I Sahadulla	Rastanura, 66 RPD Marg, Kuravankonam, Kowdiar PO, Trivandrum, Kerala – 695 003	Subsdiary Shareholder	16/03/2024	900,17
P M Zuhara	Rastanura, 66 RPD Marg, Kuravankonam, Kowdiar PO, Trivandrum, Kerala – 695 003	Subsdiary Shareholder	16/03/2024	9.60
Samer Illias Sahadulla	Rastanura, 66 RPD Marg, Kuravankonam, Kowdiar PO, Trivandrum, Kerala – 695 003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	136,88
Reshini Aysha	Rastanura, 66 RPD Marg, Kuravankonam, Kowdiar PO, Trivandrum, Kerala – 695 003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	20 29
Yusuf Samer Sahadulla	Rastanura, 66 RPD Marg, Kuravankonam, Kowdiar PO, Trivandrum, Kerala – 695 003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	18,58
Zaheer Elias Najeeb	TC 12402, House No. 66, Padiyath House, RPD Marg, Near Salvation Army School, Kowdiar, Trivandrum, Kerala 695003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	43,80
Sherin Ayoob	TC 12402, Padiyath House, Kuravankonam, Near Salvation Army School, Kowdiar, Trivandrum, Kerala 695003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	183,09
Manha Manaal Zaheer	TC 12402, House No. 66, Padiyath House, RPD Marg, Near Salvation Army School, Kowdiar, Trivandrum, Kerala 695003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	41.37
Tariq Elias Najceb	TC 12402, House No. 66, Padiyath House, RPD Marg, Near Salvation Army School, Kowdiar, Trivandrum, Kerala 695003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	47.79
Saffia P M	TC 12402, Padiyath House, RPD Marg, Near Salvation Army School, Kowdiar, Trivandrum, Kerala 695003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	60_11
E. Iqbal	Mullasseri House, Sasthavattom P O, Murukumpuzha, Azhoor, Trivandrum, Kerala 695305	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	22.45
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte. Ltd.	77 Robinson Road, #13-00 Robinson 77 Singapore 068896	Holding Company	21/03/2024	600,00
Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited	IQ EQ, Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd. 33 Edit Cavell Street, 11324, Port- Louis, Mauritius	Shareholder	27/03/2024	200,00



Quality Care India Limited Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

The details of date and amount of funds further invested by the Company to ultimate beneficiaries during the year ended 31

Name of the ultimate beneficiarles	Registered address of the ultimate beneficiaries	Relationship with the ultimate beneficiaries	Date of investment	Amount of investment from funds received from Holding Company
Condis India Healthcare	Avittom Residency,	Subsidiary Company	23.01,2024	16,753.69
Private Limited	Anamugam Anayara Post, Trivandrum, Kerala, India,		15.03.2024	1,183.84
	695029		19.03,2024	735.80
KIMS Health care Kumarapuram Poonthi		Subsidiary Company	23.01.2024	6,888.67
Management Limited	Road, Anamukham, Trivandrum, Kerala, India.		30.01.2024	81.82
	695029		22.03.2024	895.42
Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited	IQEQ Corporate Services (Mautitius) Ltd., Les cascades Building, 33 Edith cavell Street, Port Louis, 11324, Mauritius		14/02/2024	991.38
The details of date and an March 2025 are as follow	nount of funds further invested s:	by the Company to ultimate	beneficiaries during the	year ended 31
Condis India Healthcare Private Limited	Avittom Residency, Anamugam Anayara Post, Trivandrum, Kerala, India, 695029	Subsidiary Company	06/06/2024	200.00
KIMS Health care Management Limited	Kumarapuram Poonthi Road, Anamukham, Trivandrum, Kerala, India, 695029	Subsidiary Company	06/06/2024	143.49

(viii) Undisclosed income
There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

### (ix)

Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

Valuation of Property, plant and equipment, intangible asset and investment property

The company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.





Quality Care India Limited
Notes to the standalone financial statements
(All amounts in 7 millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

4.44 Financial ratios

TT Financial (400)						
Particulars	FY 2024-25	Y F25	FY 2023-24	. 7	Variance %	Reasons (if variance is more than 25%)
Current ratio						
Numerator - Current assets	2,469.31	0	2,444 22	000	1000	On account of increase in current liabilities due to
Denominator - Current liabilities	8.553.33	670	2.944.73	0,85	42%	deferred consideration payable
Debt-equity ratio						
Numerator - Total debt	3,858.39		2,204,40			On account of increase in borrowings due to
Denominator - Total Shareholders Equity	41,026.90	60 0	41,012.88	0.05	75%	increase in capital expenditure and operating expenses.
Debt service coverage ratio						
Numerator - PAT + Depreciation and amortisations expense+ Interest + Loss on property, plant and equipment + Provision for doubtful balances	1,720.33	1 60	405,88	0.29	458%	On account of decrease in loss after tax, increase in non eash expenditure and decrease in repayment of
Denominator - Interest & lease payments + principal repayments Return on equity ratio (in %)	1.074.57		1,413.52			loans from previous year.
Numerator - Prozit after tax	(131.99)		(964.33)			On account of decrease in loss after tax during the
Denominator - Average shareholders equity	41,019 89	-0 32%	24,171,69	-3 99%	-92%	current year and increase in shareholder equity on account of conversion of CCPS into equity in previous year.
Inventory turnover ratio (in times)						
Numerator - Cost of goods sold	2,955.10	14.02	2,634.81	14 33	7ος-	a col
Denominator - Average Inventory	210 73	70.1	183.85	CCTI	0/1-	Inolic
Trade receivables turnover ratio (in times)						
Numerator - Net credit sales	6.924 14	2 57	6,505,40	3 00	110%	Nices
Denominator - Average trade receivables	1.941.25	100	1,629.96	5,77	-1170	Ivone
Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)						
Numerator - Net credit ourchases	9.016.94	80.9	8,141.45	613	0.719%	News
Denominator - Average trade payables	1,481.37	600	1,328.02	0.13	-0.1170	INOTIC
Net capital turnover ratio (in times)						
Numerator - Revenue from operations	12,198 05	(17.1)	11,363.35	264.45	7016	On account of increase in current liabilities due to
Denominator - Average working capital	(3,292.27)	(11.6)	42.97		8/101	facilities.
Net profit ratio (in %)						
Numerator - Profit for the year	(131.99)	1 000/1	(96433)	0 406/	/920	On account of decrease in loss after tax during the
Denominator - Revenue from operations	12,198.05	2/80 1-	11,363,35	0.44%	0//0-	current year Acquisition related costs were incurred during previous year
Return on capital employed (in %)						
Numerator - Earnings before interest and taxes	307 60		205.92			On account of decrease in Earnings before interest
Denominator - Capital employed= Tangible net worth + Total debt + Deferred tax liability	44,861 01	%69 0	43,609 50	1.16%	%14	and taxes during the current year
Return on investment (in %)						
Numerator - Earnings before interest and taxes	307.60	Š	505.92	,	Ì	On account of increase in investment in
Denominator - Average total assets	53,452.63	%850	35,766.91	4- %	-59%	subsidiaries and decrease in Earnings before interest and taxes.



## Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

## 4.45 Other regulatory information

# (i) Title deeds of immovable properties not held in name of the company

The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in note 4.1 (a) to the financial statements, are held in the name of the company as at March 31, 2025.

# (ii) Utilisation of borrowings availed from banks and financial institutions

The borrowings obtained by the company from banks and financial institutions have been applied for the purposes for which such loans were was taken.

- (iii) The company has not given loans/advances in the nature of loans to directors, promoters, KMPs or any other related parties which are repayable on demand or without specifying terms & conditions of repayment.
- (iv) There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- 4.46 With effect from April 1, 2023, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has made it mandatory for every company incorporated in India, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled. The Company has used multiple accounting software and is in the process of establishing necessary controls and maintaining documentation regarding audit trail.

# 4.47 Note on Scheme of Arrangement of the Company and Aster DM Healthcare Limited

The Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on November 29, 2024, considered and approved the Scheme of Amalgamation (Scheme) of the Company with and into Aster DM Healthcare Limited in accordance with the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Act. The Scheme has been approved by the Competition Commission of India vide its letter dated April 15, 2025.

The above Scheme is subject to the receipt of requisite approvals from other statutory and regulatory authorities, including the National Company Law Tribunal, the stock exchanges, and the shareholders of the Company. Upon the Scheme becoming effective, the Company shall stand dissolved without being wound up.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm's Registration No: 012754N/N500016

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

**Quality Care India Limited** CIN: U85110TG1992PLC014728

Srikanth Pola

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Partner

Membership No: 220916

Varun Shadilal Khanna

Managing Director DIN: 03584124

Place: Hyderabad

Director DIN: 081

DIN: 08153649 Place: Mumbai

Vishal Maheshwari

Chief Financial Officer PAN: AAVPM0561F

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran

Company Secretary Membership No.: 41863

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Quality Care India Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

# **Opinion**

- 1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Quality Care India Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its joint venture (refer Note 2(a)(v) to the attached consolidated financial statements), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its joint venture as at March 31, 2025, consolidated total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

# **Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its joint venture in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in India in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the relevant provisions of the Act, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

- 4. We draw your attention to the following:
  - (a) Note 4.43(v) to the consolidated financial statements, which describes the Holding Company having layers of subsidiaries beyond the limit prescribed under section 2(87) of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on Number of layers) Rules, 2017 and the remedial steps being taken by the Management.
  - (b) Note 4.52 to the consolidated financial statements, which describes the proposed amalgamation of the Holding Company (the Transferor Company) with Aster DM Healthcare Limited (the Transferee Company).

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.



Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP, Unit - 2B, 8th Floor, Octave Block, Block E1, Parcel - 4, Salarpuria Sattva Knowledge City, Raidurg, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500081

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Registered office and Head office: 11-A, Vishnu Digamber Marg, Sucheta Bhawan, New Delhi - 110002

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
To the Members of Quality Care India Limited
Report on audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

### Other Information

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed and the reports of the other auditors as furnished to us (Refer paragraph 13 and 14 below), we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 6. The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows, and changes in equity of the Group including its joint venture in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its joint venture are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group including its joint venture and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.
- 7. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its joint venture are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its joint venture to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group and of its joint venture or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 8. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its joint venture are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its joint venture.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Quality Care India Limited Report on audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 9. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
- 10. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
    due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
    evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
    material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
    involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
    that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for
    expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with
    reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its joint venture to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its joint venture to cease to continue as a going concern.
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
  - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its joint venture to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 11. We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 12. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Quality Care India Limited Report on audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Other Matter

- 13. The consolidated financial statements of one subsidiary and standalone financial statements of two subsidiaries reflect total assets of Rs. 18,561.36 Million and net assets of Rs. 14,750.36 Million as at March 31, 2025, total revenue of Rs. 12,875.62 Million, total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income) of Rs. 2,183.63 Million and net cash flows amounting to Rs. (128.30) Million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of total comprehensive income (comprising of profit/(loss) and other comprehensive income) of Rs. Nil for the year ended March 31, 2025 as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of one joint venture, whose financial statements have not been audited by us. The financial statements of these subsidiaries and joint venture have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Holding Company's management and other auditors, and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and joint venture and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act including report on Other Information insofar as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and joint venture, is based on the reports of the other auditors and the procedures performed by us.
- 14. We did not audit the financial information of one subsidiary whose financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 20 Million and net assets of Rs. 20 Million as at March 31, 2025, total revenue of Rs. Nil, total comprehensive income (comprising of profit/(loss) and other comprehensive income) of Rs. Nil and net cash flows amounting to Rs. 20 Million for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The financial information of this subsidiary are unaudited and have been furnished to us by the management, and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this subsidiary and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act including report on Other Information insofar as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary is based solely on such unaudited financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, these financial information are not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and reports of the other auditors and the financial information certified by the management.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 15. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("CARO 2020"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B, a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3(xxi) of CARO 2020.
- 16. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors, except that the backup of certain books of account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode has not been maintained on a daily basis on servers physically located in India during the year and the matters stated in paragraph 16(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Further, in respect of two subsidiaries, in the absence of sufficient appropriate audit evidence, we are unable to verify whether the backup of books of account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode has been maintained on a daily basis on servers physically located in India during the year.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Quality Care India Limited Report on audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account and records maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on April 1, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiaries and joint venture incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies and its joint venture incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, reference is made to our remarks in paragraph 16(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 16(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Rules.
- (g) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Group and its joint venture and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure A.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact, if any, of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its joint venture— Refer Note 4.38(a) to the consolidated financial statements.
  - ii. The Group and its joint venture were not required to recognise a provision as at March 31, 2025 under the applicable law or accounting standards, as it does not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contract. The Group and its joint venture did not have any derivative contracts as at March 31, 2025.
  - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company during the year. Also, during the year ended March 31, 2025, there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the subsidiaries and joint venture incorporated in India.
  - iv. (a) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and joint venture which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and joint venture respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note 4.43(vii)(A) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and joint venture to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and joint venture ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Quality Care India Limited Report on audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- (b) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and joint venture which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and joint venture respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Notes 4.43(vii)(B) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries and joint venture from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or any of such subsidiaries and joint venture shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (c) Based on the audit procedures, that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, performed by us and those performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries and joint venture which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditors' notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Holding Company, its subsidiaries and joint venture, have not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks and that performed by the respective auditors of the subsidiaries and joint venture, which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, following remarks are included with respect to audit trail feature and its preservation:
  - A) The Holding Company and its five subsidiaries have used multiple accounting software and are in the process of establishing necessary controls and maintaining documentation regarding audit trail. Consequently, we are unable to comment on the audit trail feature of the aforesaid software. Accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the audit trail feature had operated throughout the year or was tampered with or whether the audit trail of the prior year has been preserved as per the statutory requirements for record retention does not arise.
  - B) In respect of one subsidiary, the accounting software did not have a feature of audit trail (edit log) facility and, therefore, the question of our commenting on whether the audit trail feature had operated during the year or was tampered with or whether the audit trail of the prior year was preserved as per the statutory requirements for record retention does not arise.
  - C) In consolidated audit report of one subsidiary, it was stated by the respective auditor that, except for instances mentioned below, the Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India and audited under the Act, in respect of financial year commencing on April 1, 2024, have used accounting software for maintaining their books of accounts which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same have been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, other than the consequential impact of the exceptions given below. Furthermore, the audit trail(s) have been preserved by the Company and above referred subsidiaries as per the statutory requirements for record retention where such feature was enabled.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Quality Care India Limited Report on audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Nature of exception noted	Dataila of acception
reacture of exception noted	Details of exception
Instances of accounting software for maintaining books of account for which the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not operated throughout the year/operated effectively for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.	a) In respect of the Company and its one subsidiary, the audit trail feature only captured shared user identification details rather than specific individual details for who made the changes at the application level for accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records. Further, the audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes.  b) In respect of three subsidiaries, the audit trail feature for the accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records only captured shared user identification details rather than specific individual details for who made the changes. c) In respect of Company and its five subsidiaries, the audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes for the accounting software used for maintenance of revenue and payroll records. d) In respect of one subsidiary, the accounting software used for maintenance of revenue records did not capture the details of what data was changed while recording audit trail (edit log) at the application level. Further, the audit trail feature was not enabled for inventory consumption records at application level. e) In respect of one subsidiary, the audit trail feature for the accounting software used from September 20, 2024 onwards for maintenance of revenue records was not enabled.

- D) In respect of one subsidiary and joint venture, books of accounts are maintained without using any accounting software the provisions regarding Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 are not applicable for the time being.
- E) In respect of two subsidiaries, the Companies have used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and that has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. During the course of our audit, we did not notice any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Further, the audit trail has been preserved as per the statutory requirements for record retention.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Quality Care India Limited Report on audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

17. The Group have paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act. Further, the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are applicable only to public companies. Accordingly, reporting under Section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the joint venture.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Srikanth Pola Partner

Membership Number: 220916 UDIN: 25220916BMOQGP5456

Place: Hyderabad Date: August 05, 2025

# Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 16(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Consolidated Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of Quality Care India Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Company" or "the Holding Company"), its subsidiaries and its joint venture, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date. Reporting under clause (i) of sub section 3 of Section 143 of the Act in respect of the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is not applicable to two subsidiaries incorporated in India namely Condis India Healthcare Private Limited and Culinary Cure Foods Private Limited, pursuant to MCA notification GSR 583(E) dated 13 June 2017.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and joint venture, to whom reporting under clause (i) of sub section 3 of Section 143 of the Act in respect of the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is applicable, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls system with reference to consolidated financial statements.



# Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 16(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated financial statements

6. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to consolidated financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# **Opinion**

8. In our opinion, the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and joint venture, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.



# **Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report**

Referred to in paragraph 16(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

### **Other Matter**

9. Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to two subsidiaries and one joint venture, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies incorporated in India. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Srikanth Pola Partner

Membership Number: 220916 UDIN: 25220916BMOQGP5456

Place: Hyderabad Date: August 05, 2025

# Annexure B to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 15 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

As required by paragraph 3(xxi) of CARO 2020, we report that the auditors of the following companies have given qualification or adverse remarks in their CARO report on the standalone/consolidated financial statements of the respective companies included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Holding Company:

S No.	Name of the Company	CIN	Relationship with the Holding Company (Holding Company/Sub sidiary/Joint Venture)	Date of the respective auditors' report	Paragraph number and comment in the respective CARO report reproduced below
1	Ganga Care Hospital Limited	U85110M H2005PL C150811	Subsidiary Company	July 30, 2025	vii(a). In our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of provident fund and income tax though there has been a slight delay in a few cases, and is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including employees' state insurance, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, goods and services tax and other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. However, there are no arrears of statutory dues outstanding as at March 31, 2025, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
2	Convenient Hospitals Limited	U85110M P1993PLC 007654	Subsidiary Company	July 31, 2025	vii(a). In our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of provident fund and income tax, though there has been a slight delay in a few cases, and is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including employees' state insurance, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, goods and services tax and other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. However, there are no arrears of statutory dues outstanding as at March 31, 2025, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
3	United Ciigma Hospitals Healthcare Private Limited	U85110M H2016PT C279990	Subsidiary Company	July 30, 2025	vii(a). In our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of income tax, though there has been a slight delay in a few cases, and is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues,



# Annexure B to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 15 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

4	Heart Care Institute and Research Centre (Indore) Pvt Ltd	U85110M P1999PT C013924	Subsidiary Company	July 31, 2025	including provident fund, employees' state insurance, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, goods and services tax and other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. However, there are no arrears of statutory dues outstanding as at March 31, 2025, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.  vii(a). In our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of income tax, though there has been a slight delay in a few cases, and is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, goods and services tax and other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. However, there are no arrears of statutory dues outstanding as at March 31, 2025, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
5	United Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	U74120M H2011PT C213136	Subsidiary Company	July 30, 2025	vii(a). In our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of provident fund and income tax, though there has been a slight delay in a few cases, and is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including employees' state insurance, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess, goods and services tax and other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. However, there are no arrears of statutory dues outstanding as at March 31, 2025, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.  ix(d). On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has utilised funds raised on short-term basis aggregating Rs 34.29 million for long term purposes.
6	Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences	U85110M H2007PT C172787	Subsidiary Company	July 30, 2025	i(c). The title deeds of all the immovable properties as disclosed in Note 4.1 to the financial statements, are held in the name



# Annexure B to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 15 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

					of the Company, except for the following: (refer note 1 below)
7	Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited	U85100T G2008PT C058264	Joint Venture	July 31, 2025	xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year
8	Quality Care Jharsuguda Private Limited	U85300T G2016PT C112746	Subsidiary Company	July 31, 2025	xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year
9	Condis India Healthcare Private Limited	U74999K L2006PT CO19208	Subsidiary Company	July 10, 2025	xvii. According to the information and explanation provided to us and records of the Company examined by us, the Company has incurred cash loss of Rs. 33.84 Million in the financial year.



# Annexure B to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 15 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Quality Care India Limited on the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025

## Note 1:

Description of property	Gross carrying value (Rs. in millions)	Held in the name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held	Reason for not being held in the name of the Company
Hospital Building improvements located in Aurangabad	21.20	Unmesh Vidyadhar Takalkar	Promoter of the Holding Company	From 2007 up to Balance Sheet date	Refer note 4.1 to the financial statements.

Matter specified in clause (xxi) of paragraph 3 of the CARO, 2020 does not apply to Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited, STS Holdings Limited and STS Hospital Chittagong Limited (subsidiaries) being the companies incorporated outside India.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Srikanth Pola Partner

Membership Number: 220916 UDIN: 25220916BMOQGP5456

Place: Hyderabad Date: August 05, 2025 (All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

ASSETS	Notes	As	at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
A. Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	4.1		
(b) Right-of-use assets	4 I 4 2	35,883 19	34,918.00
(c) Capital work-in-progress	4 2	2,191.14	1,456 32
(d) Investment property	4 4	704.68	532 20
(e) Goodwill	4.4	505.94	158,72
(f) Other intangible assets	4.5	24,569 79	24,569.79
(g) Intangible assets under development	4.6	9,515.33	9,348_87
(h) Investments accounted for using the equity method	4.7 (a)	11.04	86.73
(i) Financial assets	, (a)	0 02	0.02
(i) Investments	4.7 (a)	35 34	0.15
(ii) Loans	4.14 (a)	25 46	0.35
(iii) Other financial assets	4.8 (a)	797 19	6.31 959.82
(j) Deferred tax assets (net)	4.9 (a)	936.44	
(k) Non-current tax assets (net)	4.9 (b)	950.05	1,028_57
(I) Other non-current assets	4.10 (a)	384.57	797.88
Total non-current assets (A)		76,510.18	74,268.98
3. Current assets	-	75(510,10	74,200,70
(a) Inventories	4.11	986.47	883.48
(b) Financial assets			005,40
(i) Investments	4.7 (b)	6 92	6.42
(ii) Trade receivables	4.12	3,587.45	3,099 30
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	4.13 (a)	1,263 77	1,448.33
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	4.13 (b)	3,235.03	1,796.03
(v) Loans	4.14 (b)	2.94	9.31
(vi) Other financial assets	4.8 (b)	125.28	74.16
(c) Other current assets	4_10 (b)	486.32	384.32
(d) Assets classified as held for sale	4.47	1,215.00	1,215,00
Total current assets (B)	5=	10,909.18	8,916.35
Total assets (A+B)	-	87,419,36	83,185,33
QUITY AND LIABILITIES quity . Equity			
(a) Equity share capital (b) Other equity	4,15 (a)	3,809.21	952_30
• •			
	4.15 (b)	41,264.43	41,991.12
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company (c) Non-controlling interest	_	45,073,64	42,943.42
Total equity (A)	4.15 (b)	15,620.79	15,177.80
Total equity (A)	-	60,694.43	58,121.22
abilities –			
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	4.17		
(ii) Lease liabilities	4.16	4,997.32	4,439 91
(iii) Other financial liabilities	4.39	2,360.93	1,504_76
(b) Employee benefit obligations	4.19 (a)	63.03	4,803_60
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	4.17 (a) 4.9 (a)	368.74	254.99
Total non-current liabilities (B)	4.9 (a)	4,637,59	5,285 39
Current Liabilities	-	12,427,61	16,288.65
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	4.16	2.044.24	
	4.16 4.39	2,844,24	1,730 35
	4.39	194 27	283 19
(ii) Lease liabilities (iii) Trade payables			
(ii) Lease liabilities (iii) Trade payables	418(a)	20101	
(ii) Lease liabilities     (iii) Trade payables         (a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	4 18 (a)	384.81	126.72
(ii) Lease liabilities (iii) Trade payables	4_18 (b)	3,013.19	3,455,75
<ul> <li>(ii) Lease liabilities</li> <li>(iii) Trade payables</li> <li>(a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises</li> <li>(b) total outstanding dues other than (iii) (a) above</li> </ul>	4_18 (b) 4_19 (b)	3,013 19 7,025 21	3,455,75 2,068,96
(ii) Lease liabilities (iii) Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (b) total outstanding dues other than (iii) (a) above (iv) Other financial liabilities	4.18 (b) 4.19 (b) 4.17 (b)	3,013 19 7,025 21 218 47	3,455,75 2,068,96 298,91
(ii) Lease liabilities (iii) Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (b) total outstanding dues other than (iii) (a) above (iv) Other financial liabilities (b) Employee benefit obligations	4.18 (b) 4.19 (b) 4.17 (b) 4.20	3,013.19 7,025.21 218.47 465.17	3,455.75 2,068.96 298.91 535.83
(ii) Lease liabilities (iii) Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (b) total outstanding dues other than (iii) (a) above (iv) Other financial liabilities (b) Employee benefit obligations (c) Other current liabilities	4.18 (b) 4.19 (b) 4.17 (b)	3,013.19 7,025.21 218.47 465.17 151.96	3,455.75 2,068.96 298.91 535.83 275.75
(ii) Lease liabilities (iii) Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (b) total outstanding dues other than (iii) (a) above (iv) Other financial liabilities (b) Employee benefit obligations (c) Other current liabilities (d) Current tax liabilities (net)  Total current liabilities (C)	4.18 (b) 4.19 (b) 4.17 (b) 4.20	3,013.19 7,025.21 218.47 465.17 151.96	3,455,75 2,068,96 298,91 535,83 275,75 8,775,46
(ii) Lease liabilities (iii) Trade payables (a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (b) total outstanding dues other than (iii) (a) above (iv) Other funcial liabilities (b) Employee benefit obligations (c) Other current liabilities (d) Current tax liabilities (net)	4.18 (b) 4.19 (b) 4.17 (b) 4.20	3,013.19 7,025.21 218.47 465.17 151.96	3,455.75 2,068.96 298.91 535.83 275.75

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

This is the Consolidated Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm's Registration No. 012754N/N500016

Srikanth Pola Partner

Membership No: 220916

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of **Quality Care India Limited**CIN: U85110TG1992PLC014728

Varin Shadilal Khanna Hanaging Director DIN: 03584124 Place: Hyderabad

Vishal Maheshwari Chief Financial Officer PAN:AAVPM0561F Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram Director DIN: 08153649

Place : Mumbai

Marian Chandramoulieswaran Company Secretary Membership No.: 41863 Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

### Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

(All amounts in  $\overline{\epsilon}$  millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Parti	culars	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
1	Revenue from operations	4.21	39,627.33	21,205.31
II	Other income	4.22	775 74	293.87
Ш	Total income (I+II)	1,22	40,403.07	21,499,18
IV	Expenses			21,477.10
	(i) Purchases of medical consumables and pharmacy items		9,514.90	4,760.60
	(ii) Changes in inventories of medical consumables and pharmacy items	4.23	(121.09)	105.61
	(iii) Employee benefits expense	4.24	6,740.09	3,445.25
-	(iv) Other expenses	4.25	16,432.41	9,740.42
	Total expenses (IV)		32,566.31	18,051.88
V	Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) (III-IV)		7,836,76	3,447.30
	i) Finance costs	4.26	1,268.61	828.69
	ii) Depreciation and amortisation expense	4.27	2,442.59	1,206 23
(	iii) Impairment on financial and contract assets		31.40	1,200,20
	Profit before share of loss of a joint venture and tax		4,094.16	1,412.38
	i) Share of loss of a joint venture accounted for using the equity method			
VII	Profit before tax		4,094.16	1,412.38
VIII I	ncome tax expense/(credit):			
,	i) Current tax expense	4.28	1,487,37	418.79
	ii) Income tax relating to earlier periods	4.28	11.17	(73.44
	iii) Deferred tax expense/(credit)	4.28	(522.80)	878.62
1	Total tax expense		975.74	1,223.97
IX I	Profit for the year (VII-VIII)		3,118,42	188.41
X (	Other comprehensive income			
(	i) Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss			
	(a) Gain/(loss) on remeasurement of post-employment benefit obligations		(78.49)	(28.01)
	(b) Income tax relating to above item		21,62	7.37
	(c) Reversal of tax on fair value of equity instruments earlier recognised in OCI		41.75	17
(	ii) Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
	(a) Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(347.51)	360,14
(	Other Comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	2	(362.63)	339.50
	otal comprehensive income for the year (IX+X)	3	2,755.79	527.91
	rofit for the year attributable to:	-		
	Owners of the parent		2,166.01	(140.83)
	lou-controlling interests		952.41	329,24
	Other comprehensive income attributable to:			
	owners of the parent		(217.13)	200,29
	fon-controlling interest	_	(145.50)	139.21
	otal comprehensive income attributable to:			
	ion-controlling interests		1,948.87	59.46
1	ou-contouring autologie	:::-	806,92	468.45
aming	s per equity share (Nominal value of equity share ₹10 (31 March 2024: ₹10))			
	amings per equity share (in ₹)	4.29	5.69	(0.63)
	earnings per equity share (in ₹)			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

This is the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm's Registration No: 012754N/N500016

Srikanth Pola

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Partner

Membership No: 220916

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

Quality Care India Limited CIN: U85110TG1992PLC014728

Varum Shadilal Khanna

Managing Director DIN: 03584124 Place: Hyderabad

Vishal Maheshwari Chief Financial Officer PAN:AAVPM0561F Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram

Director DIN: 08153649 Place: Mumbai Menather"

Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran Company Secretary Membership No.: 41863 Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year en
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Cash flow from operating activities Profit before tax		
Adjustments:	4,094.16	1,412.
Net gain arising on mutual funds designated at FVTPL	,o ==:	
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(0.50)	(13
Expected credit loss	2,442,59	1,206
Property, plant and equipment written off	343,57	13,
Loss/(profit) on sale of property, plant and equipment	2	I,
Intangible assets under development written off	2,27	82.
Share based compensation expense	40.42	
Lease remeasurement gain	160,92	
Liabilities no longer required written back		(42,
Bad debts written off - now recovered	(340_27)	(35)
Interest income	(63,63)	
Loss on sale of investment in subsidiaries	(309_47)	(165,
	=	(1)
Impairment on financial and contract assets	31,40	
Finance costs	1,268_61	828,
Fair value of security deposits	16,68	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	7,686.75	3,287.
(Increase) in inventories	(102,99)	(21.
(Increase) in trade receivables	(768,09)	(718.
(Increase) in loans	(12.78)	(13.
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	33.08	
(Increase)/decrease in other financial assets	(113.21)	(127,
(Increase) in assets held for sale	(113,21)	255,
Increase in trade payables	155.00	(1,215,
(Decrease) in provisions	155,80	69,
Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabilities	(58,60)	(43,:
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	(361,20)	4,427.
Cash generated from operations	(70,66)	125.5
Income tax paid, net	6,388.10	6,026.0
vet cash inflow from operating activities (A)	(1,763.33)	(422.8
ver cash multiw from operating activities (A)	4,624.77	5,603,
Cash flow from investing activities		
Payments for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(4,200,99)	(2.016.4
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		(3,036.4
Purchase of mutual funds	31.37	23.8
Proceeds from sale of mutual funds		(1,043.1
Payment for purchase of investments	(74.00)	1,481.2
Proceeds from sale of investment in subsidiaries	(34.99)	14
Payment for acquisition of subsidiaries		100.0
Interest received on fixed deposits	(363.50)	(28,020,5
Interest received on income tax refund	247.56	57.0
Movement in other bank balances, net	30.32	66.8
	(1,205.69)	(1,425,3
et cash outflow from investing activities (B)	(5,495.92)	(31,796.5
ash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from borrowings	1,825,21	565.5
Repayment of borrowings	(1,202,70)	(1,289.7
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	**	28,284.1
Transaction costs incurred adjusted towards other equity	*	(222,1
Interest paid	(645.09)	(287.8
Payment of lease liabilities	(466.10)	(430.8
et cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities (C)	(488.68)	26,619.2
et Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(A + B + C)	(1,359.83)	426.4
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	957_17	545.5
ffects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	7.56	(14.8
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (note 1)	(395.10)	957.1
	As at	
		31 March 2024
te 1;		
sh and cash equivalents as per above comprise of the following		
Included in cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand (refer note 4.13(a))	57.67	36.10
Balances with banks in current accounts (refer note 4.13(a))	451.63	620,78
Deposits with original maturity up to 3 months (refer note 4.13(a))	754.47	791.45
Cash credit facilities from bank (refer note 4,16)	(1,658.87)	(491.16
Polonese se Chatamant - C.C L. Fil		957.17
Balances as per Statement of Cash Flows	(395.10)	

This is the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows referred to in our report of even date

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm's Registration No: 012754N/N500016

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of **Quality Care India Limited** CIN: U85110TG1992PLC014728

Srlkanth Pola Partner Membership No: 220916

arun Shadilal Khanna Managing Director DIN: 03584124 Place: Hyderabad

Vishal Maheshwari Chief Financial Officer PAN:AAVPM0561F Place : Hyderabad

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram Director DIN: 08153649 Place: Mumbai

Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran Company Secretary Membership No.: 41863 Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Date: 05 August 2025

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Quality Care India Limited
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### A. Share capital

Particulars				Notes		Number of shares	Amount	E
Balunce as at 1 April 2023						41,496,894	414.97	V
Changes in equity share capital				4.15 (a)		53,733,244	537.33	
Balance as at 31 March 2024						95,230,138	952.30	1
Changes in equity share capital				4.15 (a)		285,690,414	2.856.91	,
Balance as at 31 March 2025						380,920,552	3.809.21	6. 1
B. Other equity								r.
		Att	ributable to ow	Attributable to owners of Parent Company	ompany			
			Reserve	Reserves and surplus			Total other equity	
Particulars	Securities	Capital	Share options	Equity	Foreign	Retained earnings	attributable to equity	
	premium	reserve	outstanding account	component of CCPS	Currency Translation Reserve		holders of Parent Company	controlling interest (NCI)
Balance as at 1 April 2023	4,457.24	11.31	*	434.24		2,921.61	7 824 40	1 989 16
Profit(loss) for the year	•	•		•	•	(140.83)	(140.83)	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	•	,	,	9	216 52	(26 21)		
On account of disposal of stake in Galaxy Care Multispecialty					70017	(57.01)		129.61
Hospital Private Limited	•	(0)	K			(86 65)	(86 65)	(41.63)
Transactions with non-controlling interest	(*)	*	30	•	119	51 43	1 4	
Transaction costs incurred adjusted towards other equity	(0)	٠		9	2.5	74.10	71.42	01,0)
Non-controlling interests on acquisition of subsidiaries [refer						(11, 777)	(11,222)	60
note 4 44 and 4 5(i)]	*	() <b>0</b>	((●))	9	<b>2</b> 0	E	*	15,864,56
Fresh issue of equity shares at premium	27,846 80	X	,	į.		39	00 270 FC	Ų
Conversion of 1,45,72,480 Compulsory convertible preference	6 401 12						00 040 77	•07
shares (CCPS) into 100,00,540 Equity Shares	61-124-0		ĸ	Ť		7.	6,491 13	1903
Balance as at 31 March 2024	38,795.17	11.31		434.24	216.52	2.533.88	41 991 12	15 177 60
Profit for the year	*					2 166 01	10 991 6	067/1.00
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	40	ĸ	£	٠	(208.92)	(8 21)		
Transactions with non-controlling interest	**	10	X.	ě	×	20 42		
Issue of 28,56,90,414 Bonus Shares [refer note 4 15(a)(vi)]	(2,856.91)	*	100	1	:X	G.	(2.8	
Share based compensation expense (refer note 4 49)	200	•	160.92	×	8.		160 92	
Balance as at 31 March 2025	35,938,26	11.31	160.92	434.24	09.2	4.712.10	41.264.43	15.620 79

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

This is the Consolidated Statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date,

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm's Registration Ng. 012754N/N500016

Srikanth Pola

ナ

Partner Membership No: 220916

Verun Shadilal Khanna Managing Director DIN: 03584124 Place: Hyderabad

Alemante

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of Quality Care India Limited CIN: U85110TG1992PLC014728

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram Director DIN: 08153649 Place: Mumbai

Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran Company Secretary Membership No.: 41863 Place: Hyderabad

Vishal Maheshwari Chief Financial Officer PAN: AAVPM0561F Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Date: 05 August 2025

Date: 05 August 2025 Place: Hyderabad

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 1) Corporate information

Quality Care India Limited ("the Company" or "QCIL" or "Parent Company" or "Parent") is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the erstwhile provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 applicable in India. The registered office of the Company is located at #6-3-248/2, Road no. 1, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad - 500034.

The Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "Group") and a joint venture are primarily engaged in providing healthcare and related services. The Group has a network of multi-speciality hospitals across various cities in India and Bangladesh.

### 2) Material Accounting Policies

### a) Statement of compliance

### (i) Basis of preparation

### Compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

The Consolidated Financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

The Consolidated financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 05 August 2025.

### (ii) Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value;
- Assets held for sale measured at fair value less cost to sell
- Defined benefit plan plan assets measured at fair value.
- · Share-based payments

### (iii) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated 9 September 2024 and 28 September 2024 notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2024 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Third Amendment Rules, 2024, respectively, which amended/notified certain accounting standards (see below), and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024:

- Insurance contracts Ind AS 117; and
- Lease Liability in Sale and Leaseback Amendments to Ind AS 116

These amendments did not have any material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### (iv) Critical estimates and judgements:

The preparation of financial information requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a high degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgements is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the financial information.

The area involving critical estimates or judgements are:

- Useful lives of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets
- Estimation of defined benefit obligations and other long-term benefit plan
- Estimated impairment of financial assets and non-financial assets
- Provision for expected credit loss
- Provisions and contingent liabilities

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Group and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### (v) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries and a joint venture.

### List of subsidiaries and joint venture included in the consolidated financial statement is as under:

		Principal	Effective interest he	eld by the Group	
Particulars	Relationship	place of business	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	Principal activities
Ganga Care Hospital Limited	Subsidiary	India	74.13%	74.13%	Hospital services
Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited	Subsidiary	India	56 33%		Hospital services
Quality Care Jharsuguda Private Limited	Subsidiary	India	100.00%		Hospital services
Culinary Cure Foods Private Limited	Subsidiary	India	100.00%		Hospitality services
Convenient Hospitals Limited	Subsidiary	India	100 00%	100 00%	Hospital services
Heart Care Institute And Research Centre (Indore) Pvt Ltd	Step down subsidiary	India	100.00%		Hospital services
United CHGMA Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	Subsidiary	India	76.00%	76 00%	Hospital services
United Ciigma Hospitals Healthcare Private Limited	Step down subsidiary	India	76.00%		Hospital services
Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	Step down subsidiary	India	76.00%		Hospital services
Condis India Healthcare Private Limited (CIHPL)	Subsidiary	India	90.34%	89 37%	Works contract services
KIMS Healthcare Management Limited (KHML)	Step down subsidiary	India	79 26%		Hospital services
KIMS Kollam Multispeciality Hospital India Private Limited	Step down subsidiary	India	79.26%		Hospital services
KIMS Kottayam Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited (Formerly known as KIMS Bellerose Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited)  KKIMSPL)	Step down subsidiary	India	79.26%	78.25%	Hospital services
KIMS Nagercoil Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	Step down subsidiary	India	79.26%	78.25%	Hospital services
Spiceretreat Hospitality Services Private Limited	Step down subsidiary	India	79.26%		Hospitality services
CIMSHEALTH Executive Leisure Private Limited	Step down subsidiary	India	79.26%	78 25%	Hostel services
CIMS Al Shifa Healthcare Private Limited	Step down subsidiary	India	40.42%	39 91%	Hospital services
Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited (CIHL)	Subsidiary	Mauritius	100 00%	100.00%	Investment entity
STS Holdings Limited (STSHL)	Step down subsidiary	Bangladesh	60.12%		Hospital services
TS Hospital Chittagong Limited (STSHCL)	Step down subsidiary	Bangladesh	60.12%		Hospital services
Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited	Joint venture	India	50.00%	50 00%	Hospital services





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### b) Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains or losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

### Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation is provided on the basis of straight line method, except for Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited where depreciation is provided on the basis of written down value method. Depreciation is provided using the useful lives and in the manner prescribed below:

Asset description	Life of the asset (in years)
Buildings	31 - 60
Plant and Machinery used in medical and surgical operations	3 - 13
Furniture and fixtures	4 - 10
Vehicles	5 - 8
Office Equipment	5 - 10
Computers (end user devices)	3
Books	1 - 4

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of their useful life or the lease term, unless the entity expects to use the assets beyond the lease term.

The useful lives have been determined based on technical evaluation done by the management's expert which are higher than those specified by Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets. The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in statement of profit and loss.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### c) Investment Properties

Investment properties, principally land and office buildings, are held for long-term rental yields and are not occupied by the group. They are carried at cost.

Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives. Investment properties (buildings) has useful life of 53 years.

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the assets carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

### d) Intangible Assets

### (i) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on business combination is recorded at excess of the consideration paid over the fair value of the net assets taken-over. Goodwill is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

### (ii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, other intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in the Statement of profit and loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The Group amortizes other intangible assets with a finite useful life using the straight-line method over the following periods:

Asset description	Life of the asset
	(in years)
Software	3 - 5

An item of intangible asset is derecognised when no future economic benefit are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset or upon disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of intangible assets is recognised in profit or loss.

### (iii) Brands and trademarks

Trademarks and brands acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. The management has considered life of brand and trademark having an indefinite life because there is no foreseeable limit of the asset and it is expected to contribute the net cash inflows indefinitely.

In accordance with Ind AS 36, the group to test an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life for impairment by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount (a) annually, and (b) whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Review of useful life assessment: The useful life of an intangible asset that is not being amortized shall be reviewed each period to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support an indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite shall be accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate in accordance with Ind AS 8.

In accordance with Ind AS 36, reassessing the useful life of an intangible asset as finite rather than indefinite is an indicator that the asset may be impaired. As a result, the entity tests the asset for impairment by comparing its recoverable amount, determined in accordance with Ind AS 36, with its carrying amount, and recognizing any excess of the carrying amount over the recoverable amount as an impairment loss.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### e) Revenue recognition

Revenue primarily comprises fees charged under contract for inpatient and/or outpatient hospital services and includes sale of products comprising medical and non-medical items. Hospital services include charges for accommodation, medical professional services, equipment, radiology, laboratory, pharmaceutical goods among others, used in treatments provided to the patients.

Contracts with customers could include promises to transfer multiple services/ products to a customer. The Group assesses the product/ services promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligation in the contract. Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of services rendered, and goods sold is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and schemes offered by the Group as part of the contract including claims. Further, the Group also determines whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. These judgments and estimations are based on various factors including contractual terms and historical experience.

### Revenue from healthcare services and related activities

Revenue is recognised at the transaction price when each performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when inpatient/ outpatients has actually received the service except for few specific services where the performance obligation is satisfied over a period of time.

Other operating revenue comprises revenue from various ancillary revenue generating activities such as clinical research, income from outsourced facilities and academic/training services which is recognised over the period of time, in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements, as and when services are performed.

### Revenue from sale of pharmacy

In respect of sale of pharmaceutical products, where the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time, revenue is recognised when the control of goods is transferred to the customer.

### Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for the sale of products or services in the ordinary course of business and reflects Group's unconditional right to consideration (that is, payment is due only on the passage of time). Trade receivables are recognised initially at the transaction price as they do not contain significant financing components. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less loss allowance.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

### f) Share based payments

### Equity settled share options

The Parent Company has granted employee stock options to the eligible employees of the Group. As per the scheme, on fulfilling of the vesting conditions the Parent Company will issue shares to the eligible employees of the Group.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model. That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The expense or credit in the statement of profit and loss for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.



### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### Share appreciation rights

Liabilities for the Group share appreciation rights are recognised as employee benefit expense over the relevant service period based on the estimated number of rights that are expected to vest. The liabilities are presented as employee benefit obligations and remeasured to fair value at each reporting date, with any measurement changes recognised in profit or loss as employee benefit expense. In estimating the fair value, market conditions and non-vesting conditions are taken into account. Where share appreciation rights are forfeited due to a failure by the employee to satisfy the service conditions, the liability is derecognised and expenses previously recognised are reversed.

### g) Business combination

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the

- fair values of the assets transferred
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- equity interests issued by the Group
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The group recognises any non- controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non- controlling interests proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

### The excess of the:

- consideration transferred
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity
- acquisition date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity

Over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as capital reserve provided there is clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase. In other cases, the bargain purchase gain is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### Common control business combinations

Business combinations arising from transfers of interests in entities that are under the control of the shareholder that controls the Group are accounted for as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the preceding period in the financial statements or, if later, at the date that common control was established; for this purpose comparatives are revised. The assets and liabilities acquired are recognised at their carrying amounts. The identity of the reserves is preserved, and they appear in the standalone financial statements of the Group in the same form in which they appeared in the financial statements of the acquired entity. The difference, if any, between the consideration and the amount of share capital of the acquired entity is transferred to capital reserve.

### h) Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

### (i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the group has control. The group controls an entity where the group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the group.

The Group combines the financial statements of the parent company and its subsidiaries line by line adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides an evidence of impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of the subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the group.

Non controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the special purpose interim consolidated statement of profit and loss, special purpose interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively.

### (ii) Joint ventures

Interest in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method (see iv below), after initially being recognised at cost in the special purpose interim condensed consolidated balance sheet.

### (iii) Changes in ownership interests

The group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of adjustment to non-controlling interests and consideration paid or received is recognised within equity.

When the group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

If the ownership interest in a joint venture or an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### (iv) Equity Method

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit and loss, and the group's share of other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from joint venture are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

Where the group's share of losses an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the group.

The carrying amount of equity accounted investments are tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in note 3(e) below.

### 3) Summary of other accounting policies

This note provides a list of other accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements to the extent they have not been disclosed in the other notes above. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### a) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest two decimal places of millions as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

### b) Foreign currency translation

### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is Group's functional and presentation currency.

### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss. They are deferred in equity if they relate to qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges or are attributable to part of the net investment in a foreign operation. A monetary item for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future is considered as a part of the entities net investment in that foreign operation.

Foreign exchange differences arising on foreign currency borrowings are presented in the statement of profit and loss, within finance costs. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### (iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of foreign operations (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions), and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other financial instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

### c) Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and unused losses.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax base of investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates and interest in joint arrangements where the group is able to control the timing of the reversal of temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### d) Leases

### As a lessee:

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

If a readily observable amortizing loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the Group use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs
- restoration costs

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### As a lessor:

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature.

### e) Impairment of assets

Goodwill and other Intangible assets which has indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

### f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and cash credit facility availed from banks. Cash credit facility availed from banks are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.

### g) Inventories:

Inventory of medical supplies, drugs and other consumables are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of medical supplies, drugs and other consumables comprises cost of purchases and are determined on the basis of weighted average method. Cost of inventories also include all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### h) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within credit period after recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

### i) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction cost incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in statement of profit and loss under other income.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as consequence of the breach.

### j) Borrowings costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing cost eligible for capitalization.

Other borrowings costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

### k) Provisions, Contingent Assets and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably.

The Group does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

The Group does not recognize a contingent asset but discloses its existence in the financial statements if the inflow of economic benefits is probable.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### l) Employee benefits

### (i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

### (ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. Therefore these obligations are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the government bond yield rates at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligations. Remeasurements as a result of the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

### (iii) Post-employment obligations

### The Group operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) Defined benefit plans gratuity; and
- (b) Defined contribution plans provident fund.

### Defined benefit plans - gratuity

The liability or assets recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligations at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and change in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognized immediately in profit or loss as past service cost.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### Defined contribution plans - provident fund

The Group pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered funds as per local regulations. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

### (iv) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

### m) Contributed equity

Equity shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

### n) Dividends

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorized and no longer at the discretion of the entity, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

### o) Earnings per share

### (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- · The profit attributable to owners of the Group
- By the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year.

### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- The after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### p) Current or Non- current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

### Assets

An asset is classified as current when:

- i) it expects to realise the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle
- ii) it holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) it expects to realise the asset within twelve months after the reporting period or
- iv) the asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in Ind AS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets shall be classified as non-current.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### Liabilities

An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

- i) it expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle
- ii) it holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) the liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period or
- iv) it does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities shall be classified as non-current.

### Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

### q) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of The Group or the counterparty.

### r) Other financial assets

### (i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss)
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVOCI.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

### (ii) Recognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, being the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sale the financial asset.

### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, The Group measures a financial asset (excluding trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component) at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in statement of profit and loss.
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in statement of profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

### Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all other equity investments which are in scope of Ind AS 109 at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

### Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- the Group has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Group evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Group has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Group retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.





### Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### (iv) Dividend and Income recognition

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is disclosed as interest income within other income. Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost and financial assets at FVOCI is calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as part of other income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

### s) Measurement of earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)

As permitted by the Guidance Note on division II – Ind AS Schedule III to the Act, the Group has elected to present earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) as a separate line item on the face of the Statement of profit and loss.

In its measurement of EBITDA, the Group includes other income but does not include depreciation and amortisation expense, impairment losses, finance cost and tax expense.

### t) Non current asset held for sale

The Group classifies non-current assets held for sale if their carrying amounts will be principally recovered through a sale rather than through continuing use of assets and action required to complete such sale indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan to sell will be made or that the decision to sell will be withdrawn. Also, such assets are classified as held for sale only if the management expects to complete the sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and the fair value less cost to sell. Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised.

### u) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The CODM (Chief Operating Decision Maker) decided to have only one reportable segment as at the March 31, 2025, in accordance with Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

### v) Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows is prepared as per the Indirect Method. Statement of Cash Flows present the cash flows by operating, financing and investing activities of the Group. Operating cash flows are arrived by adjusting profit or loss before tax for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments, and items of income or expense associated with investing or financing cash flows.

### w) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions. These estimates, judgements and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities, the disclosure of the contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the management becomes aware of these changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

# 4.1 Property, plant and equipment

	Freehold	Buildings							
Particulars	land (Refer note b and	(Refer note b, c, d and e	Leasehold improvements	Plant and* machinery	Furmiture and fixtures	Office equipment	Computer equipment	Vehicles	Total
Gross carrying amount	d Delow)	Delow)							
Opening gross carrying amount as at 1 April 2023	2,006.13	3,450.00	677.60	4.596.93	19 687	132 20	177 89	21.70	11 553 04
Additions	29.10	1,092 02	52.82	1.849 66	37.81	18.04	106.52	11.46	3 197 43
Additions on account of business combination (refer note 4.44)	7,519 00	10,543.60	10.27	4,363.89	748.95	282.60	117.21	66.70	23,652,22
Disposals	<b>3</b>	٠	,	(676.68)	(116.97)	(29.26)	(27.37)	(7.74)	(858 02)
Exchange differences	23.35	289 06	0.17	288.24	29.42	27.78	26 48	3.44	(87.94
Closing gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	9,577.58	15,374.68	740.86	10,422.04	1,188.82	431.36	400.73	95.56	38,231.63
Additions	123,30	937.12	19.26	2,371.90	115.80	160,10	128.05	30.45	3.885 98
Disposals/transfers	(71.59)	(304.60)	500	(189.20)	(7.51)	(3.55)	(3.75)	(11.38)	(591.58)
Exchange differences	(22.20)	(275.87)	(0.16)	(286.75)	(28.10)	(26.55)	(25.44)	(3.37)	(668 44)
Closing gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	60'.09'6	15,731.33	759.96	12,317.99	1,269.01	561.36	499.59	111.26	40,857.59
Accumulated depreciation									
Opening accumulated depreciation as at 1 April 2023		432.05	386.63	1,765.23	159.76	88.39	132.31	11.88	2.976.25
Depreciation charge during the year		129.84	52.49	535.11	76.83	19.35	51.24	5.20	870.06
On disposals	*	•	?( <b>4</b>	(576.26)	(113,39)	(26.91)	(27.00)	(6.47)	(750.03)
Exchange differences		38.87	0.11	129.26	13,91	11.08	20.90	3.22	217.35
Closing accumulated depreciation as at 31 March 2024	•	92.009	439.23	1,853.34	137.11	16.19	177.45	13.83	3,313.63
Depreciation charge during the year	•1	347.50	48.48	1,307.97	122.79	107.37	118.98	24.94	2.078 03
On disposals/transfers		(18.26)	39	(158.05)	(6,31)	(3.97)	(5.38)	(8.04)	(200 01)
Exchange differences	•	(38.74)	(0.11)	(129 06)	(13.94)	(11.34)	(21.06)	(3.00)	(217.25)
Closing accumulated depreciation as at 31 March 2025	0,	891.26	487.60	2,874.20	239.65	183.97	269.99	27.73	4,974.40
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	9,577.58	14,773.92	301.63	8,568.70	1,051.71	339.45	223.28	81.73	34,918.00
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	60.709,6	14.840.07	272.36	9,443.79	1,029.36	377.39	229.60	83.53	35.883 19

- (a) Refer note 4.16 for charge details on Property, plant and equipment.
- officially changed from Bellerose Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited to KIMS Bellerose Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited with effect from 23 August 2013 and thereafter the name was further changed to KIMS Kottayam (b) Includes land and building amounting gross carrying value of ₹ 133.02 and ₹ 292.65 and the title deeds of the immovable properties are held in the erstwhile name of Bellerose Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited. The name was Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited with effect from 26 November 2024.
- (c) Includes building amounting gross carrying value of ₹ 21.20 and the title deeds of the Hospital Building Improvements related to Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited is in the name of Promoter of United CIIGMA Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited, Mr. Unmesh Vidyadhar Takalkar (hereinafter called as "Lessor") and not in the name of Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited. As per the agreement with lessor, the hospital building including land is leased at a nominal value for a period 1 August 2022 to 31 July 2025 and further extended to 31 March 2027,
  - (d) i) Land and building amounting gross carrying value of ₹ 71,59 and ₹ 300,98 has been transferred to investment properties during the year related to United Ciigma Hospitals Healthcare Private Limited. ii) Includes buildings constructed on leasehold land,
    - (e) Borrowing cost capitalised during the year is ₹ 6.20 (31 March 2024: ₹ 0.13).
- \*Net of government grant amounting to ₹ 76.40 received during the year ended 31 March 2025 for duty saved through export promotions capital goods scheme with a pre-condition to provide exports/foreign currency inflow of at least 6 times of duty saved in the coming 5.5 years.





# Quality Care India Limited Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.2 Right-of-use assets

		Category of Right-of-use assets	t-of-use assets		
Particulars	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2023	1,624.83	274.90	15.65	8.36	1.923.74
Additions	148.78	<b>*</b>	ű	(0	148.78
Additions on account of business combination (refer note 4.44)	06'56	8.35	1	0	104.25
Deletions	(170 07)	(246.73)	9	*	(416 80)
Exchange differences	60.9			(8	609
Depreciation charge for the year	(271.20)	(36.52)	(1.93)	(60.0)	(309.74)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	1,434,33		13.72	8.27	1,456.32
Additions	978.15	2.53	Ť	78.26	1,058 94
Deletions	(7.13)	()	3	()	(7.13)
Exchange differences	(5,51)	(1)	Ü	Ť	(5.51)
Depreciation charge for the year	(306.59)	•	(1.93)	(5.96)	(311.48)
Balance as at 31 March 2025	2.093.25	2.53	11.79	83.57	2,191.14

# 4.3 Capital work-in-progress

6.1										
(i) Ageing of CWIP:				Amount	s in capital wor	Amounts in capital work-in-progress for	r			
		Aso	As on 31 March 2025	25			A	As on 31 March 2024	2024	
Particulars	Less than one year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total	Less than one year		1 - 2 years 2 - 3 years	More than 3	Total
Projects in progress	630.08	65.94	99'8		704.68	489.16	16.05	21 80	5.19	532.20
Total	630.08	65.94	8,66		704.68	489.16	16.05	21.80	5.19	537.70

(ii) There are no projects in progress or projects temporarily suspended under capital work-in-progress whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to the original plan as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.





### Quality Care India Limited Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

## 4.4 Investment property

	Land	Building	
Particulars	(Refer note (i) below)	(Refer note (i) below)	Total
Gross carrying amount			
Opening gross carrying amount as at 1 April 2023	*	36	*
Additions on account of business combination (refer note 4.44)	65.61	95.25	160.86
Closing gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	19:59	95.25	160.86
Transfers from Property, plant and equipment	71,59	300.98	372.57
Closing gross carrying amount as at 31 march 2025	137.20	396.23	533.43
Accumulated amortisation Onering accumulated amortisation as at 1 Arril 2023	11		Ý
Depreciation for the year	6 24	2 14	2 14
Closing accumulated amortisation as at 31 March 2024	746	2.14	2.14
Transfers from Property, plant and equipment		18.26	18.26
Depreciation for the year	•	7.09	7.09
Closing accumulated amortisation as at 31 March 2025	114	27.49	27.49
Closing net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	19:29	93.11	158.72
Closing net carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	137.20	368.74	505.94

### (i) Leasing arrangements

cancellable by either parties, to earn rental income. KHML was operating and managing nursing college under the name of KIMS College of Nursing, KHML has transferred land and building pertaining to KIMS college of Nursing to KIMS Health Education and Research Foundation for operating and managing colleges and schools relating to medical courses by the approval of board of directors and audit committee, dated 15 January 2024. The aforesaid transactions is not in the (a) Investment property comprises of a land and building amounting gross carrying value of ₹65.61 and ₹95.25 that are leased out to KIMS Health Education and Research Foundation for a period of 99 years, with lock in terms of 30 years, ordinary course of business and not an arm length price.

(b) Investment property includes land and building with a gross carrying value of ₹71.59 million and ₹300.98 million, respectively, As referred to in Note 4.1, effective 01 April 2024, there has been a change in the usage of these assets. Accordingly, the land and building have been reclassified from "Property, Plant and Equipment" in "Investment Property" in relation to United Ciigma Hospitals Healthcare Private Limited. The lease agreement is entered for an indefinite term and will end only at the consent of both the parties together.

# (ii) Amount recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss for investment properties

Particulars	For the year	For the year
	ended	ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2025 31 March 2024
Rental Income	15,60	0.25
Property tax		(0.67)
Depreciation	(7.09)	(2.14)
Gain/(loss) arising from investment properties before indirect expenses	8.51	(2.56)



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Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

- (iii) There are no contractual obligations for purchase of investment properties as on 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024,
- (iv) Measurement of fair value
  - a) Fair valuation hierarchy

The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent property valuers, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. These valuers are registered valuers as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017. The fair value measurement of the investment property has been categorised as Level 3 based on inputs to the fair value technique used.

b) Valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment property.

Market Approach as per Ind AS 113 for fair value Measurement 461.25	/aluation technique	Significant inputs	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
04:770		Market Approach	832.46	461.35
	l		05.2.40	401.23

- Estimated value of land percent were higher/ (lower)
- The estimated fair value would increase/ (decrease) if:
- Estimated replacement rate per sqm were higher/ (lower)
- (v) The group classifies cash outflows to acquire or construct investment property as investing and rental inflows as operating cash flows.

### Goodwill and Other intangible accode 4.5

Goodwill and Other intangible assets					
		Other	Other intangible assets	ets	
Particulars	Goodwill	Trademark	Brand	Software	Total
Gross carrying amount					
Opening gross carrying amount as at 1 April 2023	6,042.19	649.75	9	292.22	6,984,16
Additions	i i		ĬŒ	14.01	14.01
Additions on account of Business combination (refer note 4.44 and note	18,556 99	252.05	8.277.45	11.87	27 098 36
(1) below) Deletions	(30 30)	0			00000
Exchange differences	(10,77)	2 89	98 70		(29,59)
Closing gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	24.569.79	904.69	8.372.31	318.32	34 165 11
Additions		•	3	98.33	98.33
Exchange differences		3.71	110.41	J.98	114 12
Closing gross carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	24,569.79	908.40	8,482.72	416.65	34,377.56
Accumulated amortisation					
Opening accumulated amortisation as at 1 April 2023				222.16	222.16
Amortisation charge for the year		٠	,	24.29	24.29
Closing accumulated amortisation as at 31 March 2024	1	*	×.	246.45	246.45
Amortisation charge for the year	(40)		٠	45.99	45.99
Closing accumulated amortisation as at 31 March 2025		•	•n	292.44	292.44
Closing net carrying amount as at 31 March 2024	24,569.79	904.69	8,372.31	71.87	33,918.66
Closing net carrying amount as at 31 March 2025	24,569.79	908.40	8,482.72	124.21	34.085.12





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in  $\mbox{\ensuremath{\gtrless}}$  millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

(i) The Group controls the investment in KIMS Holding B.S.C, which is classified as an asset held for sale pursuant to the obligation under the share purchase agreement entered for the acquisition of a subsidiary. The difference between the fair value of the investment and the expected liabilities, NCI is adjusted in Goodwill of ₹ 305 in the previous year ended 31 March 2024,

Unit (CGU). The Group has identified each hospital unit as CGU for this purpose. The Group has allocated the Goodwill to respective CGU which benefits from the synergies of the acquisition and represents the lowest level at which goodwill is Management reviews the carrying value of indefinite useful life assets such as Goodwill. Trademark and Brand annually to determine whether there has been any impairment. The group has allocated the value of Goodwill to a Cash Generating monitored for internal management purposes. Impairment analysis was carried by management during the year. The recoverable amount as determined using value in use of the cash generating units. The recoverable amount exceeds the carrying value, accordingly no impairment loss were identified for the year ended 31 March 2025,

Value in use i.e., the enterprise value of each CGU is aggregate of cash flow projections, for five years and terminal cash flows as approved by the Management. The cash flow beyond five years are extrapolated using the estimated growth rate.

Management has determined the values assigned to each of the above ke	te key assumptions as follows:
Assumption	Approach used to determine values
Sales volume	Average annual growth rate over the five-year forecast period; based on past performance and management's expectations of market development.
Sales price	Average annual growth rate over the five-year forecast period; based on current industry trends and including long-term inflation forecasts for each territory
Long-term growth rate	This is the weighted average growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period. The rates are consistent with forecasts included in industry reg
Pre-tax discount rates	Reflect specific risks relating to the relevant CGU's and the countries in which they operate.

### Intangible assets under development 4.6

The state of the s	No.									
Ageing of Intangibles under development:	Amon	Amounts in capital intangible assets under development for	ingible assets un	der development	for	Amou	nts in capital i	Amounts in capital intangible assets under development	under develop	ment
		As o	As on 31 March 2025	5			A	As on 31 March 2024	2024	
Particulars	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 – 3 years	More than 3 years	Total	Less than one year		1-2 years 2-3 years	More than 3	
(i) Projects in progress	10.06	86.0	×	ź	11.04	7.85	34.79	22.81	21.28	
Total	10.06	86.0	•	÷	11.04	7.85	34.79	22.81	21.28	

86.73

Total

eports

(i) Intangible assets under development represents expenditure towards software developments. These are expected to be completed within one year.

(ii) Details of intangible under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan amounts to ₹ 7.81 (31 March 2024: ₹ 45.55)





Particulars							
						As at	As at
(a) Non-current						31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Unquoted							
Investment in Joint venture- accounted for using the equi		to disa Paris and Alberta at					
<ul> <li>5 000 (31 March 2024: 5 000) equity shares in Qua Equity investments measured at fair value through OCI</li> </ul>	iny Care Health Services	india Private Limited				0_02	0.0.
Investments in Corpus Fund of KIMS Trust						0,35	0.3:
Investments in Mukkudam Electroenergy Private Lim	ited						
- 30 96 149 (31 March 2024: Nil) equity shares of ₹	11,30 each					34.99	
						35.34	0,35
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments (A)						35,36	0,3
4) 6							
(b) Current Quoted							
Investment in mutual funds at FVTPL							
176_889 (176_889 as at 31 March 2024) units in Ban	dhan (Earlier IDFC) Ultra	Short Term Fund-Growth	n-(Direct Plan)			6.85	6.3
1,390 (1,390 as at 31 March 2024) units in Bandhan	(Earlier IDFC) Super Sav	er Income Fund-Medium-	Term Plan-Growth			0.07	0.0
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market va	due thereof (B)					6.92	6.4
Aggregate amount of quoted & unquoted investments (A	A) + (B)					42,28	6.7
079 5 09							
8 Other financial assets Particulars						As at	As at
CON						31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(a) Non-current Unsecured, considered good							
Security deposits						316.56	258 2-
Fixed deposits with banks with remaining maturity of more t	han 12 months					439,99	673.30
Interest accrued on fixed deposits with banks						40 64	28 28
Unsecured, considered doubtful							
Security deposits						23 00	25 00
Less: Allowances for expected credit loss						(23 00)	(25.00
Total						797.19	959.82
							203101
(b) Current							
Unsecured, considered good Security deposits						29,83	16 25
Interest accrued on fixed deposits with banks						42 48	31.53
Advance to related party						17,04	0.60
Others Total						35.93 125,28	25.78
						125,26	74.16
4.9 (a) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) Particulars							
Particulars						As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Deferred tax assets						936 44	
Deferred tax liabilities							1.028 57
Net Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)						(4.637.59)	1.028 57 (5.285 39
						(4.637.59)	
Movement in temporary differences							(5 285 39
Movement in temporary differences (i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:		A.Added	(Charant) and Frank	Charged/(credited)			(5 285 39
	As at	Additions on account	(Charged)/credited	to other	Others	(3,701.15) Exchange	(5,285,39 (4,256,82
	As at 1 April 2024	Additions on account of business combination	(Charged)/credited to Statement of Profit and Loss	to other comprehensive	Others	(3,701.15)	(5 285 39 (4,256.82
		of business	to Statement of	to other	Others	(3,701.15) Exchange	(5 285.39 (4,256.82 As at 31 March 2025
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:	l April 2024	of business combination	to Statement of Profit and Loss	to other comprehensive income		(3,701.15)  Exchange differences	(5 285 39 (4,256,82 As at 31 March 2025
(i) Deferred (ax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss	1 April 2024 103.45	of business combination	to Statement of Profit and Loss 77.41	to other comprehensive income		Exchange differences	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS	1 April 2024 103.45 578.95	of business combination	to Statement of Profit and Loss 77.41 259.45	to other comprehensive income		Exchange differences	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land	1 April 2024 103.45 578.95 202.16	of business combination	77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98)	to other comprehensive income		Exchange differences	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset	1 April 2024 103 45 578,95 202,16 34,69 23,96 (470,19)	of business combination	to Statement of Profit and Loss 77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58)	to other comprehensive income		(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  - 1.52	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02
(i) Deferred (ax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of Iand Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment	1 April 2024 103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68)	of business combination	to Statement of Profit and Loss 77,41 259,45 (18,01) 43,41 (23,98) (249,58) (62,94)	to other comprehensive income	39 39 39 39 30 30 30	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  - 1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.00 (718.25 (5.024.74
(i) Deferred (ax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to	1 April 2024 103 45 578,95 202,16 34,69 23,96 (470,19)	of business combination	to Statement of Profit and Loss 77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58)	to other comprehensive income	3 3 3 3	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  - 1.52	(5.285.39 (4,256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5,024.74
Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary	1 April 2024 103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68)	of business combination	to Statement of Profit and Loss 77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94)	to other comprehensive income	39 39 39 39 30 30 30	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to	103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68) 91.30	of business combination	to Statement of Profit and Loss 77,41 259,45 (18.01) 43,41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94)	to other comprehensive income	39 39 39 39 30 30 30	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  - 1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5,024.74 91.30
(i) Deferred (ax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to substidiary Interest on loan given to substidiary	1 April 2024 103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68) 91.30 (8.33)	of business combination	Io Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) (6.08)	to other comprehensive income	39 39 39 39 30 30 30	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30
(i) Deferred (ax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee	1 April 2024  103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4.998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1.111.27 (0.98)	of business combination	77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) (6.08) (3.67)	to other comprehensive income	39 39 39 39 30 30 30	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30 (14.41 50.09
(i) Deferred (ax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee Other disallowances	1 April 2024 103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1.111.27 (0.98) 27.35	of business combination	10 Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) - (6.08) (3.67) 79.42 0.47 11.68	to other comprehensive income	39 39 39 39 30 30 30	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30 (14.41 50.09 1.127.37 (0.51
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee Other disallowances Borrowings measured at amortised cost	1 April 2024  103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1,111.27 (0,98) 27.35 (3.88)	of business combination	10 Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) (6.08) (3.67) 79.42 0.47 11.68 1.89	to other comprehensive income	39 39 39 39 30 30 30	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30 (14.41 50.09 1.127.37 (0.51 39.03 (1.99
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee Other disallowances Borrowings measured at amortised cost Provision for bad and doubtful loans	1 April 2024  103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1.111.27 (0.98) 27.35 (3.88) 23.00	of business combination	10 Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) (6.08) (3.67) 79.42 0.47 11.68 1.89	to other comprehensive income	39 39 39 39 30 30 30	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 93.201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30 (14.41 50.09 1.127.37 (0.51 39.03 (1.99
Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Lease liabilities Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee Other disallowances Borrowings measured at amortised cost Provision for bad and doubtful loans Investment in subsidiary[refer note 4.5(i)]	1 April 2024  103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1.111.27 (0,98) 27.35 (3.88) 23.00 (260.23)	of business combination	10 Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) (6.08) (3.67) 79.42 0.47 11.68 1.89	to other comprehensive income	39 39 39 39 30 30 30	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.35 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.16 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30 (14.41 50.09 1.127.37 (0.51 39.03 (1.99 23.00
Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee Other disallowances Borrowings measured at amortised cost Provision for bad and doubtful loans Investment in subsidiary/frefer note 4.5(i)] On equity component of loan	1 April 2024  103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4.998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1.111.27 (0.98) 27.35 (3.88) 23.00 (260.23)	of business combination	10 Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94)  (6.08) (3.67) 79.42 0.47 11.68 1.89	to other comprehensive income	26 26 26 26 26 27 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.35 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.92 201.66 78.16 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30 (14.41 50.09 L.127.37 (0.51 39.03 (1.99 2.300 (91.30
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee Other disallowances Borrowings measured at amortised cost Provision for bad and doubtfal loans Investment in subsidiary[refer note 4.5(i)] On equity component of loan On interest expense of loan	1 April 2024  103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1.111.27 (0.98) 27.35 (3.88) 23.00 (260.23) (91.30) 8.33	of business combination	10 Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) (6.08) (3.67) 79.42 0.47 11.68 1.89 - 260.23	to other comprehensive income	39 39 39 39 30 30 30	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 93.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30 (14.41 50.09 1.127.37 (0.51 39.03 (1.99 23.00 14.41
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee Other disallowances Borrowings measured at amortised cost Provision for bad and doubtful loans Investment in subsidiary[refer note 4.5(i)] On equity component of loan On interest expense of loan On fair valuation of land	1 April 2024  103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1,111.27 (0,98) 27.35 (3.88) 23.00 (260.23) (91.30) 8.33	of business combination	10 Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) (6.08) (3.67) 79.42 0.47 111.68 1.89 - 260.23 - 6.08 147.02	to other comprehensive income	26 26 26 26 26 27 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.88 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30 (14.41 50.09 1.127.37 (0.51 39.03 (1.99 23.00 (91.30 14.41 (987.94
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee Other disallowances Borrowings measured at amortised cost Provision for bad and doubtful loans Investment in subsidiary [refer note 4.5(i)] On equity component of loan On interest expense of loan On fair valuation of land On equity component of CCPS	1 April 2024  103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1.111.27 (0,98) 27.35 (3.88) 23.00 (260.23) (91.30) 8.33 (534.96) (233.24)	of business combination	10 Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) (6.08) (3.67) 79.42 0.47 11.68 1.89 260.23	to other comprehensive income		(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30 (1.4.41 50.09 1.127.37 (0.51 39.03 (1.99 2.300 
(i) Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to:  Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee Other disallowances Borrowings measured at amortised cost Provision for bad and doubtful loans Investment in subsidiary[refer note 4.5(i)] On equity component of loan On interest expense of loan On fair valuation of land	1 April 2024  103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4.998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1.111.27 (0.98) 27.35 (3.88) 23.00 (260.23) (91.30) 8.33 (534.96) (233.24)	of business combination	10 Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) (6.08) (3.67) 79.42 0.47 111.68 1.89 - 260.23 - 6.08 147.02	to other comprehensive income	26 26 26 26 26 27 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5.285.39 (4.256.82 As at 31 March 2025 180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25 (5.024.74 91.30 (14.41 50.09 1.127.37 (0.51 39.03 (1 99 23.00 (91.30 14.44 (387.94 (233.24 (233.24 (233.24 (233.24 (233.25)
Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Provision for employee benefits Expenses allowable on payment of TDS Indexation of land Right-of-use asset Property, plant and equipment Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary Interest on loan given to subsidiary MAT credit Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses On account of management fee Other disallowances Borrowings measured at amortised cost Provision for bad and doubtful loans Investment in subsidiary[refer note 4-5(n)] On equity component of loan On interest expense of loan On of air valuation of land On equity component of CCPS On interest expense of CCPS	1 April 2024  103.45 578.95 202.16 34.69 23.96 (470.19) (4,998.68) 91.30 (8.33) 53.76 1.111.27 (0,98) 27.35 (3.88) 23.00 (260.23) (91.30) 8.33 (534.96) (233.24)	of business combination	10 Statement of Profit and Loss  77.41 259.45 (18.01) 43.41 (23.98) (249.58) (62.94) (6.08) (3.67) 79.42 0.47 11.68 1.89 260.23 6.08	to other comprehensive income		(3,701.15)  Exchange differences  (1.47) (4.11)  1.52 36.88	(5 285 39 (4.256.82  As at 31 March 2025  180.86 836.93 201.66 78.10 (0.02 (718.25) (5,024.74 91.30 (14.41) 50.09 1.127.37 (0.51) 39.03 (1.99) 23.00





(i) Deferred tax assets/(habilities) in relation to:	As at 1 April 2023	Additions on account of business combination	(Charged)/credited to Statement of Profit and Loss	Charged/(credited) to other comprehensive income	Others	Exchange differences	As at 31 March 2024
Expected credit loss	115.53	÷	(12.08)	54	-	220	103.45
Lease liabilities	709 62	18,51	(150.78)	12	2	1,60	578 95
Provision for employee benefits	111_56	83,57	(4.57)	7 37	š	4 23	202 16
Expenses allowable on payment of TDS	36.00	- C	(1.31)	<b>%</b>	2	120	34.69
Indexation of land	104.52	27	(80,56)	74	- 2	0.00	23 96
Right of use asset	(604,07)	(19,18)	154,72			(1.66)	(470.19
Property, plant and equipment	(762.85)	(4.203.53)	6,56	9	i i	(38 86)	(4,998.68
Deemed equity on account of interest free loan given to subsidiary	91.30	*	·*	·	*	(4)	91.30
nterest on loan given to subsidiary	(3 31)	¥2	(5.02)	34	≥	3.00	(8.33)
AT credit	108.62	380	(54.86)	34	*	5900	53_76
Jnabsorbed depreciation and business losses	47 82	1,021,90	(23, 77)		€	65,32	1,111.27
On account of management fee	: €	(1.15)	0.17	2	26	(a)	(0.98)
Other disallowances	⊕	33,61	(6, 26)	32	22	34	27 35
Borrowings measured at amortised cost	(6.23)	3.60	2.35	3	**	75.7	(3.88)
rovision for bad and doubtful loans	23.00	900	40	≅	₩.	127	23 00
oss from specified business (refer note below)	810.38	140	(810,38)	9	23	12.7	
nvestment in subsidiary [refer note 4.5(i)]	꾶		程7.	2	(260.23)	74	(260 23)
On equity component of CCPS	(233,24)	( in the second	72.1	9	*5	5	(233 24)
On interest expense of CCPS	131.10	023	102,15	- 2			233 25
On equity component of loan	(91,30)	023	74	ş			(91.30)
On interest expense of loan	3,31	~	5 02	-	-		8.33
On fair valuation of land	2	(534.96)			-)	3.5	(534.96)
On fair valuation of investment		(146,50)					(146.50)
Net Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)	591.76	(3,747,73)	(878,62)	7,37	(260,23)	30,63	(4,256,92)

Note:
The management has concluded that such deferred tax asset will be recoverable using the estimated future taxable income based on approved business plans and budgets of the group.

(b) Income Tax assets/Liabilities (net)		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Advance income tax (net of provision for taxation)	950.05	797.88
Total	950,05	797.88
Provision for income tax (net of advance tax)	151.96	275 75
Total	151,96	275,75





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.10 Other assets

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
(a) Non-current	of Harti 2020	31 Waten 2024
Unsecured, considered good		
Amounts paid under protest	58,66	74.67
Capital advances	240 69	126 44
Employee benefit fund, net		63.21
Other advances	15.91	114.93
Prepaid expenses	18 61	16.82
Others	50.70	9.33
Total	384.57	405,40
(b) Current		
Unsecured, considered good		
Prepaid expenses	118.51	101.73
Advances to vendors	267 94	189.11
Employee benefit fund, net	0.18	0.18
Balance with Government authorities	57.47	
Others	42.22	93.30
Total	486.32	384.32

### 4.11 Inventories\*

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Medical consumables and pharmacy items	909.01	787.92
Other consumables	77 46	95,56
Total	986.47	883.48

<sup>\*</sup>Refer note 4,16 for details of inventories pledged as security/hypothecated, if any.

### 4.12 Trade receivables

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Trade receivables considered good - billed	4,042.75	3,252.93
Trade receivables considered good - unbilled	245.00	282.71
Total	4,287.75	3,535.64
Less: Expected credit loss*	(700.30)	(436.34)
Total trade receivables and unbilled revenue	3,587.45	3,099.30
Trade receivables	3,350.38	2,823.49
Unbilled revenue	237 07	275.81

<sup>\*</sup>The movement in the expected credit loss on trade receivables is as follows:

The movement in the expected cream toss of trade receivables is as follows.	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Opening balance at beginning of the period/year	436.34	373.18
Provision made during the year (refer note 4,22 and 4,25)	343.57	13.28
Bad debts written off during the year	(79.61)	(82.70)
Additions on account of business combination		132.58
Closing balance at end of the period/year	700.30	436.34

### Ageing of trade receivables and unbilled as at 31 March 2025

				Outs	tanding for fo	llowing periods	from the due date		
Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Undisputed trade receivables a	nd unbilled						*		
-Considered good	245.00	1,212.15	1,380.21	740.38	511.14	190.88	7.99	4,287.75	
-Expected credit loss rate	3%	4%	11%	16%	33%	100%	100%	16%	
-Expected credit loss	(7.94)	(51.10)	(156.96)	(116.33)	(169.24)	(190.74)	(7.99)	(700.30)	
Total	237.06	1,161.05	1,223.25	624.05	341.90	0.14		3,587.45	





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Ageing of trade receivables and unbilled as at 31 March 2024

				Outs	tanding for fo	llowing periods	from the due date	
Particulars	Tess than 10 months - 11	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total				
Undisputed trade receivables a	and unbilled							
-Considered good	282.71	1,028.65	1,410,69	543.08	236.35	24.84	9.32	3,535.64
-Expected credit loss rate	2%	8%	10%	17%	37%	82%	100%	12%
-Expected credit loss	(6.90)	(77.84)	(143.81)	(91.03)	(87.10)	(20.34)	(9.32)	(436.34)
Total	275.81	950.81	1,266,88	452.05	149.25	4.50		3,099,30

### 4.13 Cash and bank balances

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
a) Cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks		
-in current accounts	451,63	620.78
Cash on hand	57,67	36.10
Deposits with original maturity up to 3 months	754.47	791.45
	1,263.77	1,448.33
b) Other bank balances		
Deposits with maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months	3,097.07	1,763.62
Earmarked balances with bank in current account (refer note below)	4.20	14.09
Deposit towards margin money against bank guarantee	135,27	12.77
Unclaimed dividend account	2,69	5.55
	3,235.03	1,796.03
Total	4,498.80	3,244.36

### Note

Balances are restrictive in nature as they are earmarked funds payable to the minority share holders of Care Institute of Medical Sciences Limited, which was amalgamated with the Company with effect from 1 April 2016 in accordance with the terms of the scheme of amalgamation sanctioned by the National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad vide its Order dated 5 May 2017. The Group has transferred the amount to Investor education and protection fund on 16 August 2024.

### 4.14 Loans

Particulars		As at	As at
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(a) Non-Current			
Unsecured, considered good			
Loans to related parties		20.00	\$
Loans to others		5.46	6.31
		25.46	6.31
Unsecured, significant increase in credit risk	-		
Loans to related parties		65.83	65.83
Less: Loss allowance		(65.83)	(65.83)
			_ = =
Total		25,46	6.31
(b) Current			
Unsecured, considered good			
Advances to employees		2.94	9.31
Total	(4)	2.94	9.31





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

## 4.15 (a) Equity share capital

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2025 31 March 2024
Authorised Share capital		
430,500,000 (31 March 2024: 132,000,000) Equiry shares of ₹10 each	4 305 00	1 320 00
- C-F0 T T COCCOUNT TOOL T TOTAL TOOL T TAKEN OOD OUT F	00 001.1	2,25,000
3,500,000 (31 March 2024: 3,500,000) Preference shares of ₹10 each	35 00	35 00
Total authorised share capital	4 340 00	1 355 00
		00:00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up equity shares		

952.30

3,809.21

\*Includes (a) Bonus shares issued during the current year. (b) CCPS conversion and fresh issue of equity shares through private placement during the previous year.

Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up equity shares\*

(i) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning of the year and end of the reporting year

### **Equity Shares**

Particulars	As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	rch 2024
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
At the beginning of the year	95,230,138	952.30	41,496,894	414.97
Issued during the year	285,690,414	2,856.91	53,733,244	537.33
Balance at the end of the year	380,920,552	3,809,21	95,230,138	952.30

# (ii) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. Where dividend is proposed by the Board of Directors, it is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amount. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

# (iii) Equity shares held by the Holding Company

Particulars	10 3		As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	arch 2024
	Category of Shares	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte. Ltd, Singapore	Equity	273,663,300	2,736.63	68,415,825	684.16
try Facultains of shareholders housing more than 3% equity snares.  Particulars	Asat 31 N	As at 31 March 2025	Ac at 31 March 2024	Jareh 2024	
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding	
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pre. Ltd. Singapore	273,663,300	71.84%	68,415,825		
Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited	91,221,100	23,95%		23.95%	

(v) The Company has not bought back any equity shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the balance sheet date.

(vi) On 2 July 2024, the Parent Company had allotted 285,690,414 bonus shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up in the proportion of 3 bonus shares for every 1 fully paid up equity share to eligible shareholders whose names appeared in the Register of Members as on 1 July 2024, being the record date fixed for this purpose, in accordance with approval received from the Members in the extra ordinary general meeting held on 14 June 2024. The said bonus shares rank pair passu in all respects with the existing equity shares of the Parent Company, including dividend. As a result of the bonus issue, the paid-up capital of the Parent Company increased to ₹ 3,809,21 from ₹ 952.30. The paid-up capital on account of bonus issue of ₹ 2,856.90 has been appropriated from securities premium.

Other than as disclosed above, no shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the balance sheet date.





Quality Care India Limited

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

(vii) Details of shareholdings by the Promoter/Promoter Group

Promoter/Promoter Group Name	AS at 31 March 2025	at ch 2025	As at 31 March 2024	t n 2024
	Number of Shares	% holding	Number of Shares	% holding
BCP Asta il Topco IV Pte. Ltd., Singapore	273,663,300	71.84%	68,415,825	71.84%
Total	273,663,300	71.84%	68.415.825	71 84%

### 4.15 (b) Other equity

			Reserve	Reserves and surplus				
Particulars	Securities premium	Capital reserve	Share options outstanding account	Equity component of Foreign Currency CCPS Translation Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Retained earnings	Total other equity attributable to equity holders of Parent Company	Non-controlling interest (NCI)
Balance as at 01 April 2023	4,457.24	11.31	*	434.24	*	2,921.61	7.824.40	1.988.26
Profit for the year	*	(*)	•		7%	(140.83)	(140.83)	329.24
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	27	<b>3</b> €	î i	9.05	216.52	(16 23)	200 29	139.21
Non-controlling interests on acquisition of subsidiaries [refer note 4 44 and	- 11	700						
[4.5(i)]	<b>*</b> 20		PIT	<b>*</b> 0	¥E	*	(*)	15,864.56
Transaction costs incurred adjusted towards other equity	**	9	٠	0	24	(222 11)	(222,11)	(8)
Conversion of 1,45,72,480 CCPS into 100,00,540 Equity Shares	6,491.13	**		e.	**		6 491 13	
Fresh issue of equity shares at premium	27,846.80	( <u>*</u>	100	3	Re		27.846.80	£ !
On account of disposal of stake in Galaxy Care Multispecialty Hospital Private	2	9		U	0			G.
Limited	(•))	•			**	(26.68)	(86'65)	(41.63)
Transactions with non-controlling interest	•		*	*	*	51.42	51.42	(3 101 84)
Balance at 31 March 2024	38,795.17	11.31	*	434.24	216.52	2,533.88	41,991,12	15,177.80
Profit for the year		i.	*		٠,	2.166.01	2,166.01	952.41
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	•		*	*	(208.92)	(8.21)	(217.13)	(145.50)
Transactions with non-controlling interest	*	•			(3)	20.42		(26 £9£)
Issue of 28,56,90,414 Bonus Shares [refer note 4.15(a)(vi)]	(2,856.91)			11.8	(Ja)		(2.856.91)	
Share based compensation expense (refer note 4.49)	3	(B)	160.92	114			160.92	8
Balance at 31 March 2025	35,938,26	11.31	160.92	434.24	09.7	4,712.10	41,264.43	15,620.79





Quality Care India Limited

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

## Nature and purpose of reserves

### Retained earnings:

Retained earnings are the profits/losses (net of appropriations) of the group earned till date, including items of other comprehensive income.

### Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of equity shares, It is utilised in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act").

### Capital reserve

Capital reserves comprises of:

(i) \$4.25 towards excess of net assets taken over the consideration paid as part of business combination. This was created in accordance with the composite scheme of amalgamation, such the States of Telangana and Andhra Pradesh vide its Order dated 18 August 2016, for the amalgamation of Quality Care Hi-tech City Private Limited, wholly owned subsidiary, with the Company during the year ended 31 March 2016,

(ii) ₹7.06 represents forfeited money received against share warrants in the earlier years.

# Share options outstanding account

The fair value of the equity settled share based payment options is recognised in share options outstanding account over the vesting period of such options. The Company transfers the proportionate amounts, outstanding in this account, in relation to options exercised to securities premium on the date of exercise of such options,

# Equity component of compulsory convertible preference shares

The nature of this reserve is to record the difference arising on account of conversion of compulsorily convertible preference shares into equity shares.

The Company had issued 14,572,480 Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (coupon rate of 0.001%) of ₹ 10 each/ @ ₹ 452.30 including a premium of ₹ 442.30 per Compulsorily Convertible Preference Share to Touch Healthcare Drivate Limited, Mauritius which were converted into 10,000,540 equity shares in previous year.

# Foreign currency translation reserve

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign operations are recognised in other comprehensive income as described in accounting policy and accumulated in a separate reserve within equity.





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.16 Borrowings

	As at 31 Ma	rch 2025	As at 31 Ma	rch 2024
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Secured - at amortised cost				
Term loans/overdraft facilities from banks				
- HDFC Bank term loan - I (refer note i)		2	9.42	119.4
- Axis Bank - Term loan III (refer note ii)	991.77	201,20	143.10	183.2
- HSBC - Term loan (refer note iii)	1,142,56	108,50	1,250,63	48.9
- IndusInd Bank- Term Loan - I (refer note iv)	358.37	54.84	413 20	49.9
- IndusInd Bank- Term Loan - II (refer note iv)	177,51	30.84	208.35	28.2
- The South Indian Bank Ltd (refer note v)	156,69	29.38	187.06	26.25
- Axis Bank - Term loan (refer note vii)	540.09	160 14	700 47	160.14
- UBI - Vehicle loan (refer note viii)		0.05	0.05	0.11
- HDFC - Vehicle loan (refer note viii)	1.00	2 21	3.20	2.07
- HDFC - Term Loan (refer note ix)	56.87	44.52	95.25	50.29
- Canara Bank - Term Loan (refer note x)	1.14	62.81	67.10	64.20
- HDFC - Term Loan (refer note xi)	699.59	2	27,35	3
- Standard Chartered Bank - Term Loan (refer note xii)		10.14	10.54	42.78
- Standard Chartered Bank - Term Loan (refer note xiii)	186,88	198.75	404.42	216.34
- Dutch-Bangla Bank Limited - Term Loan (refer note xiv)	452.71	103.61	507.98	80.49
- Axis Bank - cash credit (refer note xv)	<u> </u>	1,003.84	-	
- IndusInd Bank cash credit (refer note xvi)		42,54	:=:	=
- Overdraft facilities from Bank (refer note xvii)	ê	457.04	3.50	333.13
- Cash credit from Bank (refer note xviii)		2	128	30.78
- Overdraft facilities from Bank (refer note xix)	8	55.68		30.68
- Overdraft facilities from Bank (refer note xx)	¥	99.77	346	96,57
Ferm loans/overdraft facilities from banks (A)	4,765.18	2,665.86	4,028.12	1,563.61
Ferm loans from financial institutions				
- NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (refer note vi)	232.14	178.38	411.79	166.74
Ferm loans from financial institutions (B)	232.14	178.38	411.79	166.74
Total (A+B)	4,997.32	2,844.24	4,439.91	1,730,35

### Notes:

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financial activities excluding interest accrued\*\*

	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Opening balance at beginning of the year	6,149,27	3,491,47
Additions on account of business combination		2,764.09
Proceeds from borrowings	2,995.50	1,056,71
Repayments of borrowings	(1,202.70)	(1,289.70)
Exchange differences	(130.71)	126.70
Closing balance at end of the year	7,811.36	6.149.27
**Borrowings include current and non-current portions of term loans from b		

Reconciliation of interest accrued on above borrowings

	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Opening balance at beginning of the year	20,99	2.10
Interest expenses	654,30	306.70
Interest paid	(645.09)	(287.81)
Closing balance at end of the year	30.20	20.99

### i Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited

The HDFC Term Loan and unutilised cash credit facility are secured by

- (i) equitable mortgage of hospital land and building;
- (ii) first exclusive charge on the entire assets (fixed assets/ movable assets) created out of bank finance both present and future excluding medical equipment's specifically financed by another financier;
- (iii) first and exclusive charge on all present and future current assets of the Company;

The loan carries interest at rate of MCLR (1 year) plus 0.50% p.a.





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### ii Quality Care India Limited

Axis Bank term loan - Secured by first pari passu charge over all movable and immovable property, plant and equipment, present and future of the Company and also hypothecation of entire movable fixed assets both present and future of the Company.

Second pari passu charge over all present and future current asset of the Company. The said loan is repayable in 5 years and 10 months and carries an interest rate of repo rate + 1,95% p.a., (31 March 2025; 8,45% p.a.) (31 March 2024; 8,45% p.a.) payable at monthly intervals.

### iii Quality Care India Limited

Secured by first pari passu charge on immovable & movable Property, plant and equipment all present and future asset. Second pari passu charge on stocks & receivables all present and future assets towards overdraft and working capital loan facilities.

The loan is repayable in 9 years (including moratorium period of 2 years) carries an interest rate of T bill rate + 1,58% p.a with an average rate of (31 March 2025 : 8,28% to 8,89%) (31 March 2024 : 8,50% to 9,23%),

### iv United Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited

IndusInd Bank- Term Loan - I & II: Secured by first and exclusive charge on all movable and currents assets and collateral charge on hospital land and building. The loans are repayable in 6 to 7 years carries an interest rate of 8.43% p.a. (31 March 2024: 9.36% p.a) against term loan 1 and 8.35% p.a. (31 March 2024: 8.35% p.a) against term loan 2.

### v United Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited

Secured by first and exclusive charge on all movable and currents assets and collateral charge on hospital land and building. The loan is repayable in 6 years carries an interest rate of 8,35% (31 March 2024: 8,56% p.a.).

### vi Quality Care India Limited

NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited - The loan is secured by first pari passu charge over all movable and immovable property, plant and equipment, present and future of the Company. Second pari passu charge over all present and future current assets of the Company. The loan carries an interest rate of five year NIIF IFL benchmark rate + 0.4% (As on 31 March 2025: 7.30% per annum) (As on 31 March 2024: 7.30% per annum).

### vii KIMS Healthcare Management Limited

Axis Term Loan- Term loans from banks are secured by exclusive charge on the project asset created /to be created out of the term loan. Loans are repayable in quarterly instalments over a period of 10 years with moratorium of 3 Years and 3 months, starting from November 2022 to August 2029. The loan carries interest rate 1 year MCLR (9.30% - 9.35%) (31 March 2024: 8.85% - 9.35%).

### viii KIMS Healthcare Management Limited

Vehicle loans from banks are secured by hypothecation of the respective motor vehicles. Loans are repayable in 60 monthly instalments starting from July 2020 for Union Bank of India and from September 2021 for HDFC Bank. The loan carries interest rate fixed rate of 7.15% - 9.90 %.

### ix KIMS Kollam Multispeciality Hospital India Private Limited

Term loan from HDFC bank is secured by exclusive charge of property, plant and equipments procured out of such loan. Principal repayment to be made in every quarter starting from 26 May 2021. The loan carries interest rate 3 months treasury bill + 2.15% (8.59% - 9.04%) (31 March 2024: 8 - 9 %).

### x KIMS At Shifa Healthcare Private Limited

Secured by first charge on the current assets and all fixed assets of the Company. The loan carries interest rate RLLR+0.6% (7.5% - 10%) (31 March 2024: 7.5% - 10%).

### xi KIMS Nagercoil Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited

Term loan from bank are secured by exclusive charge on the collateral Property and fixed assets. Loans are repayable in instalments over a period of 10 years with moratorium of 3 years and repayment in 84 equal instalments and to be paid on or before the last day of March 2034. The loan carries interest rate T Bill+1.17% (7.6%-8.10%) (31 March 2024: 8.10%).

### xii STS Holdings Limited

- a) Floating interest rate as determined by bank time to time. Current rate of interest is 9.1%
- b) Security Demand Promissory Note and Letter of Continuation for BDT 770, Registered hypothecation over plant and machinery (medical equipment) on Pari Passu basis with other lenders where Standard Chartered Bank's share would be at least BDT 770 and Registered hypothecation (first charge) for floating charge over stocks, and book debts on Pari Passu basis with other lenders where Standard Chartered Bank's share would be at least BDT 770.
- c) Tenure To be repaid in 12 equal quarterly installments.





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### xiii STS Hospital Chittagong Limited

- a) Floating interest rate as determined by bank time to time. Current rate of interest is 9.1%
- b) Security Demand Promissory Note and Letter of Continuation for BDT 2,540, Registered hypothecation over machineries, medical equipments, stocks and book debts of STS Hospital Chittagong Limited for BDT 2,540, Corporate guarantee from STS Holdings Limited favoring STS Hospital Chittagong Limited for BDT 2,540, Pledge over entire shares of STS Hospital Chittagong Limited owned by STS Holdings Limited. Registered mortgage over 1,43 acre land and buildings of STS Hospital Chittagong Limited located in Ananya Residential Area in Chittagong for BDT 1,400. Registered mortgage over 1,80 katha land of STS Hospital Chittagong Limited for BDT 1,150.
- c) Tenure To be repaid in 6 years

### xiv STS Hospital Chittagong Limited

- a) Floating interest rate as determined by bank time to time. Current rate of interest is 10.5%
- b) Security Registered hypothecation over fixed and floating assets of STS Hospital Chittagong Limited under parri -passu security sharing agreement with Dutch-Bangla Bank Limited, Standard Chartered Bank & HSBC, Corporate guarantee from STS Holdings Limited favoring STS Hospital Chittagong Limited and Registered mortgage of 1.43 acres land and building of STS Hospital Chittagong Limited under parri -passu security sharing agreement with Dutch-Bangla Bank Limited, Standard Chartered Bank & HSBC.
- c) Tenure To be repaid in 5 years

### xv Quality Care India Limited

Cash credit facility from Axis Bank - Unsecured and is repayable on demand. During the year ended March 31, 2025 the rate of interest was 9.20% per annum; (31 March 2024 9.20% per annum).

### xvi United Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited

Secured by first and exclusive charge on all movable and currents assets and collateral charge on hospital land and building. The Cash credit is repayable on demand and carries an interest rate of 9%.

### xvii STS Holdings Limited & STS Hospital Chittagong Limited

- a) Floating interest rate as determined by bank time to time. Current rate of interest ranges from 8,5% to 10,5%.
- b) Security Registered hypothecation over fixed and floating assets of STS Hospital Chittagong Limited under parri -passu security sharing agreement with Dutch-Bangla Bank Limited, Standard Chartered Bank & HSBC, Corporate guarantee from STS Holdings Limited favoring STS Hospital Chittagong Limited and Registered mortgage of 1.43 acres land and building of STS Hospital Chittagong Limited under parri -passu security sharing agreement with Dutch-Bangla Bank Limited, Standard Chartered Bank & HSBC.

### xviii KIMS Healthcare Management Limited

Cash credit from banks are secured by hypothecation of entire current assets of the Company both present and future including stocks, receivables and non-current portion of receivables. The interest rate carries at 6 month. MCLR (9,40% - 8,65%).

### xix KIMS Kottayam Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited (Formerly known as KIMS Bellerose Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited) (KKIMSPL)

Overdraft facility is secured by hypothecation of entire current assets of the Company and equitable mortgage of certain immovable properties and comfort letter from KHML. The interest rate carries at Repo rate + 5.2% (8.65% - 11,70%).

### xx KIMS Al Shifa Healthcare Private Limited

Overdraft facilities from banks are secured by hypothecation of inventories, receivables, other current assets and equitable mortgage of certain immovable properties. The interest rate carries at Repo Rate Linked Lending Rate ("RLLR") +0.6% (8% - 11.7%).

There are no defaults in the repayment of principal or interest to lenders as at 31 March 2025,





Quality Care India Limited

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements
(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

4.17 Employee benefit obligation	4.17	Employee	benefit	obligation
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Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
(a) Non-current			
Provision for employee benefits			
Gratuity	233.18	213.64	
Compensated absences	135.56	41_35	
Total	368.74	254.99	
(b) Current			
Provision for employee benefits			
Gratuity	124.31	113 45	
Compensated absences	94.16	185.46	
	218.47	298.91	

### 4.18 Trade payables

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(a) Trade payable : Micro and small enterprises	384.81	126.72
(b) Trade payable : others	3,013 19	3,455.75
	3,398.00	3,582.47

Particulars	Unbilled Not		Outstanding for following periods from the due date				
1 at ticulars	Cirolited	due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables							
Micro enterprises and small enterprises	•	240,51	143.24	0.77	0.17	0,12	384,81
Others including related parties	1,054.42	1,027 63	796.16	20.18	26 97	87.83	3,013,19
Total	1,054,42	1,268.14	939.40	20.95	27.14	87.95	3,398.00

Particulars	Unbilled	Not	Outstanding for following periods from the due date				
1 Al ticulars	Chomed	due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade payables							
Micro enterprises and small enterprises		112.58	13.83	0.18	0.13		126.72
Others including related parties	1,121 34	1,670.83	372.10	33.68	27.19	230.61	3,455.75
Total	1,121.34	1,783.41	385.93	33.86	27.32	230,61	3,582,47





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.19 Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
(a) Non-current			
Purchase consideration payable*	¥	4,775.89	
Deferred government grant	5.44	0.23	
Retention Money	46.88	16.75	
Other Payable	10.71	10.73	
Total	63.03	4,803.60	

Particulars	As at	As at
(b) Current	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Capital creditors		
Dues to related parties	191_02	156.24
Employee benefit payables	18.90	56.62
Retention money and deposits	224.61	251,47
Purchase consideration payable*	31.76	32 45
Other payables**	6,543 02	1,225.03
Total	15.90	347 15
TOTAL	7,025.21	2,068.96

<sup>\*</sup> Includes an amount of ₹ 5,198,04 represents deferred purchase consideration payable to the seller prior to 1 December 2025 for acquiring Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited. The

### 4.20 Other liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Current		
Statutory dues payable	339 14	393.39
Unearned revenue (refer note 4.42)	84 63	110.61
Dividend payable to minority shareholders	0.07	0.07
Others	41.33	31.76
41	465.17	535.83





deferred consideration is classified as financial liability and measured at fair value in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS).

\* Includes an amount of ₹ 1,344,98 represents deferred purchase consideration payable to the seller for acquiring Brand. The deferred consideration is classified as financial liability and measured at fair value in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Other payables include ₹ Nil (31 March 2024: ₹14.09) payable to the minority share holders of Care Institute of Medical Sciences Limited, which was amalgamated with the Company with effect from 1 April 2016 in accordance with the terms of the scheme of amalgamation sanctioned by the National Company Law Tribunal, Hyderabad vide its Order dated 5 May 2017. The company has transferred the amount to Investor education and protection fund on 16 August 2024 and includes payable of ₹ Nil (31 March 2024: ₹326,56) towards expected liability pursuant to share purchase agreement entered for acquisition of subsidiary.

Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

4.21 Revenue	from o	perations
--------------	--------	-----------

Revenue from healthcare services   36,516,58   Revenue from outpatient pharmacy   2,270,53   2,27	the year ended March 2024  20,009,75 1,000,51 195,05 21,205,31  the year ended March 2024 20,233,35 971,96 21,205,31  the year ended March 2024 20,348,31 (338,56) 20,009,75
Revenue from outpatient pharmacy	1,000,51 195,05 21,205,31 the year ended March 2024 20,233,35 971,96 21,205,31 the year ended March 2024 20,348,31 (338,56) 20,009,75
Revenue from outpatient pharmacy	1,000,51 195,05 21,205,31 the year ended March 2024 20,233,35 971,96 21,205,31 the year ended March 2024 20,348,31 (338,56) 20,009,75
	21,205,31 the year ended March 2024 20,233,35 971,96 21,205,31 the year ended March 2024 20,348,31 (338,56) 20,009,75
Revenue disaggregation geography wise is as follows:   Particulars	the year ended March 2024 20,233.35 971.96 21,205.31 the year ended March 2024 20,348.31 (338.56) 20,009.75
Particulars   For the year ended 31 March 2025	March 2024 20,233,35 971,96 21,205,31  the year ended March 2024 20,348,31 (338,56) 20,009,75
India   32,038,07   7,589,26   39,627,33   7   7,589,26   39,627,33   7   7,589,26   39,627,33   7   7,589,26   39,627,33   7   7,589,26   39,627,33   7   7,589,26   39,627,33   7   7,589,26   39,627,33   7   7,589,26   31   7,589,26	March 2024 20,233,35 971,96 21,205,31  the year ended March 2024 20,348,31 (338,56) 20,009,75
Other than India   7,589.26   39,627.33	971,96 21,205.31 the year ended March 2024 20,348.31 (338.56) 20,009.75
Reconciliation of contract price to revenue recognised from healthcare services is as follows:   Particulars	21,205.31 the year ended March 2024 20,348.31 (338.56) 20,009.75
Reconciliation of contract price to revenue recognised from healthcare services is as follows:  Particulars  Contract price Less: Expected disallowances Revenue from healthcare services  4.22 Other income Particulars  For the year ended (445.30)  Contract price 36,961.88 4.445.30)  Acconsistency 36,516.58  For the year ended 31 March 2025  For the year ended 31 March 2025	the year ended March 2024 20,348,31 (338,56) 20,009,75
Particulars         For the year ended 31 March 2025         For the year ended 31 March 2025         For the year ended 43 March 2025         For the year ended 31 March 2025         For the year ended 32 March 2025         For the year ended 32 March 2025	March 2024 20,348,31 (338.56) 20,009.75
Contract price   31 March 2025   31 March 20	March 2024 20,348,31 (338.56) 20,009.75
Less: Expected disallowances	(338.56) 20,009.75
Revenue from healthcare services  A.22 Other income Particulars  For the year ended 31 March 2025 31 March 2025	20,009.75
4.22 Other income Particulars For the year ended 31 March 2025 31 March 2025	
Particulars  For the year ended 31 March 2025 31 March 2025	
31 March 2025 31 N	
	the year ended March 2024
(a) Interest income	
On financial assets (bank deposits) measured at amortised cost 270,87	90.51
On income tax refund 30,32	66.80
On financial assets carried at amortised cost 8.28	7.78
(b) Other gains and losses	
Net gain arising on mutual funds designated at FVTPL 0,50	13,66
Loss on sale of investment in subsidiaries  Lease remeasurement gain	(1.26)
Movement in expected credit loss 8.08	42.12 25.24
(c) Income/liabilities written back	23,24
Liability pursuant to share purchase agreement no longer required written back 326.56	
Liabilities no longer required written back 13.71	35,14
(d) Other non-operating income	
Profit on sale of fixed assets 0.30	0.41
Miscellaneous income 53,49	13,47
Bad debts written off - now recovered 63.63  Total 775.74	
Total	293.87
1.23 Changes in inventories of medical consumables and pharmacy items	
·	he year ended March 2024
Inventory at the beginning of the year 787.92	266,73
Additions on account of business combination (Refer note 4.44)	595,38
Other adjustments	31.42
Inventory at the end of the year 909.01  Total (121.09)	787.92
(121.09)	105.61
24 Employee benefits expense	
	he year ended
	March 2024
Salaries, wages and bonus* 5024.35	
Salaries, wages and bonus*  Share based compensation expense (refer note 4.49)  160.92	2943.81
	2943.81 123.58
Share based compensation expense (refer note 4.49)  Contribution to provident fund  Gratuity and compensated absences  153.84	2943.81
Share based compensation expense (refer note 4.49)  Contribution to provident fund  327,17  Gratuity and compensated absences  153.84  Staff welfare expenses  173.81	2943.81 123.58 158.20
Share based compensation expense (refer note 4.49)  Contribution to provident fund  Gratuity and compensated absences  153.84	2943.81 123.58 158.20 93.84





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

4.25 Other expenses\*

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Power and fuel	829.19	430.12
Rent (refer note 4.39)	165.55	96.79
Repairs and maintenance		
- Buildings	80.03	44.58
- Plant and machinery and others	838.17	571.86
Hospital maintenance	309.80	314.77
Housekeeping charges	440.63	450.26
Security charges	627.79	144.63
Insurance	37.28	25.27
Water charges	61.71	33.34
Books and periodicals	7.56	10,16
Rates and taxes, excluding taxes on income	216.37	179.80
Travelling and conveyance	113.78	61.78
Communication expense	71.10	49.11
Marketing and business promotion expense	737.57	474.19
Expected credit loss	351.65	38.52
Printing and stationery	171.40	83.69
Payments to the auditors#	48,00	31.17
Legal and professional charges	814.23	593.61
Catering charges, net	389.91	222.19
Diagnostics expenses	284.22	177.25
Contribution towards corporate social responsibility	70.08	32.95
Professional charges to doctors	9,320.09	5,470.50
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment net	2.57	82.92
Intangible assets under development written off	40.42	
Bank charges	111.26	52.29
Miscellaneous expenditure	292.05	67.02
Total	16,432.41	9,740.42

<sup>\*</sup>Net of amount capitalised (refer note 4.30)

#Payment to the auditors of the Parent Company is ₹ 30.50 (includes fee towards special purpose interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 August 2024 ₹ 16) and auditors of subsidiaries is ₹ 17.50.

# 4.26 Finance costs

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Interest on borrowings*	654.30	306.70
Interest on lease liabilities (refer note 4.39)	190.45	179.37
Interest on compulsory convertible preference shares	<b>₩</b>	292.32
Interest on deferred consideration payable	422.15	50.30
Others	1.71	
Total	1,268.61	828.69
*Net of amount capitalised.		

4.27 Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars		For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		2,078.03	870.06
Amortisation on other intangible assets		45.99	24.29
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	*	311.48	309.74
Depreciation on investment property		7.09	2.14
Total		2,442.59	1,206.23





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.28 Income tax expense/(credit)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Income tax expense/(credit) reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Tax expense comprises of:		
Current tax expense	1,487.37	418.79
Income tax relating to earlier periods	11.17	(73.44)
Deferred tax expense/(credit)	(522.80)	878.62
Total	975.74	1,223.97
Reconciliation of tax expense/ (credit) and the accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Profit before tax	4,094.16	1,412.38
Tax at the Indian tax rate 34.944% (31 March 2024: 34.944%)	1,430.66	493.54
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:		
Effect of difference in applicable tax rates to subsidiary companies	(147.02)	(149.21)
Reversal of deferred tax liability created on liability pursuant to share purchase agreement	(260.23)	
Liability pursuant to share purchase agreement no longer required written back	(114,11)	ã.
Effect of income not subject to tax under the Income Tax Act, 1961	¥	(2.66)
Deferred tax asset on previously recognised tax losses are reversed as not considered recoverable	22.14	810.38
Previously unrecognised unabsorbed depreciation and business losses, now recognised	-	(7.66)

### 4.29 Earnings per equity share (EPES)

Indexation benefit on land

Other adjustments

Tax expense

Interest cost on deferred consideration

Income tax pertaining to earlier years

Tax impact on fair value of property, plant and equipment

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Profit/(loss) for the year	2,166.01	(140.83)
Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	9,52,30,138	4,14,96,894
Add: Equity shares issued during the year		5,37,33,244
Add: Issue of the bonus shares*	28,56,90,414	2
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	38,09,20,552	9,52,30,138
Weighted average number of equity shares considered in computation of Basic EPES	38,09,20,552	22,33,51,752
Basic earnings/loss per equity share in ₹ (absolute number)	5.69	(0.63)
Diluted earnings/loss per equity share in ₹ (absolute number)	5.69	(0.63)

<sup>\*</sup> Pursuant to approval given by its shareholders, the Company has during the year ended 31 March 2025 issued 285,690,414 equity shares of ₹10 each as fully paid-up bonus shares in the ratio of 3 bonus shares for every 1 fully paid up equity share. The bonus shares attributable to outstanding equity shares at the beginning of previous period have been considered in computing the weighted average number of equity shares. Accordingly, earnings per share has been adjusted for previous period and presented in accordance with Ind AS 33, Earnings Per Share. Also, refer note 4.15(a)(vi).

### Note:

There is no dilution to the basic earnings per share as there are no dilutive potential equity shares.





23.98

147.51

11.17

(80.85)

(57.51)

975.74

80.55

(73.18)

3.00

69,21

1,223.97

### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.30 Incidental expenditure during the construction period

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the group has capitalised the following amounts to the capital work in progress (CWIP). Consequently, amounts disclosed under the respective notes are after adjusting amounts capitalised by the group.

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Opening Balance	2.00	244,41
Employee benefits expense (refer note 4.24)	1.62	9.45
Other expenses (refer note 4,25)	0 <u>2</u> 1	51,52
Finance cost (refer note 4 26)		78.58
Capitalized during the year to PPE		(381,96)
Closing Balance	3.62	2.00

### 4.31 Segment Information

Based on the "management approach" as defined in Ind AS 108, operating segments are to be reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The management has assessed the identification of reportable segments in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment" ("Ind AS 108") and believes that the Group has only one reportable segment namely 'Medical and Health care services',

### Geographical information

The Group operates in India and Bangladesh which have been identified based on the location of the customers.

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025		For the year ended 31 March 2024	
	India	Bangladesh	India	Bangladesh
Revenue	32,038.07	7,589,26	20,233,35	971.96
Non-Current Assets*	67,747,06	7,004.03	64,839.56	7,371.51

<sup>\*</sup>excluding financials assets, deferred tax assets and employee benefit assets.

### Major customers

The Group has no single customer who has contributed more than 10% of the Group's total revenue during the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

- 4.32 With effect from April 1, 2023, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has made it mandatory for every company incorporated in India, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.
  - The Parent Company and Subsidiaries incorporated in India used multiple accounting software for maintaining its books of account.
  - In respect of Parent Company and four subsidiaries, multiple accounting software were used and is in the process of establishing necessary controls and maintaining documentation regarding audit trail.
  - In respect of one subsidiary, the accounting software used did not have a feature of audit trail (edit log) facility.
  - In respect of one subsidiary and one joint venture, no accounting software is used for maintaining its books of accounts.
  - In respect of the two subsidiaries, the audit trail feature only captured shared user identification details rather than specific individual details for who made the changes at the application level for accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records. Further, the audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes.
  - In respect of three subsidiaries, the audit trail feature for the accounting software used for maintenance of accounting records only captured shared user identification details rather than specific individual details for who made the changes.
  - -In respect of six subsidiaries, the audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes for the accounting software used for maintenance of revenue and payroll records.
  - -In respect of one subsidiary, the accounting software used for maintenance of revenue records did not capture the details of what data was changed while recording audit trail (edit log) at the application level, Further, the audit trail feature was not enabled for inventory consumption records at application level.
  - -In respect of one subsidiary, the audit trail feature for the accounting software used from 20 September 2024 onwards for maintenance of revenue records was not enabled.

Based on management assessment, the non-availability of audit trail at database level will not have any impact on the performance of the accounting software, as management has all other necessary controls in place which are operating effectively.





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.33 Employee benefits

### Defined benefit plan

The Parent Company and its Indian subsidiaries provides its employees with benefits under a defined benefit plan, referred to as the "Gratuity Plan". The Gratuity Plan entitles an employee, who has rendered at least five years of continuous service, to receive 15 days salary for each year of completed service at the time of retirement/exit in accordance with Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The plan is managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India. The The Parent Company and its Indian subsidiaries accrues gratuity as per the provisions of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 as applicable as at the Balance Sheet date. The defined benefit plans of overseas subsidiaries are accounted based on year end actuarial valuation.

# A Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the status of the defined benefit plan and the amounts recognised as at the reporting dates:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Defined benefit obligation	913 06	776 48
Fair value of plan assets	555.57	512.80
Net defined benefit liability	357,49	263,68
Non-current	233 18	150.23
Current	124 31	113.45

### B Reconciliation of net defined benefit liability

The following table shows a reconciliation from the opening balances to the closing balances for net defined benefit liability and its components:

### i) Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	776 48	250.87
Additional obligation pursuant to business combination		493.26
Benefit payments from plan assets	(67.79)	(40.20)
Benefit payments from employer	(14.16)	(0.14)
Current service cost	111.32	33.92
Past service cost	(7.72)	
Interest expense	70.65	22 11
Actuarial losses/(gains)		
- changes in demographic assumptions	1 36	(0.54)
- changes in financial assumptions	26 17	2.24
- experience adjustments	41 91	14.96
Exchange differences	(25.16)	1.5
Defined benefit obligation at the closing of the year	913,06	776.48

### ii) Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets

reconcination of the value of plant assets		
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Plan assets at the beginning of the year	512.80	24 27
Additional assets acquired pursuant to business combination		485 22
Contributions	94.54	48 63
Benefits paid	(67.79)	(40.19)
Interest income	56.44	6.22
Actuarial (losses)/gains	(9.05)	(11.35)
Exchange differences	(31.37)	- 5
Plan assets at the closing of the year	555,57	512.80

### C Expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Current service cost	111.32	33.92
Past service cost	(7.72)	(#)
Interest on net defined liability / (asset)	14.21	15.89
Total cost, included in 'employee benefits expense'	117.81	49.81





(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.33 Employee benefits (continued)

D recite varie cinemes recognised in other comprehensive incom	D	Remeasurements recognised	l in	other	comprehensive incom
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Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Actuarial gain/(loss) on defined benefit obligation	(69 44)	(16.66)
Actuarial gain/(loss) on plan assets	(9.05)	(11.35)
Total cost recognised in the other comprehensive income	(78.49)	(28.01)

### E Actuarial assumptions

The following are the	ncipal actuarial assumptions:
Particulars	

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Attrition rate	4% - 40%	4% - 40%	
Discount rate	6.4% - 11.75%	6.9% - 7.23%	
Salary escalation rate	5% - 8%	5% - 6%	
Retirement age	58 - 60 years	58 - 60 years	
Note:			

a) The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market

### F Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation is as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Within 1 Year	191.75	166 40	
2 to 5 years	514.59	366.26	
6 to 10 years	400.38	159.45	
	1,106.72	692.11	

### G Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, can affect the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025 (%)	As at 31 March 2024 (%)
Discount rate (+ 1% movement)	(33.31)	(54.71)
Discount rate (-1% movement)	48.15	58.79
Salary escalation (+ 1% movement)	51.92	55.97
Salary escalation (- 1% movement)	(46.84)	(49.60)

H The Group expects to contribute ₹ 408,75 (31 March 2024: ₹ 218,64) as its contribution to plan asset within one year from the year ended 31 March 2025.

### I Defined contribution plan

The group has certain defined contribution plans. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the government. The obligation of the group is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation. Details for the expenditure recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss is as below:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss towards		
Provident fund	327-17	158.2





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements
(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.34 Related party disclosure

(a) Name of related	parties and	nature of	relationship
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(a) Name of related parties and nature of relationship	
Nature of relationship	Names
Holding Company and Ultimate Holding Company	BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte. Ltd. Singapore, Holding Company (w.e. f.27 October 2023)
	BCP Asia II Holdco IV Pte. Ltd. Singapore, Ultimate Controlling Party (w.e.f.27 Octob 2023)
	BCP Asia II Holding Co Pte_Ltd, Entity exercising joint control on BCP Asia II Holdco IV Pte_Ltd (w.e.f.27 October 2023)
	BCP VIII Holding Co Pte. Ltd, Entity exercising joint control on BCP Asia II Holdco I Pte. Ltd (w.e.f.27 October 2023)
	Touch Healthcare Private Limited, Mauritius, Holding Company (w.e.f 29 June 2022 26 October 2023)
	TPG Capital, L.P., Ultimate Controlling Party (w.e.f 29 June 2022 to 26 October 2023)
Key Management Personnel (KMP) of Parent Company	Jasdeep Singh. Chief Executive Officer (upto 31 March 2025)
	Vikas Rastogi, Chief Financial Officer (upto 12 January 2024)
	Varun Shadilal Khanna, Managing Director (w.e.f 10 April 2024)
	Deepak Khanna, Chief Financial Officer (from 30 May 2024 upto 27 November 2024)
	Vishal Maheswari, Chief Financial officer (w.e.f 27 November 2024)
	Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran, Company Secretary
Key Management Personnel (KMP) or Director or Relatives of	Mr.E.M.Najeeb
KMP/Director of Subsidiaries with whom transactions exists	Mr, E. Iqbal
	Mr. Samer Sahadulla
	Mr. Ramla Iqbal
	Ms. Reshmi Aysha
	Dr. Sandeep Dave, Managing Director
	Mr. Vijay Bhargava
	Dr. P M Zuhara
	Mr, Sheriff Sahadulla
	Mr. Khondoker Moniruddin & Family
	Mr. Mahbubul Anam & Family
	Mr. Mohammad A Moyeen & Family
	Mr. Tipu Munshi & Family
Directors of Parent Company	Vishal Bali (Non-Executive Director)
	Hari Prasad Kovelamudi (Chairman & Non-Executive Director)
	Jasdeep Singh (Executive Director) (upto 31 March 2025)
	Ekta Bahl (Independent Non-Executive Director)
	Kewal Kundanlal Handa (Independent Non-Executive Director)
	Mahadevan Narayanamoni (Non-Executive Director)
	Himanshu Dodeja (Non-Executive Director)
	Ganesh Mani (Non-Executive Director)
	Ayshwarya Vikram (Non-Executive Director)
	Tejas Naphade (Non-Executive Director)
ž.	Massimiliano Colella (Director) (upto 25 October 2023)
The second secon	Aniket Damle (Non-Executive Director)





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

Entities in which Directors of the Group are interested	KECO Consultancy Pvt Ltd Asia Healthcare Holding Advisory LLP				
	Air Travel Enterprises India Limited, India KIMS Trust, India KIMSTEALTH Management Company WLL, UAE Kameda Infologics Private Limited, India Chrysalis Communications Private Limited, India Society for Continuing Medical Education and Research (SOCOMER) KIMSHEALTH Education and Research Foundation Thiruvithamkoor Football Club Private Limited, India				
	Genesis IVF & Endoscopy Centre LLP				
	STS Capital Limited  Dhaka Bank Limited				
	Lanka Bangla Finance Limited				
	Royal Park Limited				
	Shanta Group Ltd.				
	Datafort Limited				
Entities having significant influence on the Company	Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited (w.e.f 27 October 2023)				
Sister entity of ultimate holding company	Evercare Group Management Ltd (upto 18 January 2024)				
Joint venture	Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited				





# Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### (b) Transactions

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024	
ransactions during the year			
1 Revenue from Operations			
KIMS Trust, India	0.13		
SOCOMER	0_48	5#	
KECO Consultancy Private Limited	2,85	· ·	
STS Capital Limited	0.82		
Dhaka Bank Limited	3.18		
Lanka Bangla Finance Limited	0.40	-	
Royal Park Limited	0.09		
Shanta Group Ltd.	1,68		
Mr. Khondoker Moniruddin & Family	0,59	92	
Mr. Mahbubul Anam & Family	0 14		
Mr. Mohammad A Moyeen & Family	0.30		
Mr, Tipu Munshi & Family	0,17		
2 Professional and business services			
Asia Healthcare Holding Advisory LLP	¥	2.3	
3 Rent Received	_	2,1	
KIMSHEALTH Education and Research Foundation	1,20		
4 Payments to KMP/ Relatives of KMP/ Directors	1,20	-	
Remuneration/ professional fee *	405.45	510	
Loan given to director	485 45	518.	
5 Rent	20.00		
Dr. Sandeep Dave	10.12		
•	17.13	17.	
Vijay Bhargava	0.29	0.	
KIMSHEALTH Education and Research Foundation		0,.	
Dr. P.M. Zuhara	0_44	0,	
Ms. Ramla Iqbal	<u> </u>	0.0	
Ms. Reshmi Aysha	0.16	0 (	
Mr. Samer Sahadulla	0.16	0	
Mr.Sheriff Sahadulla	0.32	0.0	
6 Software user services			
Evercare Group Management Ltd	**	2.	
7 Issue of Equity Shares/Bonus Shares			
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte. Ltd	2,052,47	20,100,0	
Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited	684.16	6,700.0	
8 Recruitment fee			
KIMSHEALTH Management Company WLL, UAE		0.0	
9 Travel and clearing and forwarding expense			
Air Travel Enterprises India Limited	3.30	0.8	
10 Advertisement and promotion			
Chrysalis Communications Private Limited	15,35	6.2	
Thiruvithamkoor Football Club Private Limited, India	4.12	=	
11 Repairs and maintenance			
Kameda Infologics Private Limited	4.41	0.9	
12 Purchase of Fixed Assets/CWIP			
Kameda Infologics Private Limited	190	1.4	
13 Statutory Dues paid on behalf of entities			
KIMSHEALTH Education and Research Foundation	0.50	0.4	
14 Expenses met by KIMS - Reimbursements			
SOCOMER	1,53		
15 Legal, Professional and consultancy			
Mr.E.Iqbal	6,99	₩.	
Mr.E.M.Najeeb	15,09	ÿ	
Mr Sheriff Sahadulla	4,52		
16 Data archiving expenses:			
Datafort Limited	21.72	0.4	

<sup>\*</sup> Key Managerial personnel (KMP) who are under employment of the Group are entitled to post employment benefits and other long-term employment benefits as per IND AS 19 - Employee benefits in the financial statements. As these employee benefits are lumpsum amounts provided on the basis of actuarial valuation, the same is not included above. The remuneration paid to KMP excludes the share based compensation expense of ₹ 124.43 for the year ended 31 March 2025 which are equity-settled.





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

(c) Balances outstanding from/ to the related parties

Part	ticulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Bala	nces outstanding from/ to the related parties		
1	Loans receivable		
	Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited**	65,83	65.83
	Varun Shadilal Khanna	20.00	3.00
2	Remuneration/professional fee payable	14.88	6.11
3	SOCOMER	1.69	1.82
4	KIMSHEALTH Education and Research Foundation	0.11	0.11
5	KIMS Trust, India	4.55	0.84
6	Air Travel Enterprises India Limited	i de la companya de	0.13
7	Kameda Infologics Private Limited	7.95	1.83
8	Chrysalis Communications Private Limited	0_62	3.54
9	Mr. Khondoker Moniruddin & Family	0.04	0.10
10	Mr. Mohammad A Moyeen & Family	0.03	0.05
11	Mr. Tipu Munshi & Family	0.06	0.01
12	Datafort Limited	0.98	Ę.
13	Genesis IVF & Endoscopy Centre LLP	68.95	68.35

<sup>\*\*</sup> The outstanding amount as at 31 March 2025 aggregating to 65.83 (31 March 2024: 65.83) is provided for in the books (refer note 4.14).



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### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.35 Categories of financial instruments and their fair values

The carrying amount of all financial assets and financial liabilities appearing in the financial statements are reasonable approximation of their fair values.

### Categories of financial instruments

	A	As at 31 March 2025			s at 31 March 2024	
	FVTPL*	FVTOCI*	Amortised cost	FVTPL*	FVTOCI*	Amortised cost
Financial assets						
Investments	6,92	35,34		6.42	0,35	
Trade receivables	3.00		3,587,45	:-	-	3,099.30
Cash and cash equivalents	98 P	-	1,263,77	-	32	1,448.33
Other bank balances		. +3	3,235,03	-	-	1,796.03
Loans		-	28.40		-	15.62
Other financial assets	3-1	1.0	922,47	2	4	1,033,98
Total financial assets	6.92	35,34	9,037,12	6,42	0.35	7,393,26

	A:	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024		
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings	949	828	7,841_56	-	3	6,170,26
Trade payables	(e)		3,398.00		-	3,582,47
Lease liabilities	200	5 <b>4</b> 2	2,555.20	-	-	1,787.95
Other financial liabilities	-		7,088.24			6,872.56
Total financial liabilities			20,883.00			18,413,24

The fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities is included at an amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

# \*FVTPL - Fair value through Profit and Loss and FVTOCI- Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income

### Fair value measurement

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

		Fair value hierarchy	Fair value as at (in ₹)	
Particulars	Valuation technique and key input		As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Financial assets				
Investments measured at FVTPL	Based on the net asset value ('NAV') as stated by the issuers of these mutual fund units in the published statements as at balance sheet date. (quoted prices in active market).	Level 1	6.92	6.42
Investments measured at FVOCI	The fair values of the unquoted equity shares have been estimated using a DCF model. The valuation requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs, including forecast cash flows, discount rate, credit risk and volatility. The probabilities of the various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted equity investments. Discounted cash flows consider the present value of the net cash flows expected to be generated from the facility, taking into account the budgeted EBITDA growth rate and budgeted capital expenditure growth rate; the expected net cash flows are discounted using a risk-adjusted discount rate,	Level 3	35,34	0,35

The quantitative sensitivity analysis of the significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of level 3 is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 M	As at 31 March 2024			
THE WORLD	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	
Volatility (10% movement)	(140.00)	180,00	(140.00)	180.00	
EBITDA growth rates (10% movement)	110.00	(115.00)	110.00	(115.00)	
Risk free rate (1% movement)	(110.00)	175.00	(110.00)	175.00	

There are no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period.

The fair value hierarchy of financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group except for investments measured at FVTPL is Level 3.

Refer note 4.4 for the fair value of investment property





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.36 Financial instruments risk management

### Financial Risk Management Framework

The Group's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Group's Board of Directors have an overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework.

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprises of borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations. The Group's principal financial assets include investments, loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and bank balances that the Group derives directly from its operations. The Group also holds FVTPL investments.

The Group is exposed primarily to Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk and Market risk (fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency rates), which may adversely impact the fair value of its financial instruments. The Group assesses the unpredictability of the financial environment and seeks to mitigate potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Credit risk encompasses of both, the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration of risks. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, investments, balances with banks, loans and other receivables.

Credit risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and creditworthiness of customers on a continuous basis to whom the credit has been granted after obtaining necessary approvals for credit. Financial instruments that are subject to concentrations of credit risk principally consist of trade receivables, investments, cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits and other financial assets. None of the financial instruments of the Group result in material concentration of the credit risk.

### Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

None of the Group's cash equivalents, including fixed deposits, were either past due or impaired as at 31 March 2025. Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents, including fixed deposits is limited as the Group generally transacts with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

### Financial assets that are past due but not impaired

Ind AS requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Group assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets are impaired. Expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses. The Group has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

### Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding to meet obligations when due. Management monitors the Group's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. This is generally carried out at each hospital level in accordance with practice set by the Group.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments.

As at 31 March 2025	Up to 1 year	1 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total	
Borrowings	2,844.24	4,160.41	1,025,66	8,030.31	
Trade payables	3,398.00	<b>2</b>		3,398.00	
Lease liabilities	420.20	1,465.63	2,563.81	4,449.64	
Other financial liabilities	7,025.21	63.03		7,088.24	
Total	13,687.65	5,689.07	3,589.47	22,966,19	
As at 31 March 2024	Up to 1 year	1 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total	
Borrowings	1,730.35	3,608,49	831.42	6,170.26	
Trade payables	3,582.47	3.0		3,582.47	
Lease liabilities	438.08	1,219.80	919.78	2,577.66	
Other financial liabilities	2,068.96	4,803.60	347	6,872.56	
Total	7,819.86	9,631.89	1,751.20	19,202,95	





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.36 Financial instruments risk management (contd.)

### Market risk:

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from adverse changes in market rates and prices. Market risk is attributable to all market risk-sensitive financial instruments, such as foreign currency denominated receivables and payables and variable interest rates of short-term and long-term borrowings. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and currency risk.

### i. Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument shall fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's borrowings with floating interest rates.

The exposure of the Group's borrowing to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Variable rate instruments		
Financial liabilities	7,841.56	6,170.26

### Sensitivity analysis

For the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024, every 50 basis point decrease in the floating interest rate component applicable to the Group's borrowings would have increased the profit before tax approximately by ₹39,21 and ₹30,85 respectively. A 50 basis point increase in floating interest rate would have led to an equal but opposite effect.

### ii. Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure shall fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense including capital expenditure is denominated in a foreign currency). The exposure of entity to foreign currency risk is very limited on account of limited transactions in foreign currencies.

### 4.37 Capital risk management

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximise the shareholders value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payments to the shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity plus net debt. The Group includes within net debt, borrowings (long and short term), less cash and cash equivalents.

	As a	t
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Borrowings (note 4,16)	7,841_56	6,170,26
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (note 4.13(a))	(1,263.77)	(1,448.33)
Less: Other bank balances (note 4,13(b))	(3,235.03)	(1,796.03)
Less: Investment in mutual funds (note 4.7(b))	(6.92)	(6.42)
Net debt (A)	3,335.84	2,919.48
Total equity (B)	60,694.43	58,121,22
Net debt and total equity (A) + (B)	64,030.27	61,040.70
Gearing ratio (%)	5.21%	4.78%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Group's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets the financial covenants attached to the borrowings. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the lenders to immediately call back the borrowings. In the current and previous year, debt service coverage ratio was not satisfied and the Parent Company has taken waiver from the lenders.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing the capital during the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024,





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.38 Contingent liabilities and commitments

### (a) Contingent liabilities

Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
- Disputed cases under Income Tax Act, 1961	85,46	361.30
- Disputed cases under Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	102,88	128_12
- Disputed wages of specific employees under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948	3,19	3,19
- Disputed custom duties		37.34
- Disputed luxmy tax levied on bed charges under the Telangana Tax on Luxuries Act, 1987	117,22	117.22
- Disputed levy of service tax on clinical research, cosmetic surgeries, health care services rendered to specific categories of patients and other services and disputed availment of input credit on certain items under the Finance Act, 1994	68 15	68,15
- Disputed levy of Employee state insurance provisions on certain employees under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948	1.26	1.26
- Disputed levy of Provident fund provisions on certain employees under the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952	12,34	12.34
Disputed tax levied on specific building of the Group under the Expenditure Tax Act, 1987	7.83	7_83
Patient legal claims pending with various Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission	406,39	327.49
Other legal claims pending under the various Statutory Acts	506,75	447,18
Legal claims from third party		189,38

Based on the facts of the case and legal counsel view, the Group believes no provision is required in the financial statements for the above claims.

### (b) Commitments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	1,423.91	748.50
Other commitments	147.78	140.88

Also refer note 4.19 for deferred consideration payables.

### 4.39 Leases

The Group has taken hospital buildings, plant and machinery and vehicles on operating lease having a term ranging from 1 year to 15 years. The lease has an escalation clause in the range of 5% to 10% per annum. The Group obligations under its leases are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets.

The Group also has certain lease of building with lease terms of 12 months or less, The Group applies the 'short term lease' recognition exemption for these leases,

### Carrying amount of lease liabilities and movement during the year

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,787,95	2,244,41	
Additions on account of business combination		109,68	
Additions during the year	1,052,59	147,67	
Deletions during the year	(2.06)	(458.90)	
Finance cost accrued during the year	190.45	179_37	
Other adjustments	(2.11)	(3.44)	
Payment of lease liabilities	(466.10)	(430.84)	
Exchange Difference	(5.52)		
Lease liabilities as at the end of the year	2,555,20	1,787,95	
Current lease liabilities	194.27	283.19	
Non-current lease liabilities	2,360,93	1,504.76	

Following amounts have been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Depreciation on Right-of-use assets	311.48	309.74
Interest on lease liabilities	190,45	179.37
Total amount recognised in the Statement of profit and loss	501,93	489.11

Details of the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis are as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Less than one year	420,20	438.08	
One to five years	1,465,63	1,219.80	
More than five years	2,563.81	919.78	
Total	4,449.64	2,577.66	

The Group does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

Rental expense recorded for short-term leases was ₹ 165,55 for the year ended 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ 96,79 ).





### lotes to the Consolidated financial statements

All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.40 Transfer pricing

The Group has entered into commercial transactions with its associated enterprises which are subject to assessment and test of transactions being carried out at an "arm's length price," in accordance with the provisions of chapter X of the Income Tax Act, 1961

The Group has established a comprehensive system of maintenance and documents as required by the transfer pricing legislation under sections 92-92F of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Management is of the opinion that its transactions with associated enterprises are at arm's length and no material adjustments are expected to arise on the special purpose interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

### 4.41 Disclosure of Interest in other entities

(a) Refer note 2(a)(v) for the group's subsidiaries and its joint venture's principal place of business and principal activities.

(b) Non Controlling Interests: Set out below is summarised financial information for each subsidiary that has non controlling interests that are material to the Group. The amounts disclosed for each subsidiary are before intercompany eliminations.

Summarised Balance Sheet	Chemistry Intermedia Limited	ary holdings	Condis India Healthcare Private Limited		Ramkrishna Care Private I		United CHGMA Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	
	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Current assets	973.56	510.86	4,810,60	2,715.86	1,190.88	810.11	515.31	506 48
Current liabilities	3,058,95	3,031,42	1,698.35	1,638.98	321.52	484.14	294 29	262 00
Net current Assets	(2,085,39)	(2.520.56)	3,112,25	1,076.88	869,36	325,97	221.02	244.48
Non-current Assets	7,582 21	8,185 38	11,338.95	10,903.15	1,514.20	1.348.45	2.490.71	2,613 44
Non-current Liabilities	978 94	1,151.97	2.086.46	1.808.97	323.13	254 22	808.90	926 38
Net non-current assets	6,603,27	7,033,41	9,252,49	9,094.18	1,191,07	1,094.23	1,681,81	1,687.06
Net assets	4,517.88	4,512.85	12,364,74	10,171,06	2,060,43	1,420.20	1,902.83	1,931,54
Accumulated NCI	3,937.73	3,935.72	9,413,36	9,260,33	956.20	676,62	1,153,36	1,160,22

		Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited		althcare Private ted	Ramkrishna Care Private I		United CHGM Medical Scie Lim	nces Private
	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Revenue	7,589.26	971.96	12 689 62	2,089.56	3,134.06	2,802.08	1,486 08	1,494.41
Profit for the year	390 39	9.78	2,139,26	298.78	642.53	451.83	(28 84)	
Other comprehensive income	(385 34)	349.83	44.81	0.59	(2.30)	(0.80)		0.12
Total Comprehensive income	5 05	359.61	2,184.07	299.37	640 23	451.03	(28 65)	
Profit allocated to NCI	155 69	3.90	507.66	84.79	280.59	197.31	(6.90)	21 22

Summarised statement of Cash flows	Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited		Limited		Ramkrishna Care Private I		United CHGMA Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	
	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Cash flows operating activities	1,017.08	87 39	2,204.81	17.58	642.25	456.79	184 48	329.07
Cash flows investing activities	(475.57)	(87.74)	(2,584,98)	(425.05)	(543.12)	(102.75)		
Cash flows from financing activities	(380.35)	(64,53)	251.87	(15.92)		(234.84)	(182.44)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	161.16	(64.88)	(128.30)	(423.39)	(64.76)	119,20	(105.30)	

### (c) Transactions with Non controlling interests

The effect on the equity attributable to the owners of Quality Care India Limited on account of acquisition of additional stake is summarised as follows:

	31-Mar-25	31-1	<b>Иаг-24</b>
Particulars	KIMS Healthcare Management Limited (Effective interest)	KIMS Healthcare Management Limited (Effective interest)	Convenient Hospitals Limited
Additional stake acquired during the year	1,01%	8.55%	5.00%
Carrying amount of existing non-controlling interest immediately prior to purchase of additional stake (a)	363,92	2,896.88	204.96
Consideration paid to non-controlling interests (b)	343.50	2,896 88	153.53
Deficit consideration paid recognised in retained earnings within equity $(c) = (a) - (b)$	20.42	5	51.42

### (d) Interest in Joint Venture

The group has a 50% interest in joint venture in Quality Care Health Services India Private Limited for the purpose of extending hospital business. The principal place of business of the joint operation is in India.

### 4.42 Unearned revenue

The following table discloses the movement in the unearned revenue during the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024; Particulars For the year For the year ended ended 31 March 2025 31 March 2024 Balance at the beginning of the year 110.61 46.02 Revenue recognised during the year (110.61)(46.02)Unearned revenue during the year 84.63 110.61 Balance at the end of the year 84.63 110.61

### Remaining performance obligations

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the group expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Unsatisfied or partially satisfied performance obligations are subject to variability due to several factors such as termination, changes in contract scope, re-validation of estimates and economic factors.





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.43 Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III

### (i) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the group for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.

### (ii) Borrowing secured against current assets

The group has borrowings from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. The quarterly returns or statements (revised, as applicable) of current assets filed by the group with banks and financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.

### (iii) Wilful defaulter

The group has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

### (iv) Relationship with struck off companies

The group has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

### (v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

During the previous year, the Company acquired a majority stake in Condis India Healthcare Private Limited (CIHCPL). As of acquisition date, CIHCPL had subsidiaries upto two layers. However, after the acquisition, the number of layers of subsidiaries of the Company exceed beyond two layers limit prescribed in Section 2(87) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on Number of Layers) Rules, 2017. As a remedial measure, the Company, through its subsidiaries, has taken necessary steps and approved a scheme of amalgamation of intermediate companies CIHCPL with KIMS Health Care Management Limited in their respective board meetings held on June 26, 2024 and filed with National Company Law Tribunal. Upon the orders sanctioning the scheme and post amalgamation, the number of layers of subsidiaries of the Company is expected to be within the limits prescribed under the Act.

### (vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The group has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial years

### (vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

- (A) The group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (B) The Parent Company has received funds during the previous year on private placement of equity shares from parties as listed below with the understanding that the Parent company shall further invest the funds in equity shares for the acquisition of 89,37% stake in Condis India Healthcare Private Limited, 23,25% stake in KIMS Health care Management Limited and 100% stake in Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited and to meet related acquisition-related costs.

During the year, the Parent Company has acquired additional stake of 0.96% in Condis India Healthcare Private Limited and 0.42% in KIMS Health care Management Limited.

The Parent Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Parent company shall provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in  $\overline{\epsilon}$  millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

The Company has not received any funds during the year ended 31 March 2025.

The details of date and amount of funds received from funding parties during the previous year ended 31 March 2024 are as follows:

Name of the funding party	Registered address of the funding party	Relationship with the funding party	Date of funds received	Amount of funds received
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte. Ltd.	77 Robinson Road, #13-00 Robinson 77 Singapore 068896	Holding Company	19/01/2024	18,000.00
Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited	IQ EQ, Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd. 33 Edit Cavell Street, 11324, Port-Louis, Mauritius	Shareholder	19/01/2024	6,000.00
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte. Ltd	77 Robinson Road, #13-00 Robinson 77 Singapore 068896	Holding Company	07/02/2024	1,500.00
Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited	IQ EQ, Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd. 33 Edit Cavell Street, 11324, Port-Louis, Mauritius	Shareholder	07/02/2024	500,00
M I Sahadulla	Rastanura, 66 RPD Marg, Kuravankonam, Kowdiar PO, Trivandrum, Kerala – 695 003	Subsdiary Shareholder	16/03/2024	900,17
P M Zuhara	Rastanura, 66 RPD Marg, Kuravankonam, Kowdiar PO, Trivandrum, Kerala – 695 003	Subsdiary Shareholder	16/03/2024	9.60
Samer Illias Sahadulla	Rastanura, 66 RPD Marg, Kuravankonam, Kowdiar PO, Trivandrum, Kerala – 695 003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	136.88
Reshmi Aysha	Rastanura, 66 RPD Marg, Kuravankonam, Kowdiar PO, Trivandrum, Kerala – 695 003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	20,29
Yusuf Samer Sahadulla	Rastanura, 66 RPD Marg, Kuravankonam, Kowdiar PO, Trivandrum, Kerala – 695 003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	18,58
Zaheer Elias Najeeb	TC 12402, House No. 66, Padiyath House, RPD Marg, Near Salvation Army School, Kowdiar, Trivandrum, Kerala 695003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	43.80
Sherin Ayoob	TC 12402, Padiyath House, Kuravankonam, Near Salvation Army School, Kowdiar, Trivandrum, Kerala 695003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	183.09
Manha Manaal Zaheer	TC 12402, House No. 66, Padiyath House, RPD Marg, Near Salvation Army School, Kowdiar, Trivandrum, Kerala 695003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	41.37
Γariq Elias Najeeb	TC 12402, House No. 66, Padiyath House, RPD Marg, Near Salvation Army School, Kowdiar, Trivandrum, Kerala 695003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	47 79
Saffía P M	TC 12402, Padiyath House, RPD Marg, Near Salvation Army School, Kowdiar, Trivandrum, Kerala 695003	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	60_11
E, Iqbal	Mullasseri House, Sasthavattom P O, Murukumpuzha, Azhoor, Trivandrum, Kerala 695305	Subsdiary Shareholder	21/03/2024	22.45
BCP Asia II Topco IV Pte. Ltd.		Holding Company	21/03/2024	600.00
Centella Mauritius Holdings Limited	IQ EQ, Corporate Services (Mauritius) Ltd. 33 Edit Cavell Street, 11324, Port-Louis, Mauritius	Shareholder	27/03/2024	200,00





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

The details of date and amount of funds further invested by the Company to ultimate beneficiaries during the year ended 31 March 2024 are as follows:

Name of the ultimate beneficiaries	Registered address of the ultimate beneficiaries	Relationship with the ultimate beneficiaries	Date of investment	Amount of investment from funds received from Holding Company
Condis India Healthcare	Avittom Residency, Anamugam	Subsidiary Company	23.01.2024	16,753.69
Private Limited	Anayara Post, Trivandrum, Kerala,		15,03,2024	1,183,84
	India, 695029		19.03.2024	735,80
KIMS Health care		Subsidiary Company	23.01.2024	6,888,67
Management Limited	Anamukham, Trivandrum, Kerala,		30.01.2024	81,82
	India, 695029		22 03 2024	895,42
Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited	(Mauritius) Ltd., Les cascades Building, 33 Edith cavell Street, Port Louis, 11324, Mauritius	Subsidiary Company	14/02/2024	991.38
The details of date and amo as follows:	unt of funds further invested by the Pa	arent Company to ultimate bene	ficiaries during the year ende	ed 31 March 2025 are
Condis India Healthcare Private Limited	Avittom Residency, Anamugam Anayara Post, Trivandrum, Kerala, India, 695029	Subsidiary Company	06/06/2024	200,00
Management Limited	Kumarapuram Poonthi Road, Anamukham, Trivandrum, Kerala, India, 695029	Subsidiary Company	06/06/2024	143.49

### (viii) Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

### (ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

# (x) Valuation of Property, plant and equipment, intangible asset and investment property

The group has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.

- (xi) No loans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013,) either severally or jointly with any other person, that are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- (xii) There are no transactions which are not recorded in the books of accounts that have been surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 during the current period by the entities in Group.





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.44 Business combinations

a) On 23 January 2024, the Parent Company has acquired 80.19% and 69.71% effective equity stake in Condis India Healthcare Private Limited and KIMS Health Care Management Limited respectively, which is primarily engaged in providing healthcare and related services. The acquisition is expected to strengthen the Group's presence in Kerala, Management expects the acquisition will create synergies and accordingly, the difference between consideration and net identifiable assets acquired is recognised as goodwill.

The assets and liabilities acquired are as follows:

Particulars	Amount
Assets	
Property Plant and equipment including investment properties	13,013,20
CWIP	216.40
Brand	7,021.00
ROU Assets	33 90
Intangible Assets including under development	53,36
Investment	0.40
Other financial Assets	112,12
Deferred tax Assets Net	179.92
Income tax assets (Net)	224,79
Other Non current Assets	225.07
Inventories	308.80
Trade receivables	540.68
Cash and cash equivalents	1,093,57
Bank Balances	835.91
Other financial assets	28,96
Liabilities	
Borrowings	(1,302,92)
Lease liabilities	(35.92)
Other financial liabilities	(248.41)
Provisions	(160.86)
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	(3,787.12)
Trade payables	(1,215,66)
Other current liabilities	(172.54)
Non Controlling Interest (KIMS Al Shifa Healthcare Private Limited)	(1,484.70)
Net identifiable assets acquired	15,479.95
Non controlling interest	10,263.90
Purchase consideration (also refer note (i) below)	23,819.10
Goodwill recognised	18,603.05

Also refer note 4.1 for the details of Property, plant and equipment acquired during the previous year as a part of this acquisition.

The above mentioned assets and liabilities are acquired at fair value as on acquisition date and there is an amount of ₹ 4,660,69 gain attributable on fair value of property, plant and equipment. The goodwill recognised is not deductible for tax purposes.

Revenue from operations and profit from the date of acquisition is  $\gtrless$  2,089.56 and  $\gtrless$  298.78 respectively for the year ended 31 March 2024. If the acquisitions had occurred on 1 April 2023, the amount of consolidated revenue and consolidated profit would have been  $\gtrless$  30,210.92 and  $\gtrless$  1,216.59 respectively for the year ended 31 March 2024.

On the date of acquisition, the fair value of acquired trade receivables is ₹ 540,68. The gross contracted amount for trade receivables due is ₹ 667,04 with a loss allowance of ₹ 126,36.

The Non-controlling interest as at the acquisition date is ₹ 10,263.90 and it is measured at fair value.

The valuation techniques used for measuring the fair value of assets acquired were as follows:

Assets acquired	Valuation technique
Land	Market Approach has been adopted for estimating the Fair Value of Land.
Building	Cost approach using Depreciated Replacement Cost Method to arrive at fair value of the
	buildings and reproduction cost method to arrive at fair value of the Furniture & Fittings
	which was classified under building
Plant and machinery, Furniture & Fittings	Cost approach using reproduction cost method to arrive at fair value of the Plant and
	machinery, Furniture & Fittings.
Brand	Relief from Royalty method under Income Approach
Property, plant and equipment Other than	Book value of the assets as on 22 January 2024 has been adopted as Fair Value.
above	

(i) Details of Purchase consideration is as follows:

Cash Paid	23,642.36
Acquisition related costs*	176.74
Total	23,819.10

<sup>\*</sup>Acquisition-related costs-incurred on behalf of the acquiree ₹ 176.74 is considered as part of purchase consideration.





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

b) On 14 January 2024, the Parent Company has acquired 100% equity stake in Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited, Mauritius, which is primarily engaged in providing healthcare and related services through it's subsidiaries. The acquisition is expected strengthen the Group's presence in Bangladesh, Management expects the acquisition will create synergies and accordingly, the difference between consideration and net identifiable assets acquired is recognised as goodwill.

The assets and liabilities acquired:

Particulars Particulars	Amount
Assets	
Fixed Assets	10,639.02
CWIP	103.01
Intangible assets	40 49
ROU Assets	70,35
Other Assets	141.42
Deferred tax assets	507.01
Inventories	286.58
Brand and Trademark	1,508.50
Trade receivables	41.73
Other financial assets	180.94
Cash and cash equivalents	104.43
Liabilities	
Long term loan	(896,14)
Lease liabilities	(67.88)
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	(154.55)
Other financial liabilities	(73.09)
Trade payables	(590.41)
Current tax liabilities	(204.52)
Other current liability	(90.45)
Short term loan	(565.03)
Employee benefit obligations	(110.38)
Liability for brand and trademark	(1,127,28)
Deferred tax liability on fair value of PPE and intangible assets	(493.00)
Total net assets	9,250.75
Non controlling interest	3,792.31
Purchase consideration including deferred	5.716.00
consideration (refer note (i) below)	5,716.98
Goodwill recognised	258.54

Also refer note 4.1 for the details of Property, plant and equipment acquired during the previous year as a part of this acquisition.

The above mentioned assets and liabilities are acquired at fair value as on acquisition date and there is an amount of  $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{$}}$  5,209,30 gain attributable on fair value of property, plant and equipment. The goodwill recognised is not deductible for tax purposes.

On the date of acquisition, the fair value of acquired trade receivables is  $\stackrel{?}{_{\sim}}$  41.54. The gross contracted amount for trade receivables due is  $\stackrel{?}{_{\sim}}$  47.26 with a loss allowance of  $\stackrel{?}{_{\sim}}$  5.72.

The Non-controlling interest as at the acquisition date is ₹ 3,792,31 and it is measured at fair value.

The valuation techniques used for measuring the fair value of assets acquired were as follows:

Assets acquired	Valuation technique
Land	Market Approach has been adopted for estimating the Fair Value of Land
Building	Cost approach using Depreciated Replacement Cost Method to arrive at fair value of the buildings
Plant and machinery, Furniture & Fittings	Cost approach using reproduction cost method to arrive at fair value of the Plant and machinery Furniture & Fittings
Brand	Relief from Royalty method under Income Approach
Property, plant and equipment Other than above	Book value of the assets as on 13 February 2024 has been adopted as Fair Value.

(i) Details of Purchase consideration is as follows:

Cash Paid	991,38
Deferred Consideration (refer note 4.19)	4,725.60
Total	5,716,98





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

### 4.45 Other regulatory information

### (i) Title deeds of immovable properties not held in name of the group

The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the group is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), except as disclosed in note 4.1 (a) to the financial statements, are held in the name of the group.

### (ii) Utilisation of borrowings availed from banks and financial institutions

The borrowings obtained by the group from banks and financial institutions have been applied for the purposes for which such loans were was taken,

- (iii) The group has not given loans/advances in the nature of loans to directors, promoters, KMPs or any other related parties which are repayable on demand or without specifying terms & conditions of repayment.
- 4.46 The country of Bangladesh has experienced political unrest and instability in the past. However, the situation has stabilized, and STSHL & STSHCL operations have resumed as usual. Given the essential nature of the Healthcare services provided by STSHL & STSHCL and the scale of its business operations, STSHL & STSHCL had not noted any impact on the recoverability of its assets and business operations.

The management continues to monitor the economic and political situation in Bangladesh and will assess any potential impact on STSHL & STSHCL's operations and financial position. As of now, STSHL & STSHCL does not foresee any material impact on its business operations or assets.

### 4.47 Assets classified as held for sale

During the previous year, in accordance with Share Purchase agreement (SPA) entered between the Parent Company and Condis India Healthcare Limited ("Condis") and the Selling Shareholders of Condis ("Sellers"), dated 10th September 2023, Condis agreed with the Parent Company to sell off the Investments held in KIMS Holding Co. BSC by the KHML. Accordingly, KHML is intending to sell investment held in KIMS Holding Co. BSC and hence has measured and presented such investments as "Assets Held for Sale".

KHML is in the process of identifying buyers and expects to complete the transactions by the end of next financial year FY 2025-26. The assets had been measured at lower of its carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell except for financial instrument which are measured at FVTOCI. The impact of fair value is immaterial hence the Management has not considered it in the books of accounts.

# 4.48 Other matters of KIMS Kottayam Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited (Formerly known as KIMS Bellerose Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited) (KKIMSPL)

During earlier years certain erstwhile shareholders ('petitioners') of KKIMSPL had filed petitions with National Company Law Tribunal, Chennai ("NCLT") under Section 241 and 242 of the Companies Act, 2013 against KKIMSPL, the KHML and the other directors of KKIMSPL (together referred to as 'Respondents'). These petitions alleged operation and mismanagement of the affairs of KKIMSPL and certain violations of terms of the Share Purchase Agreement by the respondents, NCLT had passed an order in September 2018 dismissing the petitions filed by the petitioners and subsequently during December 2018, National Company Law Appellate Tribunal ("NCLAT") also dismissed the appeal filed by the petitioners. Arbitration proceeding, as allowed by the said orders by the NCTL and NCTAL, had not been initiated by the parties. Thereafter petitioners had filed a Civil Appeal No. 869/2019 with Supreme Court on 21 December 2018, against the order of the NCLT and NCLAT. During the financial year ended 31 March 2024, the KKIMSPL has entered into Share Purchase Agreement dated 7 August 2023 to purchase all the shares of petitioners. Based on the settlement in the form of Share Purchase Agreement dated 7 August 2023, the Civil appeal had been dismissed by the Supreme Court vide order dated 8 February 2024.

Further the petitioners had made other complaints with similar allegations with the Police department, Registrar of Companies, Kerala and Serious Fraud Investigation Office ('SFIO') as well. The petitioners had also alleged other criminal misconducts in the Police Compliant for which a First Information Report ('FIR') was filed. Against the same, KKIMSPL had filed a petition in the High Court to quash the FIR.

- i) The Crime Branch of the police department ('CB') had already submitted its final report with Judicial First Class Magistrate Court III, Kottayam. The CB had concluded that, the claim of the petitioners regarding forgery of signatures and documents and other criminal misconduct were incorrect. The Honorable Judicial First Class Magistrate ('JFMC') has accepted the Refer Report filed by the CB on 07 September 2023 and dismissed the claims. Simultaneously Mr. Juby Devasia (earlier shareholder of KKIMSPL) filed a Protest Complaint on the same day which is pending before the Court.
- ii) The Assistant Director, Directorate of Enforcement, Cochin initiated proceedings including search and seizures at KKIMSPL under Section 3 of the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 ("PMLA") on the basis of the FIR as mentioned above. Pursuant to the proceedings, summons and Show Cause Notices (SCN) were issued. Thereafter a Writ Petition seeking to quash proceedings initiated by Directorate of Enforcement and SCNs issued was filed before the High Court of Kerala. The High Court of Kerala had quashed the proceeding initiated by Directorate of Enforcement by final order dated 6 December 2023.
- iii) During FY 2022-23, KKIMSPL had also received a preliminary finding letter based on the inspection of books and accounts and other records carried out by the Registrar of Companies ('ROC') highlighting non-compliances of certain provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). KKIMSPL had filed its detailed responses with the ROC and Management had evaluated the observations and provided for potential exposure, where considered necessary, based on such assessment. KKIMSPL had filled 8 application for compounding of offence under section 441 with respect to non-compliance of certain provisions of the Act, out of which, the Regional Director (Southern Region) has passed compounding order against 4 application vide order dated 15 July 2024 and the remaining applications are pending adjudication. In view of Management of KKIMSPL, any further impact with respect to remaining applications is not expected to be material to these financial statements and this does not have any adverse impact on the functioning of KKIMSPL.



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During earlier years KK!MPSL had received a notice from the panchayat office alleging encroachment of government land in which the canteen is situated, KKIMSPL has filed a writ petition with the High Court for which the court has passed interim direction to keep in abeyance the coercive proceedings against KKIMSPL. The Honorable court High Court vide its judgement dated 08 October 2024 had directed the Secretary, Aymanam Grama Panchayath to pass final orders after hearing KKIMSPL within 2 months from the receipt of the Judgement. Accordingly the Secretary, Aymanam Grama Panchayath heard KKIMSPL on 26 November 2024 wherein KKIMSPL requested for the lease of the land on the ground that the canteen run by the Hospital is a public utility. However the Secretary, Aymanam Grama Panchayath vide its order dated 07 December 2024 ordered for demolition of the patt of the canteen building abutting on the Government Purampoke land within 14 days. KKIMSPL made representation to the Minister for Revenue, Department of Revenue and Local Self Government Department, Government of Kerala against the demolition order and for leasing the land for continued conduct of canteen in the public interest. Accordingly, the Tribunal for Local Self Government Institutions stayed the order dated 07 December 2024 until further orders vide its order dated 03 January 2025.

In the previous year, KKIMSPL has filed writ petition requesting the High Court of Kerala to pass orders to affect the change in name of KKIMSPL and its representative in revenue records from "Bellerose Institute of Medical Science Private Limited" to "KIMS Bellerose Institute of Medical Science Private Limited" as per the revised certificate of incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies. The Hon'ble High Court after considering subsequent developments relating to dismissal of the Civil appeal before the Hon'ble SC and quashing of the ECIR registered by the Enforcement Directorate, by its order dated 04 June 2024 ordered the Tahsildar, Kottayam to hear KKIMSPL and pass necessary orders. After hearing KKIMSPL, the Tahsildar, Kottayam vide its order dated 24 July 2024 ordered to change the name of KKIMSPL from "Bellerose Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited" to "KIMS Bellerose Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited" in the Thandaper records at the Village Office, Aymanam Village. Accordingly, the name was changed in the Village records as "KIMS Bellerose Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited".

Additionally, KKIMSPL has also received notice to surrender the food safety license for operation of canteen due to certain discrepancies found in the application and consequently, an application for license from food safety department has been made through the contractor who manages the canteen. KKIMSPL has filed a writ petition with the High Court of Kerala to grant this license to the contractor. The court has passed interim order deferring the direction to surrender till next hearing. The final judgment is pending with the court.

### 4.49 Share based payments

During the year, the shareholders of the Parent Company approved the 'Quality Care India Limited Employee Stock Option Plan' (ESOP Plan). As per the ESOP Plan, the Parent Company has granted employee stock options to eligible employees of the Group subject to fulfillment of vesting conditions. The vesting conditions are service and/or performance based.

The expense recognised for employee services received during the year is shown in the following table:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Expense arising from equity-settled share based Payment transactions	160.92

Movements during the period

insvenients during the period	
Option exercisable at the beginning of the year	
Number of options granted during the year	10,741,060
Number of options forfeited / expired during the year	461,610
Number of options exercised during the year	
Number of options expired during the year	
Number of options exercisable at the end of the year	10,279,450
Share price for options exercised during the year	Not applicable
Remaining contractual life	4.3 to 4.4 Years

The Parent Company has estimated fair value of options with service conditions using Black Scholes Model and options with performance condition using Monte Carlo simulation. The following assumptions were used for calculation of fair value of options granted.

Assumption factor	For the year ended 31 March 2025
Dividend yield (%)	0%
Risk free interest rate (%)	6.6% to 7.2%
Expected life of share option (Years)	5 years
Expected volatility (%)	25.6% to 32.1%
Weighted average share price	164

Expected volatility of the underlying equity shares of the Parent Company during the expected life of the option is estimated using the historical volatility of the observed market returns of the comparable companies during the year equivalent to the expected life of the option from the grant date.







Quality Care India Limited
Notes to the consolidated financial statements
(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

4.50 Additional disclosure as required under paragraph 2 of 'General Instructions for the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements' of the Schedule III to the Act

			For the year	For the year ended and as at 31 March 2025	31 March 2025			
					ī			
	Net 3	Net assets	Share in profit or loss	it or loss	Share in other comprehensive income	other ve income	Share in total comprehensive income	n total
Name of the entity	As a % of consolidated	Amount in millions	As a % of consolidated profit	Amount in	As a % of	Amount in	As a % of	Amount in
	net assets		•		profit		profit	
Parent company								
Quality Care India Limited	%09 29	41,027.35	4.22%	(131:71)	-173.76%	630 15	18 09%	408 44
Subsidiaries							0//0-0-1	++ 0/+
Ganga Care Hospital Limited	1.02%	619,17	1.91%	59.44	-2.60%	9 44	2.50%	88 89
Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited	3.39%	2,060.43	20,60%	642.53	-10 93%	39 64	24.75%	682 17
Quality Care Jharsuguda Private Limited	%00 0	(10.0)	%00 0	•	%00'0	•	%000	10
Convenient Hospitals Limited	2.18%	1,322.66	%62.8	274.12	%00 0		6 95%	274.12
Heart Care Institute And Research Centre (Indore) Pvt Ltd	%89 0	411,45	0.37%	11.55	4.01%	14.53	0.95%	26.08
United Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	3.37%	2,047.67	0.24%	7.54	-23.97%	86 91	3.43%	94 45
United Ciigma Hospitals Healthcare Private Limited	0.34%	204.84	-1 09%	(34.04)	-5 32%	19.30	-0.53%	(14.74)
Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	0.03%	20.30	%80 0-	(2.35)	%00 0	. 11	%60 0-	(2.35)
Condis India Healthcare Private Limited	4.72%	2,862,38	-1 09%	(33.84)	%00 0		-1.23%	(33.84)
KIMS Health Care Management Limited	19 45%	11,804.70	64 55%	2.012.88	-11 96%	43.38	74.67%	7 056 26
Spiceretreat Hospitality Private Limited	0.56%	338,95	7.89%	90.17	0.01%	(0.03)	3.27%	90 14
KIMS Kottayam Institute of Medical Science Private Limited	0.47%	282.80	-0.72%	(22 44)	-0.02%	0 00	%180	(35 26)
(formerly known as KIMS Bellerose Institute of Medical Science			8				0/10/0	(05.22)
Private Limited )								
KIMS Kollam Multi Speciality Hospital India Private Limited	1.09%	662.25	1.59%	49.66	-0.04%	0.13	1.81%	49 79
KIMS Al Shifa Healthcare Private Limited	1 99%	1,210.55	4 63%	144.27	-0.35%	1.26	5.28%	145.53
KIMSHEALTH Executive Leisure Private Limited	0.32%	194.15	0.34%	10.62	%00'0	•	0.39%	10.62
KIMS Nagercoil Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	1.11%	77.179	-3.65%	(113.86)	%00'0	0.01	4.13%	(113.85)
Culinary Cure Foods Private Limited	9	*	(*)	*	3	×	•	1
Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited	*	(0.15)	%00 0	(•	%00 0	((*)	%00 0	1
STS Holdings Limited	10.58%	6,422.70	-27 01%	(842,36)	8.78%	(31.84)	-31.72%	(874 20)
STS Hospital Chittagong Limited	3.77%	2,289,99	-14.75%	(459.98)	-0.22%	0.79	-16.66%	(459 19)
Non-controlling interest	25.74%	15,620.79	30.54%	952.41	40.12%	(145.50)	29.26%	806 91
Total	148.41%	90,074.74	83.84%	2,614.61	-184.27%	668.23	119.13%	3.282.84
Consolidation adjustments	-48.41%	(29,380.31)	16.16%	503.81	284.27%	(1.030.86)	-19.13%	(507.05)
Consolidated net assets/ profit after tax	100.00%	60,694.43	100.00%	3,118.42	100.00%	(362.63)	100.00%	2.755.79



Notes to the consolidated financial statements  $(All\ amounts\ in\ \cite{R}\ millions,\ except\ share\ data\ and\ where\ otherwise\ stated)$ 

Additional disclosure as required under paragraph 2 of 'General Instructions for the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements' of the Schedule III to the Act (Continued)

					7.00			
Name of the satistic	Net	Net assets	Share in profit or loss	fit or loss	Share in other comprehensive income	other ive income	Share in total comprehensive income	n fotal ive income
Value of the chility	As a % of consolidated net assets	Amount in millions	As a % of consolidated profit	Amount in millions	As a % of consolidated	Amount in millions	As a % of consolidated	Amount in millions
Parent company Quality Care India Limited	7085 02	41 012 06	/000112	200100		3		
Subsidiories	0.000	41,015 00	%\$\$\$.11C-	(964,51)	%68 1-	(6 44)	-183.89%	(970.75)
Ganga Care Hospital Limited	%96 0	560.28	45 19%	85 14	70 1 2%	(85 0)	/00/ 71	22 10
Ramkrishna Care Medical Sciences Private Limited	2.44%	1,420.20	239.81%	451.83	-0.24%	(080)	85 44%	451.03
Galaxy Care Multispecialty Hospital Private Limited	%00 0		%00 0		%00 0		%000	
Quality Care Jharsuguda Private Limited	%00'0	(0.01)	%00 0		%000	3.5	%00 0	•
Convenient Hospitals Limited	1.81%	1,053.06	117.85%	222.04	-0.95%	(3.21)	41 45%	218.83
Heart Care Institute And Research Centre (Indore) Pvt Ltd	%69 0	399 89	8 23%	15.50	%00 0		2.94%	15.50
United Cigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	3,51%	2,039.94	56 48%	106.42	0.03%	0.11	20,18%	106.53
United Ciigma Hospitals Healthcare Private Limited	0.41%	238.87	-14.66%	(27.62)	0.01%	0.02	-5.23%	(27 60)
Ciigma Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	0.04%	22.65	5,22%	9.84	%00 0		1.86%	984
Condis India Healthcare Private Limited	4 98%	2,896,23	6 33%	17.57	%000	K	3,33%	17.57
KIMN Health Care Management Limited	16.75%	9,735,01	141.54%	266.67	0.04%	0.14	50.54%	266.81
Spicerefreat Hospitality Private Limited	0,43%	248.80	7.76%	14.63	0.01%	0.02	2.78%	14 65
KIMS Kottayanı İnstitute of Medical Science Private Limited	0.53%	305.18	%99°L-	(14 43)	-0.01%	(0.02)	-2.74%	(14 48)
(tormerly known as K.IMS Bellerose Institute of Medical Science Private Limited)								
KIMS Kollam Multi Speciality Hospital India Private Limited	0.95%	552.88	2.71%	5.10	%00.0	::*	%260	5 10
KIMS Al Shifa Healthcare Private Limited	0.93%	543.16	3.38%	6.36	0.03%	0.11	1.23%	6.47
KIMSHEALTH Executive Leisure Private Limited	0.32%	183.54	0.33%	0 62	0.00%		0.12%	0.62
KIMS Nagercoil Institute of Medical Sciences Private Limited	0.84%	488.65	-1.84%	(3.46)	%00 0	*	%99 O <del>-</del>	(3.46)
Chemistry Intermediary holdings Limited	%00 0	(0.14)	%00 0	3	%00'0	9	%000	,
STS Holdings Limited	10.50%	6,103.66	26.43%	49.79	-3 03%	(10.29)	7.48%	39.50
STS Hospital Chittagong Limited	4 45%	2,588.92	-20.80%	(39.19)	%100-	(0.03)	-7.43%	(39.22)
Non-controlling interest	26.11%	15.177 80	174 75%	329.24	41.00%	139.21	88.73%	468.45
Total	147.23%	85,571.63	282.22%	531.74	34.82%	118.21	123.12%	649.95
Consolidation adjustments	-47.23%	(27,450.41)	-182.22%	(343.33)	65.18%	221.29	-23.12%	(122.04)
Consolidated net assets/ profit after tax	100.00%	58,121.22	100.00%	188.41	100.00%	339.50	100.00%	577 91

The disclosure as above represents separate information for each of the consolidated entities before elimination of inter-company transactions. Based on the group structure, the management is of the view that the above disclosure is appropriate under the requirements of the Act. Joint Venture Net assets and Share of Profit or loss is immaterial hence not disclosed in the table above.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements

(All amounts in ₹ millions, except share data and where otherwise stated)

4.51 The analytical ratios have not been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as per the clarification in general instructions to the preparation of consolidated financial statements in paragraph 12.1 of the "Cuidance Note on Division II - IND AS Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013"

# 4.52 Note on Scheme of Arrangement of the Parent Company and Aster DM Healthcare Limited

The Board of Directors of the Parent Company, at its meeting held on 29 November 2024, considered and approved the Scheme of Amalgamation (Scheme) of the Parent Company with and into Aster DM Healthcare Limited in accordance with the provisions of Sections 230 to 232 and other applicable provisions of the Act. The Scheme has been approved by the Competition Commission of India vide its letter dated 15 April 2025. The above Scheme is subject to the receipt of requisite approvals from other statutory and regulatory authorities, including the National Company Law Tribunal, the stock exchanges, and the shareholders of the Parent Company, Upon the Scheme becoming effective, the Parent Company shall stand dissolved without being wound up.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm registration number: 012754N/N500016

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of CIN: U85110TG1992PLC014728 Quality Care India Limited

arent Shadilal Khanna

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Managing Director DIN: 03584124 Place: Hyderabad

Ayshwarya Ravi Vikram Director DIN: 08153649 Place: Mumbai

Gayathri Chandramoulieswaran

Company Secretary Membership No.: 41863 Place: Hyderabad

Chief Financial Officer

PAN: AAVPM0561F Vishal Maheshwari

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025

Date: 05 August 2025

Srikanth Pola

Membership No: 220916

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 05 August 2025





W W W . C A R E H O S P I T A L S . C O M